Victoria Daily Times.

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Crooked Spex

Crooked Spex

Made Straight

When glasses set in such a manner that each eye does not look straight through the centre of each lens, they have a very injurious effect on the muscles of the eye, consequently great care should be exercised to have your spectacles always setting true. Our Optician will be pleased to true yours.

FREE

Crooked Spex | Challoner & Mitchell, 47 Government St. | Crooked Spex

QUALITY IS OUR TALISMAN

You must remember this always in gauging values. Good value means more than low prices. You get both when trading with us.

CROSS & BLACKWELL'S NEW SEASON'S JAM, in 7 lb. tins $1 00
STRAWBERRY 1 00
RASPBERRY 1 00
PLUM 1 00
MARMALADE 1 00
FRESH FINNAN HADDIES. MORGAN'S EASTERN OYSTERS.

Dixi H. Ross & Co.
CASH GROCERS.

Macintoshes and Umbrellas
A full line. Lowest Prices
J. PIERCY & CO.,
Wholesale Dry Goods. Victoria, B. C.

Painting | Paperhanging
(Interior or Exterior). and interior decorating of any description.
Only first-class workmen employed.
J. W. MELLOR, 76-78 Fort Street.
ESTIMATES FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.

Builders' Hardware
Paints, Oils, Varnish, Wedges, Sledges, Pipe Fittings, Axes, Mechanics' Tools.
A complete line always in stock. Quotations furnished on application.
Nicholles & Renouf, Ltd., Cor. Yates and Broad Sts.

GET YOUR
CARTRIDGES
—AT—
John Barnsley & Co.,
115 GOVERNMENT STREET.
KODAKS AND FILMS

DECORATIONS.
Tissue Paper
Is the best decorator, withstands the rain, and easiest to put up.
Flags of All Kinds
HASTIE'S FAIR
77 GOVERNMENT STREET.

—Weiler Bros. cordially invite all visitors to inspect their magnificent showrooms on Government street. One of the city's sights.

THE BUSY MAN OF TO-DAY
Couldn't accomplish half the work without the aid of the many labor-saving electric appliances. If you want your house, store or building wired for electric lighting, burglar alarm, call bells, telephones or any electrical device, we will do it in the most scientific manner at a reasonable price.
THE HINTON ELECTRIC CO., LD.,
62 GOVERNMENT STREET.

The Wise Ones ARE PICKING UP THE **Bargains We Are Offering**

A nice 6 roomed cottage, with orchard, on terms, for $1,300.

An A1 2 story house, 9 rooms, bath, hot and cold water, close to car line, very cheap, only $2,700.

1½ lots, with good cottage, fine location and central.

If you want to be in it, call and select one of our water front lots close to the "Strathcona," Shawnigan Lake; terms easy.

MONEY TO LOAN. FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE.

P. C. MACGREGOR & CO., Agents, 2 View Street.

Direct From
HAVANA
Per S. S. "Mexico,"
Another shipment (eleven cases) of the
FINEST
CIGARS
Ever imported. Quotations given. In bond or duty paid.

Hudson's Bay Co.,
WHARF ST.

SPECIAL REAL ESTATE BARGAINS

New 5 roomed cottage in East End, cheap at $1,400
Cottage of 5 rooms, in first-class condition, for sale by mortgagee, a good bargain at 1,100
Two story house on car line, only... 650
Cottage, 5 rooms and stable, with two lots, centrally located 2,200
Cottage, 5 rooms, in excellent condition, on easy terms 1,500
Acreage fronting on Shawnigan Lake, near hotel ..... Cheap
3 acres, with cottage and outhouses, close to city ..... At a Bargain
We Offer Numerous Other Bargains.
Money to loan at low rates of interest. Agents Phoenix, of Hartford, Fire. Enquire of—
F. G. RICHARDS, 19 Broad Street

LEE & FRASER,
Real Estate and Insurance Agents

Farm For Sale

230 acres on Salt Spring Island, good sea frontage, about 25 acres cleared, good spring, orchard of 250 trees; if sold within one week buyer can also have 1 horse, 1 cow, 1 sow, and 10 sheep. Price $2,000.

Cheap Buy

Here is the chance of a life time to secure at a reasonable figure 2 acres of land on Linwood Ave., near Tolmie Ave., on which is erected a beautiful new 1½ story house; one acre is cleared, and the whole property is enclosed with a substantial fence. Price $2,250, or owner will exchange for Vancouver property.

FIRE, LIFE & ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

9 and 11 Trounce Ave., Victoria, B. C.

NEW HAY
Not from the Wabash, but something that you never had before. Sweet as a nut.
Sylvester Feed Co., Ld.,
CITY MARKET.

PEJE STORCK
Piano Virtuoso
(Late of Brussels, Belgium.)
Concert engagements and a limited number of private pupils accepted. Will also form Conservatoire Classes (French style). Apply Hotel Victoria, 51 Fort street, between 2 and 3 p. m.

FIRST PRIZE
Cactus Dahlias
And a **Fine Stock of Roses** on their own roots, at
Victoria Nursery
244 YATES STREET.
G. E. WILKERSON.

MONTHLY MEETING AT THE ORPHANAGE HOME

Interesting Proceedings at Yesterday's Session of Ladies' Committee—New Matron Appointed.

The regular monthly meeting of the ladies' committee of the Protestant Orphanage was held yesterday afternoon at the home, Hillside avenue. There were present Mrs. W. F. McCuilock, in the chair, and Mesdames Munsie, Shakespeare, Baker, Berridge, Waring, Denny, McTavish, Oates, Andrews, Adams, Higgins, Hutcheson Carter, Muggridge, Milne, Wilson, Miss Perrin and the honorary secretary, Mrs. A. S. Going. After the disposal of routine business and the examination of the bills for the month, amounting to $151.30, the visitors' report, dealing fully with the details of management and suggesting that a copy of the minutes of each meeting be furnished the matron, and also a machine for cutting bread be purchased, was received and adopted. An application for the admission of an infant child was received and referred to the reception committee.

The offer of two young ladies to provide and maintain two children in suitable clothing was accepted with thanks.

Mrs. James Hutcheson was elected vice-president to fill the vacancy caused by the lamented death of Mrs. Chas. Hayward.

Mrs. W. H. Mason was then duly elected matron, vice Mrs. McGregor resigned, a cordial vote of thanks, with the best wishes of the ladies being tendered to the retiring matron. Mrs. Muggridge and Mrs. Adams were appointed visitors for October.

Votes of thanks were accorded to H. D. Helmcken, M. P. P., for soliciting donations of vegetables, fruit, etc., at the exhibition; to Messrs. Potter and Davidge for the very substantial result of the raffle for Jimmie, the pig; to the officers and members of Service lodge, No. 24, A. F. and A. M., for cash $16.50, and to sundry exhibitors at the agricultural exhibition (names published) for large quantities of vegetables, fruit, flour, oats, wheat etc.

The matron reported that all the inmates were in good health, and in answer to enquiries, stated that the bill of fare for the children was: Breakfast, slice of spread bread and all the porridge they want; dinner, thick soup or meat and potatoes (or rice), slice spread bread and all the bread wanted, and for supper, two slices spread bread, then either buns, crackers, puddings or cakes and all the bread wanted and tea.

The following donations for September were thankfully acknowledged:

Mr. Johnson, keg of salt salmon; St. Luke's church, Cedar Hill, vegetables and fruit; F. J. Bittencourt fruit cakes; Mrs. Plewin, stockings; Mrs. G. Leiser, two dozen new hats; Mrs. G. A. McTavish, sack of cabbages; Mrs. G. Murr, very large loaf of bread; A. Jack, dripping and apples; Mrs. Frank Barnard, box of raisins; Mrs. E. H. Jackson, clothing, vegetables, fruit and jam; A. Pimbury, Corfield, box of pears; Mrs. J. H. Todd, clothing and hats; A Friend, box of new trimmed hats; Colfax Rebecca lodge, fruit, cakes, meat, bread and butter; Islands' Agricultural and Fruit Growers' Association, Salt Spring island, 6 boxes of apples; A Friend, sack of cabbages; A Friend, cash, 50c.; A Friend, cash, 50c.; W. C. Duncan, E. Musgrave, W. Kingston and other friends from Cowichan, 7 sacks potatoes, 1 sack onions, 4 sacks carrots, 3 sacks turnips, 2 sacks and 1 box mixed vegetables, 3 boxes, 1 barrel and 2 sacks of apples; Alfred Taylor, 1 box pears; A. Tate, milk daily, Times and Colonist daily papers and Times Royal Souvenir number; Management of Kirmess, admission to Kirmess and treats and fruit; Mrs. Broderick, 24 bags of candy; A Friend, $1; A Friend, $1; A Friend, 50c.; A Friend towards "bed fund," $5; officers and members United Service lodge, A. F. and A. M., Work Point barracks, $16.50.

A little girl named Catherine Mocock, residing at the Woodlands, Hall End, Chingford, Eng., has come by her death in a singular manner. She and some companions were playing on the banks of the river Lea whe a greyhound came along. They stroked and patted the dog, and then it playfully jumped up, in so doing it knocked the girl backwards into the water and she was drowned.

There are two islands in New Zealand set apart for the preservation of its remarkable wild birds and other animals. All hunting and trapping is forbidden thereon.

About twenty-two thousand vehicles pass over London Bridge every day.

THE ROYAL PARTY ON THE WAY EAST

DUKE AND DUCHESS PAY VISIT TO RANCH

His Royal Highness Rejoined Train at Poplar Point and Journey Was Resumed This Afternoon.

(Associated Press.)

Poplar Point, Man., Oct. 8.—The Duchess of Cornwall arrived here at 11 o'clock this morning. The Duke had not yet come in from the Kirchhoffer place, but arrived later, and there was an affectionate greeting when the Royal couple met.

Afterward the entire party were driven to the Bond ranch, where they were shown the workings of a modern steam threshing outfit. Both the Duke and Duchess manifested great interest in the work of the thresher, and enjoyed the drive through the wheat fields. The Duke thoroughly enjoyed his hunting trip, and thanked his host in cordial terms.

The journey eastward was resumed in mid-afternoon. A brief stop will be made at Winnipeg, where Sir Wilfrid Laurier is to rejoin the first section of the Royal train.

WILL REMOVE BARIERS.

Should Roosevelt Carry Out McKinley's Policy Canada Will Be Benefited.

(Associated Press.)

London, Oct. 8.—At the meeting today of the stockholders of the Grand Trunk railroad, the report of the president, Sir Charles Rivers Wilson, was unanimously adopted. The reports referred to the tragedy at Buffalo and said that if President Roosevelt succeeded in carrying out the policy of reciprocity indicated in President McKinley's last speech, it would remove some of the most serious barriers to the prosperity of Canada and the Grand Trunk railway.

ly, $300 having been appropriated for

FARMER KILLED.

It Is Believed He Was Given Knock-Out Drops and Laid on Track.

(Associated Press.)

Milwaukee, Wis., Oct. 8.—John Connelly, who recently sold his farm near this city for $12,000, drew his money from the bank on Saturday. Last night his body was struck by a street car. It is believed he had been give knock-out drops and laid on the track to make it appear that he had been killed by the car.

TWO NEGROES HANGED.

Were Convicted of Murdering and Robbing Professor White.

(Associated Press.)

Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 8.—Henry Ivory and Charles Perry, negroes, were hanged to-day for the murder of Prof. White. The drop fell at 10.12. They had been convicted of the murder and robbery of Roy Wilson White, a professor of law in the University of Pennsylvania.

DON CARLOS FAVORS PEACE.

Carlist Leader Does Not Credit Reports of Rising Being Imminent.

(Associated Press.)

Paris, Oct. 8.—Baron Saingaren, a Carlist leader now in this city, discredits the report of the imminence of a Carlist uprising. He says Don Carlos at present favors peace.

NATURALIZATION PAPERS.

(Associated Press.)

New York, Oct. 8.—Robert Fitzsimmons, the pugilist, has made application in Brooklyn for his final naturalization papers. The former champion of the ring was born in Australia. He took out his first citizenship papers three years ago in New Orleans.

DEFEATED BY ONE VOTE.

(Associated Press.)

San Francisco, Oct. 8.—A correction of the vote by which the Episcopal house of deputies yesterday adopted the Huntington amendment to article 10 of the new constitution, providing for a modified form of worship, resulted in its defeat by one vote.

FELL OVER A PRECIPICE.

(Associated Press.)

Vienna, Oct. 8.—A strange fatality is reported from Gratz, Syria. Yesterday while Herr Hitthaler, a member of the Vienna Academy of Arts, was ascending the Hitthalerweg, named after himself, he fell over a precipice and was instantly killed.

ANOTHER CUT IN PRICES.

Latest Move by American Sugar Refining Company Against Beet Sugar Industry.

(Associated Press.)

San Francisco, Oct. 8.—Another aggressive move has been made by the American Sugar Refining Co. in the campaign it has begun against the beet sugar industry. The cut in the price of granulated sugar to all Missouri river points, which was announced last week, has been followed by a reduction in the price of cane sugar in all states from Colorado to California. The reduction, as announced by the Western Sugar Refining Company, amounts to 30 cents a hundred on beet sugar and 20 cents a hundred on cane sugar.

Robert Oxnard, vice-president of the American Beet Sugar Association, in speaking about the latest reduction, said: "It is a fact that the Western Sugar Refining Company has made a decline of 20 cents per hundred on their cane sugars and 30 cents on their beet sugars. This makes the difference in their price between cane granulated and beet granulated 20 points instead of 10 points, as heretofore. The cut affects all markets from California to Colorado inclusive. I know of no change in the general sugar situation to account for it. Further than this, I do not care to discuss the matter at present."

In order to discriminate further against beet sugar the Western Sugar Refining Company announces that it will entertain no orders for granulated sugar which call for over 50 per cent. of beet sugar. The reduction in prices has also affected Hongkong sugar, of which there is a small supply in this market.

THE GRAVE CHARGES AGAINST EX-GOVERNOR

How Dr. Krause Is Alleged to Have Broken Faith With Roberts at Johannesburg.

(Associated Press.)

London, Oct. 8.—Dr. Krause, the former governor of Johannesburg, who was arrested on September 2nd, on the charge of high treason, was arraigned in the extradition court at Bow street today charged with high treason and incitement to murder. The former charge is connected with the surrender of Johannesburg when, according to the public prosecutor, Dr. Krause obtained from Lord Roberts twenty-four hours' armistice on the plea that street fighting would thereby be obviated, and utilized the period in getting all the Boer fighters out of town, and sending £18,000 to Pretoria. After Dr. Krause had been paroled he went to Europe and applied to Dr. Leyds, the agent of the Transvaal, for money on account of these services.

The prosecution introduced evidence to show that Dr. Krause had been in communication with Dr. Cornelius Boeckmann the public prosecutor of Johnnesburg, who was executed on September 30th last for treason, and had urged the necessity for shooting or otherwise disposing of Douglas Foster, an English lawyer attached to Lord Roberts's staff, who was very active against the Boers.

The prosecution introduced letters in which Dr. Krause described Lord Milner, the British high commissioner of South Africa, as "An arch scoundrel, an enemy of Boer national existence and a willing tool of the Jingoes." He advised the burghers to break their oaths and shoot traitors. The letters indicated that Dr. Krause had acted as a channel of communication between the Transvaal and the Boer government in Holland.

The prisoner was remanded.

BACK FROM THE EAST.

Ralph Smith, M.P., Has No Information Regarding Cabinet Appointment.

(Special to the Times.)

Nanaimo, Oct. 8.—Ralph Smith, M.P., has returned from the East. Regarding the report of entering the Dominion cabinet, he has no intimation other than the reports in the press. He rejoices in J. C. Brown's defeat at New Westminster, and would gladly have assisted Smith Curtis in the fight. He is still bitterly opposed to the condition of affairs in the provincial cabinet.

CARNEGIE'S OFFER.

Waterford, Ireland, May Have £5,000 for Library.

(Associated Press.)

London, Oct. 8.—Andrew Carnegie has offered the city of Waterford, Ireland, £5,000 with which to build a free library.

MOTORMAN KILLED.

Employee of Tacoma Railway Thrown From Car and Fatally Crushed.

Tacoma, Oct. 7.—R. S. Dickinson, a motorman employed by the Tacoma Railway & Power Company, was killed almost instantly shortly after midnight on Saturday through his car jumping the track and running into the sidewalk. Dickinson, who was but 23 years old and unmarried, was thrown from the front end at the instant the car struck the sidewalk, and as the car forged ahead the rear trucks ran him down, grinding and mangling him in a terrible manner. He died within a minute after the accident. The accident took place at a siding on the Point Defiance car line, and there is a probability that the switch was left open. Coroner Brown is making an investigation to-day.

The highest salary paid to Governors is $10,000 by New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania. Oregon and Vermont pay only $1,500.

SEVERAL BUILDINGS WERE DESTROYED

THREATENING FIRE AT STEVESTON TO-DAY

Supposed to Be the Work of Incendiary —Damage Estimated at Five Thousand Dollars

(Special to the Times.)

Vancouver, Oct. 8.—Steveston had a narrow escape from destruction by fire early this morning. As it was, four stores were burned, one man supposed to have been killed and damage to a total of $5,000 occurred. The fire started in the rear of W. H. Brooking's store just before daylight. It spread to two barber shops and a meat market, and scorched other buildings. A bucket brigade was hastily formed, and the fire was confined to these buildings. The fire brigades of Westminster and Vancouver were sent for, but the fire was under control when they arrived. A man named Forlong is missing, and is supposed to have been burned to death. The fire is supposed to be of incendiary origin, as a man was seen skulking in the neighborhood a short time before. He disappeared and could not later be found.

Steamer Princess Louise arrived this morning from northern B. C. ports. She brought news that the water on the Skeena river has recently fallen so rapidly that the steamer Hazelton is up the river at Hazelton and unable to get down.

Most of the Charleson telegraph construction party are now on the way down, and will have to descend the river in canoes if the steamer Monte Cristo does not go up.

No Lives Lost.

Vancouver, Oct. 8.—Brooking and Furlong, who were missing this morning, have both been found. Last Friday an attempt was made to burn down Brooking's store, excelsior and shavings being found under it. On Friday night it was robbed.

TO RESCUE MISS STONE.

Efforts Are Being Made to Secure the Co-Operation of the Bulgarian Government.

(Associated Press.)

Washington, Oct. 8.—Not since the successful attempts to save the life of John Hays Hammond, the American engineer implicated in the Jamieson raid, has the state department put forth such energetic efforts to save a human life as it is now exerting in behalf of Miss Stone, the American missionary, who was captured by Bulgarian bandits. A sum of money has been cabled to Spencer Eddy, the United States secretary of legation at Constantinople, who has shown remarkable energy and ability in unearthing the ramifications of the plot which resulted in the kidnapping of Miss Stone. There is doubt that the Turkish government has done all that it could be expected to do to run down the bandits, and what is now to be done is to secure similar action on the part of the Bulgarian government, and to that end influences more potent with the Slav races than that of the United States government are now at work. Should these measures fail, then the ransom money must be paid and that is why Mr. Eddy has been placed in possession of this powerful auxiliary.

The state department officials deprecate most earnestly newspaper discussions of the measures it is taking in Miss Stone's behalf, saying that it is being greatly embarrassed in its efforts by such publications. The officials have not been informed of the reported extension to one month of the time allowed for the ransom of Miss Stone.

Negotiations With Brigands.

Constantinople, Oct. 8.—Mr. Haskel, the American missionary at Samokoff, Bulgaria, is opening negotiations with the brigands with a view of reducing the amount of the ransom demanded for the release of Miss Stone.

Will Settle With Turkey.

Paris, Oct. 8.—A letter received by the Havas agency from Salonica, dated October 4th, says:

"The American consul here has just received orders to make the arrangements with the Vali (governor) for the payment of the ransom of Miss Stone. The United States will advance the money, afterwards settling with Turkey."

FATAL EXPLOSION.

Lima, Peru, via Galveston, Tex., Oct. 7.—An explosion in the magazine of the German steamship Tolmes, from Hamburg, in latitude 43 degrees west, killed the third officer and the head steward. The Tolmes has proceeded to San Francisco.

Some physicians, in making examinations for life insurance companies, think that they have discovered a marked tendency to heart trouble and premature degeneration of the arteries in men and boys who run elevators and in others that make many trips a day. They do not know yet to what to ascribe it. Perhaps it may be due to changes in atmospheric pressure in passing from basement to roof and down again, or to the sudden starts and stops and the rapid descent. On the other hand, it may be the result of causes that they have not yet been able to discover.

TO HOTELKEEPERS. FOR SALE As Going Concerns

One of the best known hotels in Victoria, fully equipped, with long established connection; also a saloon business, in the heart of the town.

B. C. Land and Investment Agency, Ld.,
40 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Campbell's Prescription Store

We keep the largest stock of Drugs and Toilet Articles in the province.

Prescriptions promptly and carefully executed.

FATALLY CRUSHED WHILE THRESHING

YOUNG FARMER'S SAD DEATH NEAR NEEPAWA

Gold Coin Missing From Toronto Customs Vault—Colonel Strathy Died at Montreal Yesterday.

Montreal, Oct. 7.—Col. J. A. Strathy, well known in military circles, died this morning. He was formerly in command of the Fifth Royal Scots.

Clarke Wallace.

Woodbridge, Ont., Oct. 7.—Clarke Wallace's condition is not quite so favorable, salts being administered in an effort to change condition of blood.

Crushed in Thresher.

Winnipeg, Oct. 7.—While threshing on Wm. Scott's farm near Neepawa today, a young man named Peter Younter slipped into a cylinder of the machine and was fatally mangled. His brother-in-law met with a similar accident two weeks ago.

Health Inspector Dead.

London, Ont., Oct. 7.—Wm. Bell, license and health inspector, died last night aged 74. He came to Canada from England in 1854, and was for many years the leading man in London in athletics.

Not a Success.

Toronto, Oct. 7.—Speculators who bought up the best seats for the military review at the time of the Duke's visit were endeavoring to sell them to-day at $5 each, but with scant success.

A Compromise.

The Master in Ordinary awarded Mrs. Barclay Stephens, of Montreal, $5,850 in her suit against the Covenant Mutual Life Company to recover a ten thousand dollar policy. The company refused to pay, alleging Stephens's death, which followed the failure of the Western Loan Company, of which he was manager, was not a natural one. The master made a personal investigation and awarded the above sum as a compromise.

Cannot Be Found.

P. W. Ellis & Co., wholesale jewellers, had shipped from the Philadelphia mint lately $500 in $10 gold pieces and had another bag of silver coin, which reached the city. The Dominion Express Company, which brought it here, received an acknowledgment of the customs of its arrival, when it was supposed to be put into the customs vault. When the Ellis firm went for it, it was not to be found, and has yet not been discovered. An investigation is of course being made.

MORE TROUBLE FEARED.

Feud in Tennessee Results in Four Deaths.

Knoxville, Tenn., Oct. 7.—A bloody fight occurred at the Union Baptist church at Big Springs, Tennessee, ten miles from Tazewell, about noon yesterday. Services were being held at the church, and six hundred people had gathered. Just before the services began "Tip" Chadwell went to the Springs 50 yards from the church. "Rush" Morgan was at the Springs and began firing at Chadwell. Both factions immediately gathered, and the fight lasted half an hour.

"Tip" Chadwell, "Rush" Morgan and two others were killed, and two mortally wounded, while three were slightly wounded. The sheriff attempted to arrest one of the Chadwells, who resisted.

The feud between Morgans and Chadwells has existed a long time. They met last Christmas at Walnut Hills, Va., and a pitched battle ensued in which several were killed. Eighteen months ago they met near Hancock line. Fighting followed and one was killed. Both the Chadwells and Morgans are prosperous and influential and have large families. More trouble is feared.

MANY PERSONS KILLED

In Fight Between Students and Orthodox Church People in Russia.

London, Oct. 8.—"In Pavlouka, a town of 4,000 inhabitants, 120 miles from Kharkoff," says a dispatch to the Standard from Moscow, "a quarrel between students and orthodox church people led to a free fight. The Russian church was wrecked, and 80 people were killed. The police were powerless, and troops were sent from Kharkoff to restore order. The Russian priests escaped with the more valuable sacred images and altar vessels."

M'KINLEY'S ASSASSIN.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 7.—State Superintendent of Prisons Collins has given orders that Czolgosz, the murderer of President McKinley, must be the subject of no notoriety while in prison awaiting electrocution. He must not be seen and visitors must not be permitted to enter any part of the prison where knowledge might be gained of his location. The warden has been instructed to inform the guards and other employees of the prison that the divulging of any information concerning him or his doings shall be considered a grave breach of discipline and will be dealt with accordingly.

FOR MISSIONARY'S RELEASE.

Over Forty Thousand Dollars Raised Towards Paying Miss Stone's Ransom.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 7.—Nearly half the money needed to ransom Miss Stone, the missionary, from Bulgarian bandits, has been placed in the hands of Messrs. Kidder, Peabody & Company. The exact figures to-night were $45,543.40 cash and $7,500 in pledges. Of this $35,000 was sent to the state department to be forwarded to its consular agents at the place where it can be used most effectively.

Will Pay.

London, Oct. 7.—The Daily Telegraph publishes the following dispatch from Vienna: "Mr. Dickinson and the directors of the American mission had a long audience with Prince Ferdinand at Sofia. There is no doubt that Miss Stone was abducted under orders from the Macedonian committee."

It is reported from Sofia, says a dispatch from Vienna to the Daily Express, that United States Consul Dickinson and an envoy of the missionary society arrived there on Saturday intending to follow up Miss Stone and to deposit a portion of the ransom. The brigands have extended the time for payment one month.

Should Take Action.

Rochester, Oct. 7.—Prof. Graham Taylor, of Chicago Theological Seminary, who is visiting his brother here, said concerning the appeal which the American Board of Missions has sent out for funds with which to ransom Miss Stone from the Bulgarian bandits: "Of course it is a terrible precendent to set, because if the money is raised and paid over to the bandits, it will simply put a premium on such crimes in the future until a swift reprisal is made. If the United States government does not follow this outrage up immediately with the most strenuous efforts to punish the bandits and make the matter an international affair, I should say the raising of this ransom is a very hazardous thing to do; but we have got to be human in such a matter."

NO CONFIRMATION.

Nothing Further Yet Received Regarding Reported Death of the Ameer.

London, Oct. 7.—No confirmation has been received at the foreign office of the death of the Ameer of Afghanistan, but the accuracy of the report is not doubted. At Simla it is believed that Habib Oullah Khan, who was regarded by his father as his successor, and has had a large share in the government of the country, will assume the succession peaceably. He is at Cabul. For some years under his father's controlling hand he has had charge of the army and state treasury and the Supreme court of appeals.

A dispatch to the Associated Press from Simla says the Ameer was taken seriously ill September 20th. Habib Oullah Khan on October 2nd asked in a durbar that prayers be offered for the Ameer. In the morning of October 3rd Habib Oullah Khan announced that his father had expired at 3 o'clock that morning. That is the only news so far received. Nothing is known of the state of affairs at Cabul.

SUSPECTED OF MURDERS.

List of Widow's Alleged Victims Includes Four Husbands and Five Children.

Dayton, Ohio, Oct. 7.—Mrs. A. J. Witwer, a widow, residing in this city, has been arrested by the police at the instigation of the coroner, and is held a prisoner at Central Station pending an investigation on very serious charges.

Mrs. Witwer, the police say, is suspected of fourteen murders, the list including four husbands, five children, one sister, and four members of different families in which she was employed as housekeeper.

THE CANAL TREATY.

London, Oct. 7.—The Washington correspondent of the Daily Chronicle gives the alleged substance of a provisional canal treaty abrogating the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. Commenting editorially upon these advices, the Daily Chronicle says:

"Englishmen will be startled to learn that we have abandoned our rights under the Clayton-Bulwer treaty and surrendered every disputed point without any compensation. The new treaty is apparently another instance of Lord Salisbury's placid indifference and Lord Lansdowne's impulsive generosity.

"It is said that the President of the United States will recommend its adoption by the senate. Doubtless Great Britain will agree to it. Although it gives us nothing at all, it will have the advantage of getting rid of all outstanding grievances with the United States."

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The final figures as to the exports from all Germany to the United States during the third quarter of the year show a total of $54,777,507, or an increase of $858,992.

Lieutenant Scarth, late of the Mounted Police, a son of the Deputy Minister of Agriculture, has been given a commission in the South African Constabulary.

Fire at Marionette, Wis., yesterday destroyed the North Star daily newspaper office and the armory of company one, Second Regiment, W. N. G.

FISHERMEN DROWNED.

Lisbon, Oct. 7.—Nineteen persons lost their lives to-day owing to the foundering of a fishing boat on the Bay of Peniche, on the south side of the Peninsula of Peniche.

3 Snaps For 3 Days

Best Hung. Flour, $1.20 sack
Best Snowflake, $1.00 sack
Cooking Apples . . . 90c. box

HARDRESS CLARKE, 86 Douglas St.

GOOD DAY'S SHOOTING.

The Duke and Party Thoroughly Enjoyed Sport at Lake Manitoba.

Winnipeg, Man., Oct. 7.—York Lodge, Lake Manitoba, via Poplar Point, Oct. 7.—Yesterday and to-day were probably the most informal spent by His Royal Highness the Duke of Cornwall and party since they began their tour through Canada. The arrangements made by Senator Kirchhoffer for the entertainment of his guests were perfect in every detail.

At a very early hour this morning the camp was astir and the canoes carrying the distinguished sportsmen were under way to the haunts of the wild duck. There were in all seven canoes, and each chose a different route, a capable guide, or veteran duck hunter taking charge of each boat. The well known hunter and trapper, John Atkinson, handled the paddle of the canoe carrying the Duke. The morning was an ideal one for duck shooting, the sky being slightly clouded and a light breeze blowing and the party took every advantage of the morning flight.

For five hours the sound of the guns could be heard from every part of the big marsh, and shortly after 10 o'clock the canoes arrived at the lodge. The first to land was the Duke, and although there were no cheering crowds to greet his arrival, this did not appear to depress his spirits, for the excellent morning's sport and splendid luck had thoroughly delighted him.

Lord Minto, Sir Charles Cust, Prince Alexander of Teck, Major Maude and Senator Kirchhoffer arrived in quick succession, and the duck laden canoes were landed.

As a result of the morning's sport nearly 200 ducks, including all varieties known to Manitoba hunters, were brought in, and in addition to this number numerous birds were shot, but could not be secured because of the impassable marshes. His Royal Highness proved himself an excellent shot, bagging 52 birds, and of the adventurous ducks coming within range of his unerring aim, few indeed escaped. He expressed great pleasure, and was enthusiastic over the outing.

Early this afternoon the party started out again to remain until sundown. The guests are thoroughly delighted with the sport here, and will embark for civilization to-morrow with feelings of regret. Lord Crichton and Commander Godfrey Fawcett are the guests of Messrs. Galt, of Winnipeg, at their shooting lodge, three miles east.

To-morrow morning the guests will again go after the ducks, and immediately after luncheon on their return the party will leave for the train. It is the intention to afford them an opportunity to witness a threshing scene near Poplar Point to-morrow before the departure of the train.

The Visit to Kingston.

Kingston, Ont., Oct. 7.—The Duke of Cornwall has consented to lay the corner stone of the new building of Queen's university. The university will confer a degree upon him.

TERRIFIC STORMS.

Many Wrecks Reported — Harbors Crowded With Vessels Seeking Shelter.

Paris, Oct. 7.—Violent storms are raging along the French coast, particularly Britanny. Many wrecks are reported in the channel. The harbor of Dunkirk and many northern harbors are crowded with vessels that have sought refuge.

The storm extends even to the Mediterranean. Much damage has been done by wind and rain at Belfort and at other places inland. Telegraphic and telephonic communication is interrupted. There has also been a sudden fall in temperature and the first snow of the season is reported from Remiremont, Pontarlier and the Vosges mountains.

Houses Damaged.

Berlin, Oct. 7.—Reports from various parts of Germany tell of violent storms yesterday and to-day. Frankfort had a terrific hurricane last night, hundreds of trees being destroyed and much damage being done to houses and telegraph wires. Twenty-one persons were more or less injured.

FOR THE ORPHANAGE.

Donations From Victoria Exhibitors—A Profitable Raffle.

The following exhibitors at the Victoria fair have donated their exhibits to the B. C. Protestant Orphanage: Messrs. R. P. Rithet & Co., Ltd., eight sacks flour; Messrs. Brackman-Ker Co., one sack rolled oats, sack rolled wheat; W. G. Henly, collection of vegetables; Deans Brothers, potatoes, one sack wheat; L. A. Agassiz, pumpkins, cabbages, carrots, potatoes and watermelon; Captain John Irving, carrots; Geo. J. Bagshaw, vegetables; M. Noble, vegetables; A. G. Tait, collection of vegetables; R. O. McRae, bread; Henry Varney, Quatsino, collection of vegetables; Messrs. Okell & Morris Co., Ltd., case preserves; Mrs. J. A. Vantassen, potatoes; Saanich Agricultural Society, vegetables; B. G. Stoddard, apples; Wm. Scowcroft, apples; Thos. G. Earl, Lytton, apples; Wm. Arthur, turnips; Samuel Fairclough, vegetables; Mrs. McMicking, vegetables; R. M. Palmer, apples; Messrs. M. R. Smith & Co., box biscuits; Blue Ribbon Tea Company, package tea; Mr. W. C. Grant, Gordon Head, vegetables; W. J. Pendray, soap; Claus Sebastian McTavish, onions and parsnips; Mr. Holmes, Gordon Head, vegetables; H. W. Bullock, Salt Spring Island, vegetables; T. G. Cornfield, Cowichan, vegetables.

The Orphanage are also indebted to Thomas Potter, the raffle of whose monster pig at the show netted the Orphanage over $20.

SINISTER MOTIVES ASCRIBED TO ITO

MARQUIS SAID TO BE AVOIDING AN ISSUE

Japanese Papers In Mourning Over the Death of President McKinley—A Strange Incident.

Many of the big Oriental exchanges received here yesterday on the steamer Duke of Fife were in mourning out of sympathy for th American people over the death of President McKinley.

Japanese advices state that at a meeting attended by Barons Suyematsu, Kaneko, and Messrs. Matsuda, Hara, Haseba, Ebara, Oka, Tsuzuki, etc., Marquis Ito explained his views with regard to the method of superintending the Seiyu-kwai during his foreign tour, but permission was not given to divulge the same to the public. It is generally believed that a committee will be appointed from among the general committee of the Seiyu-kwai with instructions to look after the control of the party during the president's absence. As to the policy of the Seiyu-kwai in the forthcoming diet, details will be left to the decision of that committee. Marquis Ito further stated at the meeting that the object of his foreign tour was to restore his health, and also to observe the economic conditions abroad, and that as to his intended trip to Europe, he would determine that afterwards.

Opposition papers attribute sinister motives to his departure abroad. It is claimed by these papers that the Marquis's health is not in so desperate a state as to necessitate a sea voyage. His real object is, they state, to escape abroad, and thus avoid the unpleasant situation which will be inevitably created on the opening of the forthcoming 16th session of the diet. A considerable section of the Seiyu-kwai members is inclined to present a hostile attitude to the government, although the president himself is not desirous of taking such a step, while Viscount Katsura and other members of the cabinet have repeatedly applied to the Marquis for advice on all important matters, and have thus sought to induce him to share responsibility with themselves. Thus the Marquis has been placed on the horns of a dilemma, and he has therefore finally determined to escape abroad as he can find no better way!

A strange incident has taken place among the soldiers quartered in the barracks at Akabane, belonging to the Battalion of Engineers of the Imperial Guard Division. Shortly after noon on the 4th inst. several soldiers suffered from vomiting, says a Japanese paper, and at midnight the same day, about 300 soldiers belonging to the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd companies of the Engineers' Battalion also began vomiting. These invalids were removed to the hospital, but owing to inadequate accommodation some confusion prevailed. It is declared that this strange attack was due to the bad quality of the food supplied for the noon meal on that day, and inquiry is now being made to fix the responsibility.

An outbreak of fire was discovered among the cargo of coal on board the American transport Justin just as the vessel was on the point of leaving Yokohama a short time ago. It seems that this outbreak was first discovered by a sailor, who was nearly suffocated when he went to the lower deck. The coal was removed to lighters and the flames were quickly subdued. On examining the hull, some damage was detected, and the departure of the vessel was delayed pending the execution of repairs.

Prince Konoyo returned to Japan from a tour to China and Corea shortly before the Duke of Fife's departure. On his arrival at Taku he found the flags of the powers floating on the forts, and also in the villages along the Peiho, and he could not persuade himself for a time that the territory belonged to China. He had the same feeling when he reached Tientsin. The flags of the powers were floating from various buildings, and foreign troops were walking to and fro. On his arrival in Pekin he found the quarters under the control of France and Germany in good order, and road repairs in the French sphere were well executed. The Japanese quarter was also comparatively in good order, and the police organization left nothing to be desired. The interior of the palace in Pekin was not damaged to any serious extent, and this was due to the efforts of the Japanese and American troops.

The following is the North China Daily News' translation of the Imperial decree anent the imperial prohibition against firearms: The import and sale of arms and ammunition, properly speaking, are against the laws of the country. It appears, however, that merchants have been accustomed in the treaty under the name of acting on behalf of the officials to import, privately, arms and ammunition into the country and sell them privately. Now, as there is much unrest amongst malcontents and desperadoes, it is indeed necessary to proclaim in stern tones the prohibition of the importation of all sorts of firearms and ammunition into the Empire with the object of preventing the seeds of rebellion and troubles. We, therefore, hereby command the viceroys and governors of provinces and customs taotais at the treaty ports to prohibit the import of arms and ammunition, and machinery for the making of said warlike weapons, and stores from abroad, for the space of two years, as a beginning, and let the boards concerned take note.

A letter from Hankow states that in reference to the late anti-religious troubles in the cities of Nan-tsu-kwang, etc., in Honan province, the commissioner deputed by the governor of that province made a settlement with the heads of the respective religious societies at Hankow, that is to say, the Roman Catholics being indemnified with tls. 120,000, whilst the Protestants who did not suffer great loss, are given tls. 9,000. It is understood that the agreement has been signed.

As the steam launch of the United States cruiser Wilmington, containing five officers and several seamen, was going from the anchorage to Pagoda, an explosion of its boiler occurred. The entire top of the boiler was blown high into the air, but strange to say not a person on board was seriously hurt; save a few scratches and soiled summer suits no injuries were sustained.

COLONISTS COMING.

Several Hundred Danes, It Is Said, Will Arrive Here in the Spring for Settlement.

From private sources comes the statement, says the Vancouver Province, that next spring will witness the arrival here of several hundred Danes en route to northern Vancouver Island, where another settlement will be established, in fact, it is stated that there is now under consideration a proposal to alter the location of the present one, and combine forces with that which is to come.

For a number of years a Danish colony, aggregating at the present time nearly 35 souls, has existed in the vicinity of Cape Scott. At the time of initial settlement the Danes numbered not over 75, but the population has been steadily increasing and the worldly condition of the Danes has vastly improved since the pioneer days when the settlement was completely cut off from the outside world for months at a time.

It is through the efforts of those Danes who are at present living near Cape Scott that the influx of the emigrants of 1902 will be brought about. Those who have been in the country for several years have all become fairly well-to-do, and their prosperity is something which they wish their countrymen to enjoy, while at the same time it is desired to strengthen the community and place it on a more solid footing than it now obtains on account of the lack of population.

The Danes have proved themselves the most desirable of colonists, and the vices of more enlightened communities are notable by their absence at the Cape Scott settlement. Liquor is a thing which is not tolerated as a common beverage, and to a certain extent several of the most influential men in the Danish settlement exercise a powerful control over the remainder of the inhabitants, so that it is seldom that any serious cases of misdemeanor occur.

Since settling on the northern end of the Island the Danes have done a great deal toward opening up that section. They have cleared large tracts of forest land, built roads and bridges and become in every way self-supporting, and in many cases even productive. It is now the desire of the majority of those forming the settlement to give up the lands which they own and move to the more fertile valley of the San Josef river, emptying into the bay of the same name, not far from Cape Scott. This has been chosen as the location of the new settlement to be organized next spring.

At present the Danes possess monthly connections with Victoria by steamer, so that they are not entirely out of touch with the events of the world. At Cape Scott there is a school and church, both supported by the community. The inhabitants make their living principally by farming, although there is a great deal of fishing and trapping done at various seasons of the year.

Anyone troubled with boils, pimples, rashes, festering sores, or any chronic or malignant skin disease, should use Burdock Blood Bitters externally and take internally. It will cure where others fail.

The origin of the modern circus dates back to about 1770, when Philip Astley, a discharged soldier, gave exhibitions of horsemanship in an improvised ring at Lambeth.

There are 51,000 breweries in the world, nearly 26,000 of them being in Germany.

How many years of her life does a woman spend over the hot cook stove getting those three meals a day? Back aching, head throbbing, nerves twitching, it's all the same, there are three meals a day to be prepared. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cannot lighten woman's labor, but it can and does increase her strength. It cures those diseases of the womanly organs which undermine woman's vitality.

"I cannot praise Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription too highly as a tonic for tired, worn-out women who are afflicted with female weakness," writes Mrs. Ira W. Holmes, of Cedar Rapids, Iowa. "It has helped me very much and a skillful physician once said to me in answer to my question as to its efficacy, 'I know of cases where it has really worked wonders.'"

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets do not re-act upon the system. They are a good thing to keep in the house. One 'Pellet' is a laxative, two a cathartic dose. The medicine for every woman.

WANTS.

WANTED—A general servant; comfortable home. Apply between ten and three o'clock, Mrs. Marchant, Haughton street.

WANTED—Good trustworthy woman to give light services in return for comfortable home and small salary. E. M. H., Times Office.

WANTED—A woman to take charge of private boarding house; none but those thoroughly competent need apply; middle-aged person preferred. Apply "Boarding House," this office.

WANTED—At Spencer's, bodice and skirt hands. Apply to Mrs. Angus.

WANTED—Bell boy, at Hotel Victoria.

WANTED—Reliable girl, for general work in small family; permanent position to suitable party. Apply Times Office.

WANTED—Immediately, young Englishman to join another in country hotel and farm combined; must have $5,000 cash; good chance. Apply "Hotel," Times Office.

WANTED—At Eden's Junk Store, 125 Fort street, old copper, brass, bottles, sacks, coal oil cans, etc. Quantities will be called for.

AGENTS—"The Life of President McKinley," by his devoted friend that distinguished man-of-letters, Colonel McClure, the biographer of Abraham Lincoln, has been in preparation for years, and will now be published. Big book, 7½x10; profusely illustrated. Retail $1.50. Bigger commission than any opposition book. Prospectus now ready and absolutely free on your promise to canvass. Wire or write your acceptance before you sleep. The Linscott Publishing Co., Toronto, Ontario.

MANAGER WANTED in every large county to appoint agents for the famous "Game o' Skill" nickel slot machine for drinks or cigars; lawful everywhere; takes place of all forbidden slot machines. Rented or sold on easy payments. Secure territory quick. Palmer Billiard Table Works Chicago, Ill.

TO LET.

TO RENT—Comfortably furnished room; central location. Apply to Box 54, this office.

TO LET—Furnished bedrooms, suitable for ladies or gentlemen; partial board, if desired; not far from tram car; modern conveniences. 252 Yates street.

FOR RENT — Furnished housekeeping rooms, at Elsmere House, 104 Pandora street. Apply 97 Quadra street. Tel. 776A.

TO RENT—Comfortably furnished rooms; very reasonable; two minutes from Douglas street car. Apply first house Burnside road.

TO LET—A 6 roomed house, hot and cold water. Apply to 128 Government street.

HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS TO LET, at 120 Vancouver street.

TO LET—Four furnished rooms, with modern conveniences. Apply to George Gardner, 14 Humboldt street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—No. 8 John Bull steel range. Can be seen 55 Wharf street.

FOR SALE—English and Irish setter pups. Apply Thos. Plimley, Bicycle Store, Broad street.

FOR SALE—Latest style Singer hand sewing machine; good as new; attachments; price $20. Will rent good machines $2 per month. 95 Fort street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MRS. GUNN, Dressmaker, has removed to corner of View and Quadra streets (new building).

DRESSMAKER—Will make skirts for $1.50 to $2.50; also children's sewing. 83 John street.

R. H. KNEESHAW, Clairvoyant and Trance Medium, gives private sittings daily at 150 Chatham street. Public circle every Thursday night at 8 o'clock; admission 25c.

GET OUR PRICES on billiard and pool tables before buying elsewhere; sold on easy payments. Our cushions are guaranteed for twenty years, and are made by a new vulcanizing process. Old tables fitted with our cushions are as good as new; satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. See our advertisement of "Manager Wanted" for lawful slot machine. Palmer Billiard Table Works, Chicago, Ills.

ELECTRO-PLATING—Table ware, revolvers, and all old articles made new by being re-plated. Nobbs Bros., 113 Fort St.

F. J. BITTENCOURT, the leading second-hand dealer and commission merchant, 215 Yates Street.

SEWER PIPE, FLOWER POTS, ETC.—B. C. Pottery Co., Ltd., Cor. Broad and Pandora, Victoria.

SOCIETIES.

VICTORIA COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, meets first Thursday in every month at Masonic Temple, Douglas street, at 7:30 p. m.
R. S. ODDY, Secretary

A Thirst Killer

Is the great need of the moment
Have you tried

THORPE'S LEMON SQUASH?

Pure from selected Lemons. Cooling and pleasant. Will quench your thirst

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LOANS ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE

$1,000, repayable in 120 months, at...$12.10
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And Other Sums in Proportion.
Apply to
ROBERT S. DAY
42 FORT STREET.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

BUILDER & GENERAL CONTRACTOR

THOMAS CATTERALL—18 Broad street. Alterations, office fittings, wharves repaired, etc. Telephone B 371.

MOORE & WHITTINGTON, 159 Yates St. Estimates given, job work, etc. 'Phone 750. Screen doors and sash, garden swings, etc.

ENGINEERS, FOUNDERS, ETC.

MARINE IRON WORKS—Andrew Gray, Engineers, Founders, Boiler Makers. Pembroke street, near Store street. Works telephone 681, residence telephone 109.

EDUCATIONAL.

BORIS LONDONIER, Dr. Phil., having worked at the Universities of Berlin, Munich and Paris, gives German, French and Russian lessons; theory and conversation. Undertakes business correspondence and translations in these languages. Apply Hotel Victoria, 51 Fort street, between 11 and 12 a. m.

MISS C. G. FOX will re-open her school on Monday, 19th, at 36 Mason street. Miss M. A. Fox will receive music pupils at the same address.

SHORTHAND SCHOOL, 15 Broad street (up-stairs). Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping taught. E. A. Macmillan, principal.

ENGRAVERS.

HALF TONES—Equal to any made anywhere. Why send to cities out of the Province when you can get your Engravings in the Province? Work guaranteed; prices satisfactory. The B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., No. 26 Broad St., Victoria, B. C.

BUSINESS MEN who use printers' ink need Engravings. Nothing so effective as illustrations. Everything wanted in this line made by the B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 26 Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Cuts for catalogues a specialty.

ZINC ETCHINGS—All kinds of engravings on zinc, for printers, made by the B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 26 Broad St., Victoria. Maps, plans, etc.

B. C. PHOTO-ENGRAVING CO., 26 Broad street, up-stairs. Half-Tones and Zinc Etchings.

MESSENGER SERVICE.

B. C. DIST. TEL. & DEL. CO., LTD., 74 Douglas street. Telephone 409. E. J. Tennant, Mgr. For any work requiring a messenger boy.

PLUMBERS AND GAS FITTERS.

A. & W. WILSON, Plumbers and Gas Fitters, Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths: Dealers in the best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc.; shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 126.

JOHN COLBERT, 4 Broad street, plumber, gas, steam and hot water fitter, ship's plumbing, etc. Tel. 552. P. O. Box 545.

UPHOLSTERING AND AWNINGS.

SMITH & CHAMPION, 100 Douglas street. Upholstering and repairing a specialty; carpets cleaned and laid. 'Phone 718.

SCAVENGERS.

JULIUS WEST, General Scavenger, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned; contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; John Cochrane, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver street. Telephone 130.

Best Double Screened
Household Coal
$6.50 Per Ton Delivered. Weight Guaranteed.
HALL & WALKER,
100 Government St. 'Phone, 83.

New Vancouver Coal Co.,
LIMITED.
NANAIMO B. C.
SAMUEL M. ROBINS, SUPERINTENDENT.
Coal Mined by White Labor.
New Wellington Coal
Washed Nuts. .. $5.00 per ton
Sack and Lumps, $6.50 per ton
Delivered to any part of the city
KINGHAM & CO.,
34 Broad St., Cor. Trounce Alley.
Wharf—Spratt's Wharf, Store Street.
Telephone Call: wharf; 647.
Office Telephone, 694.

ROSLYN LEARY - COAL
LUMP OR SACK.....$6.00 per ton
DRY CORD WOOD.....$3.50 per cord
SPLENDID BARK.....$4.00 per cord
J. BAKER & CO.,
Phone 407. 83 Belleville St.

Lights That Light

NOTICE.

The Victoria Gas Co., Ltd., are now installing complete WELSBACH LAMPS FREE of cost, charging the nominal sum of 5 cents per lamp per month for mantel renewals.
Apply GAS WORKS,
F. H. HEWLINGS,
'Phone, 782. Superintendent.

A delicious and finely blended Whisky of excellent flavor, extra full body and thoroughly matured in sherry wood. The bottling and blending being done at the D. C. L. Co.'s stores under the immediate supervision of His Majesty's excise.

R. P. RITHET & CO.

WHOLESALE MERCHANTS.

BASS FOR VICTORIA LAKES.

Over a Thousand Fish Planted in Langford and Florence.

The black bass which E. G. Prior, M. P., secured for Langford lake were placed in Langford and Florence lakes on Sunday with every prospect of success.

Mr. Cunningham, Dominion inspector of hatcheries, started from Ottawa on Tuesday with 6,000 of these fish, and reached Vancouver on Saturday night, having distributed 5,000 on the way. He turned over the remaining thousand to Colin B. Sword, inspector of fisheries, on Sunday morning, and that gentleman, with the assistance of Hans Helgesen, ex-M.P.P., brought them to Victoria and took them out to the lakes in question at once.

Messrs. Rickford and Giles went out as guides, and with their cordial co-operation the planting was successfully effected, not a single fish of those for Victoria having been lost. Mr. Cunningham states that on the whole trip he lost less than five per cent., which, considering the long distance which they travelled, constituted a probably unprecedented record, and speaks volumes for the unremitting attention given them by Mr. Cunningham and his assistants.

OTTAWA MAN WHO WRITES THIS TIME

Grants Full Permission to Use His Name in Behalf of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Was in Clutch of Bright's Disease — Suffered All the Symptoms of This Fearful Malady — But He Took Dodd's Kidney Pills in Time.

Ottawa, Oct. 7.—(Special)—A fortunate young man is Frank Chartrand of this city, for by the merest chance he was saved from that modern curse so dreaded by doctors, Bright's Disease, the incurable malady of the Kidneys.

The story of Mr. Chartrand's escape from this dreadful disease is best told in his own words:

"I had been greatly troubled by my Kidneys for two years, since having a dose of the grip. I suffered with backache and I always felt drowsy and very heavy in the limbs, with frequent severe headaches and oftener still severe pains in the top of my head which prevented me from doing my work as I would like to do it. Often my fingers and legs would cramp and occasionally. I felt pains in the loins and a very heavy dizzy feeling with shortness of breath, and pain in the left side. Sometimes I would eat very good meals and other times I would take a biscuit and a cup of tea and that would finish my meal. I had tender spots over the back of the spine and felt very tired in the region of the kidneys, with a dragging heavy feeling across the loins, in short there was no doubt I was suffering from Bright's Disease.

"I kept taking the medicines the doctors gave me all this time but they did me no good. A few weeks ago I chanced to tell a friend that I had given up hope.

"'Why don't you try Dodd's Kidney Pills?' he told me.

"I went directly to the drug store and got three boxes which I have used and which have so much improved my health that without hesitation I say I am sure it is but a matter of a short time till I become completely and permanently cured."

SHAMPOO CAUSED DEATH.

The danger of using cold water for washing the head has been illustrated by the sudden death of a clerk in the offices of the West Ham (London) school board. J. H. Smith, while on his holidays at Lowestoft, went to a barber's shop to have a shampoo, and when he returned to his lodgings he complained to his wife about the water being so cold. A little while after, while at supper, he exclaimed to his wife: "Good-bye, I am dying." A few minutes afterwards he expired. At the inquest, Dr. Coombe stated that the cold water used for the shampoo had probably forced open a blood vessel which had previously been damaged, and death was due to hemorrhage and asphyxia.

STEVENS BEFORE THE MACISTRATE

PRELIMINARY HEARING RESUMED YESTERDAY

Particulars of Shooting of Hasenfratz Furnished By Several Witnesses—Case Adjourned Till Monday.

The preliminary hearing in the case of Ernest Stevens, charged, with shooting Isaac Hasenfratz with intent to kill, was resumed in the police court yesterday afternoon before Magistrate Hall, lasting until nearly 6 o'clock.

Quite a number of witnesses were examined, including a number of the boys who were in the party, whose stories were practically the same. The prosecution is being conducted by Superintendent Hussey. Stevens, the accused, a dark, stoical lad of about fifteen, occupied a chair beside his counsel, Geo. Powell.

The first witness, Carl Borgeson, a lad of 11 years of age, who lives with his parents in Spring Ridge, under examination by Superintendent Hussey, said that on Thursday last he went hunting with the accused and Jack Allen. The former had a 22 calibre gun, the weapon produced, but neither witness nor Jack Allen had any firearms. They went to the Transfer field, where they met Mr. Hasenfratz and his two sons, and Mr. Ruttan and his son. They crossed the railway track to the Transfer field, the two men and their sons leading. Witness, the accused and Jack Allen followed, kicking manure in the direction of the others. Ernest and Jack threw some which struck Mr. Hasenfratz. Witness did not hear him say anything.

The accused, Ernest, told witness that he had seen a woodpecker, and went into the bush. Witness stood about ten feet behind him on the edge of the bush.

When Ernest got inside, he put up the gun quickly and fired, taking no aim. Mr. Hasenfratz was in the direction the boy fired, standing about fifteen feet away. He put his hand to his head, hollered, turned around and fell on his face. The accused started to run, but said nothing.

He ran through the woods across the track. Witness saw no birds, and would have if there were any there.

He had been out hunting with accused 75 or 100 times. Ernest shot pretty well with a 22 calibre rifle, and usually took a long aim. Witness met him after the shooting, and the latter asked what he had done to Mr. Hasenfratz. When told he began to cry. Witness asked him what he shot at, and accused replied "a robin." He also threatened to lick witness if he would not help to get him out of the scrape. Accused then went home.

Cross-examined by Mr. Powell, counsel for the defence, witness said that he met Mr. Hasenfratz also earlier in the afternoon. Witness was down at the other end of the field, and nobody said anything about going into the bush. They had seen field snipe in the field, and that was why they came there. The accused shot at them before they met Mr. Hasenfratz the last time. They were going into the bush as they ascended the hill, Ernest leading the way. When they reached the top of the hill they met Mr. Hasenfratz, who was coming from the railway track. They all proceeded together, and witness heard Ernest say to Hermann: "There goes a woodpecker, do you want one?" and Hermann said "No." As Ernest mentioned the woodpecker he looked towards the bush.

Up till the time they all met they had kicked no manure. They walked with Mr. Hasenfratz about ten yards kicking manure. Jack and Ernest picked some of it up and threw it at Mr. Hasenfratz. While they were doing it they were walking behind Mr. Hasenfratz, who was proceeding toward the bush. Witness did not hear Mr. Hasenfratz say anything. Jack and Ernest had struck him, but witness while he believed he said something could not say what he said. Ernest and Jack laughed, but did not use any bad language.

A trail led to the place in the bushes where the woodpecker was seen. Ernest went in but witness stayed on the edge. Ernest was about fifteen feet away from witness, who did not go into the bush because he was afraid of frightening the bird. Witness was looking toward Mr. Hasenfratz, and when he turned round Ernest had the gun up. Mr. Hasenfratz was looking into the bush, but walking slowly. Just as he was shot he had stopped, his gun being at his side.

Witness had his supper about 6 o'clock, but was not late on that night, as he got home about 5.30 o'clock. When this shooting took place it was getting dark, the sun being a little down. Witness was in the place where Ernest fired the shot, last Saturday morning. He could only see a man's body and feet in the spot where Mr. Hasenfratz stood from where the gun was discharged. As soon as the gun was discharged Mr. Hasenfratz started to yell, and Jack Allen went toward him. Witness saw Ernest run as soon as the hollering commenced. When witness saw the man fall he ran into the bush, being frightened. He met Hermann Hasenfratz and Jack Allen in the bush where Ernest fired the gun. Witness was frightened to go out. Mr. Hasenfratz was about ten or fifteen feet from Ernest when he was struck.

Jack was about three feet back of witness and could see Ernest. When witness afterwards met Ernest the latter said: "What did I do?" and began to cry. Witness told him he was going to get into trouble, and Ernest replied that witness would have to get him out of it. Witness said: "I don't think I can," and Ernest said he would hit witness if he didn't.

Re-examined by Superintendent Hussey, witness said Ernest Stevens was near the bush when he said: "There goes a woodpecker." Ernest then entered the bush. He seldom missed when he fired, getting something every few cartridges.

Jack Allen, aged 12, being sworn, said he lived on Esquimalt road, Victoria West. On Thursday last he went hunting with Ernest Stevens and Carl Borgeson. They went to the Transfer field, Stevens having the 22 calibre rifle. The others had no firearms. Witness identified the gun produced as the one Ernest Stevens had. They met Mr. Hasenfratz and his two boys and Mr. Ruttan and his son in the Transfer field. Mr. Hasenfratz and party walked on ahead through the field followed by witness and the others, who were about thirty or forty feet behind.

Witness, Carl Borgeson and Ernest Stevens kicked manure at Mr. Hasenfratz, who told them to stop. They continued, however, and he turned round and said he "would wring their necks"—then they stopped.

Ernest Stevens just then started for the bush followed by Carl Borgeson and witness. The former had said a short time before that he saw a woodpecker in the bush. The bush was on the right hand side of the field. Before Ernest started for the bush they were about fifteen or twenty feet away from it. When Stevens entered he looked around and fired, witness showing with the gun how it was done. He fired very quickly.

The gun was pointed in the direction of Mr. Hasenfratz. Witness was twelve feet away. There was nothing that he could see between Mr. Hasenfratz and the gun which could be fired at. After the gun was fired Mr. Hasenfratz hollered and witness ran to see him.

Witness had been out four or five times this season with Ernest Stevens, going once or twice a week. Ernest was a good shot and usually aimed quite a while when shooting at birds. He shot more quickly this time than usual. Witness never saw him shoot so quickly before.

The boy then demonstrated the relative periods occupied by the accused in aiming at birds, and aiming in the bush on Thursday afternoon.

Witness saw no birds of any kind in the woods. After Ernest Stevens fired he ran toward the track. Witness saw him afterwards, and the accused asked him what he had done. Witness told him where he had shot Mr. Hasenfratz, and Stevens cried, telling him not to tell.

Cross-examined by Mr. Powell, witness said he remembered Ernie firing at the snipe in the middle of the field. They were going toward the bush as Ernie had said there were birds there. Ernie aimed long at the snipe—longer than usual, and missed.

They met Mr. Hasenfratz at the top of the hill. Ernie asked Hermann Hasenfratz if he wanted a woodpecker, and Hermann replied "No." Ernie then said: "There goes one."

Witness and the others walked behind Mr. Hasenfratz. Neither Carl nor the accused hit Mr. Hasenfratz with manure. When accused entered the woods he looked around at one time, turning his back on Mr. Hasenfratz. He also looked upwards. When they heard Mr. Hasenfratz holler after the shot was fired, both witness and Carl ran out. Witness could see Mr. Hasenfratz from where he was standing when the gun went off. Carl went inside after the shot, and was met by witness and the others afterwards. Ernest told witness he fired at a robin, and said he did not shoot at Mr. Hasenfratz. When they were in the woods it was getting dark. Witness got home about 6 o'clock. Witness was in the place where Ernie fired the gun last Saturday.

Stewart Ruttan, an engine driver, the next witness, resident on Vining street, Victoria West, being sworn, said that on Thursday last he and his son went hunting. They met Mr. Hasenfratz and his two sons. Hermann had a 22 calibre gun, and Mr. Hasenfratz a double-barrelled shot-gun. Witness met them about 5 o'clock near the Naval cemetery. They walked together along the railway track towards home, turning off into the Transfer field.

Just after they had entered the field three other boys, Allen, Borgeson and Ernest Stevens followed behind them. The boys were kicking horse manure in the direction of witness and party. Witness heard nothing said to them. The boys left them, and witness heard a shot fired, and saw Mr. Hasenfratz fall. Witness laid his gun down, and walked to the fallen man, who said: "Stevens has shot me, he intended to shoot me." Witness had looked over the ground since and could see a man from where Ernest stood at the place where Hasenfratz was shot. This was about 5.30 o'clock. It was not dark, as the sun was shining. Witness saw no birds in the field. He saw Stevens enter the woods and immediately the shot was fired.

Witness was cross-examined very closely regarding his ability to see a man from where Stevens stood on the route taken by Mr. Hasenfratz, and witness said he felt sure he could have seen a man anywhere along the bush.

Before they neared the boys he thought he heard them say something about a woodpecker.

Witness was pretty close to Hasenfratz when the boys were kicking manure. Mr. Hasenfratz was not angry as far as he knew, and witness did not hear him say anything to the boys. He was fifteen or sixteen feet ahead of Hasenfratz when the latter fell. Hasenfratz was about fifty or fifty-five feet away from Stevens when the shot was fired.

Ernest Ruttan, 11 years old, was the next witness. He said he went hunting last Thursday with his father and Ernest and Hermann Hasenfratz. They met Mr. Hasenfratz near the naval cemetery, and all went into the Transfer field, where they met Ernest Stevens, Carl Borgeson and Jack Allen.

These boys began kicking horse manure at Mr. Hasenfratz, who told them to stop. They didn't, and he said if they wouldn't stop he would wring their necks. Ernest Stevens went into the woods, and witness heard the report of the gun a second after.

Witness saw Mr. Hasenfratz revolve a couple of times and fall. He did not see Ernest fire the shot, but he was the only one who had the gun. The shot came from the woods. Witness did not see Ernest Stevens after that nor had he talked with him since. He saw no birds either before or after the shot was fired.

Cross-examined by Mr. Powell, the lad said he did not remember hearing Ernie Stevens ask Hermann if he wanted a woodpecker. Witness was right beside his father when he heard Mr. Hasenfratz tell the boys he would wring their necks.

Hermann Hasenfratz, the last witness, confirmed the story told by the previous witnesses and in cross-examination said he did not hear accused or the others say anything about a woodpecker. After his father fell witness and Carl ran to Buckland's house and got water.

Detective Geo. Perdue identified the rifle and box of cartridges as those he had taken from the prisoner's room.

The hearing was then adjourned until next Monday.

THE "BELLE OF NEW YORK".

Re-appears as Loud and Yellow as Ever—To-night's Attraction and To-morrow's.

The "Belle of New York" held the boards at the Victoria theatre last night. The boards were just able to stand it, but the lights couldn't. They went out. It was as Hattie Wells, the danseuse, was attempting the ballet when the place was plunged in darkness just in time to allow the audience to bury its face in its hands and lament the frailties of human life.

Then the pianist became suddenly inspired and struck up "Soldiers of the Queen." The splendid swinging air was taken up in all parts of the house and the company, who were converting the legitimate stage into a faithful representation of the Bowery in its most bowery light, were treated to an impromptu but possibly the most respectable number on the night's programme.

There were specialties in the play that can be seen nightly at the Orpheum in San Francisco and other vaudeville houses on the coast; there was absolutely no point in the show when it arose to comedy. It simply remained where it started, the main idea apparently being to crowd as much as possible into two acts. This was done most energetically and perhaps that is why the lights went out.

In dispassionately contemplating last night's production one could not help but admire the man who had the audacity to plan it. Time must have fallen heavily on his hands, and possibly the production of this helped to fill the vacuum. It looked as though its author had been endeavoring persistently to weld into an harmonious whole a legion of complexities, and finally despairing of ever finding a way out of the difficulty took them in his arms and pitched them all into the soup pot together.

In brief, the show was an Irish stew with the most essential ingredients omitted. There were some good people in the company—that is indisputable. But they prostituted their talents, possibly not to make the audience laugh but doubtless because they received larger salaries than in companies which have no cause to blush. Of course that is a natural failing, but "it isn't art."

There was a large audience—a larger one than that which greeted Modjeska or Richard Mansfield, two of the greatest dramatic stars in existence. Further comment is unnecessary.

In "Old Kentucky" To-night.

That ever popular and pretty story of Kentucky life "In Old Kentucky" comes to the Victoria theatre to-night. Probably no American play of the day appeals as strongly to the masses as does this idyllic romance of the South with its characteristic types of Southern life, its scenes on the race track, its grotesque pickaninnies and its manifold other attractions. The singing and dancing little darkies come in for no small share of applause and their portion of the entertainment is one of the delightful episodes of the play. There are some thirty or more of these ragged pickaninnies; some of them compose the Wangdoodle brass band, others sing, dance, shoot craps and amuse themselves in various ways. The cast of the play is a thoroughly competent one and the scenery and effects very elaborate.

To-morrow's Attraction.

"A Modern Crusoe," a comic romantic play by Sydney Rosenfeld, will be seen at the Victoria theatre to-morrow evening, interpreted by Thomas Q. Seabrooke, and an excellent company. The cast that will support Mr. Seabrooke has been specially selected by Mr. Rosenfeld with a view to their individual fitness, and assuming that an author knows how his characters should be interpreted, the "A Modern Crusoe" Company should be of more than average ability. Miss Isabelle Evesson heads the ladies.

"Yon Yonson" on Friday.

The Victoria theatre will greet "Yon Yonson" on Friday evening. Since last here, it is said, the play has been given new life and many new features and effects added. The title role is being played by Knute Erickson, who created the character in England, two years ago, with great success. The company includes, besides Mr. Erickson, Annie Mack-Berlein in the role of "Mrs. Laflin"; Beatrice Norman, Georgie Bryton, of the original Hoyt's "Trip to Chinatown" Company; Belle Gold, E. J. Mack, E. Guy Spangler, Sydney Craven, Harry Maynard and others. During the action of the play a number of pleasing specialties will be introduced, including the Lumbermen's Quartette.

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Exploration work up country in search of diamonds is attended with sufficient risk in British Guiana. A boat, with eighteen men on board, coming down the Trezzarinia river was capsized while trying to shoot the Parabocasto falls. Only five men were saved, one, an invalid, by floating on a tarpaulin to a rock. A road is badly needed to avoid the necessity of shooting the rapids, of which there are a number.

THE SESSION OF THE CITY COUNCIL

NUMBER OF BY-LAWS ADVANCED A STAGE

The Naming of the New Street in James Bay—Routine Business Disposed of Expeditiously.

It was 8.30 last night before the city fathers had mastered the intricacies of municipal policy in the committee chamber sufficiently to consider it in the more public session. There were present the mayor, Alds. Kinsman, Williams, Cameron, Beckwith, Cooley and Hall. Later in the evening Alds. Stewart and Yates arrived.

In accordance with the principle established at the last session the minutes were taken as read.

Dominion Government Engineer Keefer wrote informing the council that an order-in-council had been passed at Ottawa giving the city a piece of land at James Bay for the purpose of building a retaining wall. Received and filed.

The purchasing agent reported that J. W. Mellor had completed his work in painting and whitewashing at the exhibition buildings, and was entitled on the work being approved to the sum of $1,440, the amount of the contract, and $15 for extras.

The report was adopted.

The standing committee on finance recommended an appropriation of $3,307.90 for current accounts. This report was also adopted.

A supplementary report from the finance committee reported adversely on a proposition of F. A. McKenzie of an advertising scheme to which the city was asked to contribute $500. They also reported that they had no power to reduce the license of the Wells Fargo Company, although regretting that they intended withdrawing their agency. The report was adopted.

Ald. Cameron's motion to introduce a by-law to be known as the Victoria Real Property Tax Sale By-Law, 1901, was next reached and passed. The by-law was read a first and second time.

It will be committed at the next meeting.

The Douglas Street Extension By-Law was committed with the mayor in the chair. There was much consulting of plans in committee on this by-law. The by-law was reported complete and adopted and the by-law finally passed.

A by-law to authorize the opening of a street around James Bay and the expropriation of real property therefor was next committed.

"Shall we name the street?" queried the mayor; "shall it be Cornwall street?"

Ald. Beckwith suggested that the naming of the street be left to the committee which has in charge the re-naming of the city's streets.

On behalf of that committee Ald. Cameron intimated that a report would be forthcoming in a week or two, and that the name of the King, of the Duke, of a number of generals in the South African war, ex-mayors and members of the present council would be immortalized in the committee's work.

The by-law was reported complete, and passing through its final shape was passed.

The Rock Bay Bridge Regulations By-Law, 1901, was read a second time and committed. The by-law removes the restrictions regarding small cars on this bridge. It was passed.

A report from the city engineer which had been omitted was then submitted in a report as follows:

To His Worship the Mayor and Board of Aldermen:

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to submit the following report for your consideration:

1. Petition from J. J. Fisher and others asking to have Alderman road improved, Victoria West. After looking over the ground I am of opinion the improvement is not very important at present. Estimated cost for grading, gravelling and sidewalk, $295.

2. In regard to street lines, I would suggest that the application be made to the council, with the usual fees, after which time the lines in question can be given.

3. Communication from W. Ridgway Wilson re drainage of Johnson street ravine, between Broad and Government streets. I understand it has been the custom for the city to furnish the pipe in other similar instances, but as I believe a recent committee of the council have refused to assume any of the cost of same, I herewith submit present price of 15-inch pipe without making any recommendation: Total cost of above pipe, $115.

4. Request from Captain Rudlin to have Johnson street improved, east of George street. After making an examination of the above locality, I would respectfully recommend the street be widened at lots 1 and 2, block 21, Spring Ridge, thereby allowing the street to be graded in the centre and making a marked improvement on the locality in question.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
C. H. TOPP,
City Engineer.

Ald. Kinsman said residents on Johnson street had applied for pipe a year ago, and the request had been ruled out. They could hardly take a different course now. Regarding Johnson street he thought the improvement should be carried out if possible.

On motion of Ald. Stewart the work on Admiral's road was held over for the present for want of funds; that portion of the clause relating to the street lines was adopted.

In regard to the pipe for the Prior building, Ald. Kinsman thought the pipe should be furnished.

Ald. Yates asked if this was not furnishing pipe for private property.

Ald. Beckwith said he couldn't see his way clear to support this expenditure, while a number of pressing needs in other parts had not been met.

Ald. Stewart said he had been on a committee last year which had gone into the matter fully a year ago, and they refused absolutely to spend anything on private property. He could not support the proposal.

Ald. Williams thought it the duty of the council to help the matter along. It was an old natural watercourse instead of merely draining one lot.

Ald. Stewart corrected the last speaker. All the water had been cut off from this course.

The vote resulted in a tie, Alds. Hall, Cooley, Kinsman and Williams voting aye, and Alds. Stewart, Yates, Beckwith and Cameron voting nay. The mayor's casting vote was given in the negative, and the motion was lost.

In connection with the widening of Johnson street, Alds. Kinsman, Williams and Cooley were delegated to see the property owners and endeavor to arrange a basis of settlement.

Ald. Beckwith, before adjourning, suggested the holding of a public meeting to increase the information in regard to the by-law to be voted on next Thursday.

Ald. Yates suggested moving the Native Sons' arches to the park, otherwise they would have to come down.

Ald. Williams criticised the architecture. The roofs were not the proper shape. It had "the straight touch instead of a bit of bend."

The mayor announced incidentally that the general decoration committee would meet to-morrow afternoon.

Ald. Stewart suggested that the shell erected was hardly a fair representation of the old fort, which was built solidly of logs.

The council then adjourned.

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TIDE TABLE.

Victoria, B. C., October, 1901.

(Issued by the Tidal Survey Branch of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.)

Date.	Day.	High Water. 1 m. Ht.	High Water. T'm. Ht.	High Water. T'm. Ht	Low Water. T'm. Ht.	Low Water. T'm. Ht	Low Water. T'm. Ht.
		h. m. ft.	h. m. ft.		h. m. ft.	h. m. ft.	
1	Tu..	6 18	7.2	16 05 8.4	10 51	5.5	23 41 1.0
2	W...	7 56	7.1	16 41 8.3	11 41	6.2	.... ..
3	Th..	9 23	7.2	17 18 8.0	0 35	1.0	12 36 6.6
4	F...	10 41	7.3	17 59 7.5	1 32	1.2	13 52 6.9
5	Sa...	11 40	7.5	19 18 7.0	2 32	1.5	15 27 6.7
6	Su...	12 23	7.5	21 10 6.6	3 31	1.9	17 08 6.2
7	M...	12 46	7.3	22 45 6.3	4 26	2.4	18 09 5.5
8	Tu..	12 48	7.1	.... ..	5 18	2.9	18 52 4.8
9	W...	0 09	6.3	12 40 7.2	6 06	3.5	19 13 4.1
10	Th..	1 26	6.3	12 48 7.3	6 50	4.1	20 07 3.5
11	F...	2 34	6.4	13 06 7.5	7 33	4.6	20 41 3.0
12	Sa...	3 39	6.5	13 33 7.6	8 14	5.1	21 14 2.6
13	Su...	4 40	6.6	14 06 7.8	8 53	5.5	21 46 2.3
14	M...	5 39	6.6	14 39 7.8	9 29	5.9	22 19 2.1
15	Tu..	6 43	6.6	14 51 7.8	10 01	6.2	22 54 2.1
16	W...	8 32	6.7	15 08 7.8	10 27	6.6	23 33 2.1
17	Th..	....	..	15 20 7.7	....	..	.... ..
18	F...	....	..	15 28 7.5	0 17	2.2	.... ..
19	Sa...	....	..	15 51 7.3	1 06	2.4	.... ..
20	Su...	....	..	12 58 7.2	1 59	....	.... ..
21	M...	....	..	12 26 7.1	2 58	2.7	.... ..
22	Tu..	11 28	7.1	21 58 6.0	3 52	2.9	17 40 5.7
23	W...	11 33	7.3	23 34 6.2	4 45	5.2	18 09 4.9
24	Th..	11 51	7.6	.... ..	5 36	3.6	18 43 3.9
25	F...	0 58	6.5	12 18 7.9	6 26	4.1	19 21 2.9
26	Sa...	2 10	6.7	12 51 8.3	7 14	4.6	20 03 1.9
27	Su...	3 18	7.0	13 27 8.6	8 00	5.2	20 50 1.0
28	M...	4 27	7.3	14 04 8.9	8 46	5.7	21 41 0.5
29	Tu..	5 35	7.5	14 41 9.0	9 34	6.2	22 33 0.2
30	W...	6 43	7.7	15 17 8.8	10 26	6.7	23 24 0.3
31	Th..	7 50	7.8	15 52 8.4	11 26	6.9	.... ..

The Time used is Pacific Standard, for the 120th meridian West. It is counted from 0 to 24 hours, from midnight to midnight.

CAREER AND CHARACTER OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

An address by Joseph Choate, Ambassador to Great Britain, on the career and character of Abraham Lincoln—his early life—his early struggles with the world—his character as developed in the later years of his life and his administration, which placed his name so high on the world's roll of honor and fame, has been published by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, and may be had by sending six (6) cents in postage to F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

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VICTORIA NEWS CO., LTD., 86 Yates street.
VICTORIA BOOK AND STATIONERY COMPANY, 61 Government street.
T. N. HIBBEN & COMPANY, 69 Government street.
O. B. ORMOND, 92 Government street.
F. CAMPBELL, Tobacconist, 92 Government street.
GEORGE MARSDEN, News Agent, corner Yates and Government.
H. W. WALKER (Switch Grocery), Esquimalt road.
W. WILBY, 91 Douglas street.
MRS. CROOK, Victoria West post office.
POPE STATIONERY COMPANY, 119 Government street.
G. N. HODGSON, 57 Yates street.
T. REDDING, Craigflower road, Victoria West.
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Orders taken at Geo. Marsden's for delivery of Daily Times.

NO NEED FOR HASTE.

Our politicians should remain calm. There is nothing in the fact that two portfolios are vacant in the local government to call for the intervention of the Lieut.-Governor. It is His Honor's duty to be guided by the advice of his ministers as long as he has reason to suppose they possess the confidence of the House. The Premier is now the only man who has access to him in his official capacity. Mr. Dunsmuir claims twenty-two of the thirty-seven representatives of the people now entitled to seats in the Assembly are in accord with his views and will support him when they are called together. The Premier may have been wrongly advised in this matter as the opposition claim, but there appears to be only one way of removing the doubt. That is by a vote of the House. The calling of that body together is a matter which ordinarily lies in the hands of the government and we should be very much surprised indeed if in the present crisis His Honor should feel called upon to intervene. If we possess our souls in patience the whole matter will be set straight. The turning out of the government is not the one question of supreme importance. The election of a House truly representative of the people is far more so. If the deputy of His Majesty should have submitted to him evidence he considers conclusive that the supporters of the government are in a minority in the Legislature and feels impelled to suggest that the House shall be called together, we hope a majority of the members will combine to secure the passage of a redistribution bill as a necessary preliminary to the work that lies before them. When the political sentiment of the province is fairly represented in the Legislature there is good reason to believe that these regularly recurring crises will disappear and stability of government and material progress and prosperity follow. That is the only feature of the situation the people, as distinguished from the politicians, are interested in.

A CALAMITY AVERTED.

The following rather startling note appeared in a recent issue of the Nelson Tribune: "Yesterday forenoon as the editor of the Tribune lay in deep, oblivious slumber, after putting in a 15-hour shift at financing, editing, foremanizing and managing this high-class advertising daily newspaper, powerful forces were at work in the local hall of justice to deprive him of his liberty and the chance to work 15-hour shifts. Men who are asleep, or drunk, know nothing and doubt nothing. A reference to the local columns showed that an attempt had really been made, fortunately without success, to deprive the member for Nelson of his personal liberty—to put him in a place where he could not write things nor say things which would be audible to the ear of the great world. The lawyers held that the editor was in contempt, but the judge, a local dignitary, took the common sense view, saying that allowances were made in courts, and other places not necessary to mention, for John's idiosyncrasies. So the editor escaped, but was warned that the case might be viewed in a different light if it came before a Supreme Court Judge. The escape was evidently a narrow one. The country was on the verge of sustaining a great loss. The legislative labors of the member for Nelson are not often prolonged to "15-hour shifts," yet he does good work of its kind for those he serves, and his sayings are treasured up by the members. Sometimes he does not catch the eye of the speaker, and a great deal of labor and research is wasted, as for instance when the government and the opposition arrived simultaneously at the conclusion that the country would not tolerate the killing of the Crow's Nest Southern Railway Bill and it passed its second reading with such celerity that the one member who was true to his principles took the floor just a second or two too late. The pile of manuscript was so large and the eye of the member looked so eloquent of stores of arguments behind it that the fate of the measured depended upon his being allowed to loose the flood-gates and pour forth the facts. He was adjudged out of order and one of the props of monopoly "fell down." But the legislative loss would not have been the chief one the country would have suffered by the incarceration of Mr. Houston. His criticisms of public men in his newspaper are original and drastic. The government he supports after his own peculiar style is not exempt from an occasional cut. If Mr. Dunsmuir had taken the advice of the Tribune he would not have been in the dilemma he is in to-day. If he had "fired" Mr. Eberts, who is lazy and does not keep up with his departmental work; Mr. Wells, who is incompetent; and Mr. Prentice, who is worse than either, and taken in certain persons whose names the Tribune is too modest to mention, all would have been well.

It is comforting to feel that the schemes of that Nelson lawyer failed and that the Lieut.-Governor may not be under the painful necessity of sending a message to jail when his present advisers are convinced they cannot "control the House."

THE SPOILED BABY.

As a general rule not much credence should be placed in dispatches from Washington; but it would be in entire accord with British practices in the past if the news published in the London Chronicle to the effect that the British government is about to concede all the United States has demanded in connection with the Clayton-Bulwer treaty should turn out to be correct. Cordial relations must be maintained at any price with a neighbor who has proved somewhat truculent, to say the least. Several states larger than many European countries were given away with this object; but it is not noticeable that the sacrifice made any great improvement. Britain might just as well have been in possession of Michigan, Wisconsin, Indiana and other central territories, besides Washington and Oregon, to-day for all she has gained by her sacrifices. It is not probable that there is anything in the tradition that these great tracts were given away simply because in the one case it was impossible to reach them on account of the seemingly impenetrable barrier of Niagara Falls and in the other because the salmon would not take a fly. It was the policy of conciliation that was at the bottom of it all, and it has proved a lamentable failure. It is not a good policy for any state to act in such a manner towards another as to leave the impression that the good opinion and offices of the one is almost necessary to the existence of the other. Canada suffered much because of this mistaken attitude and would have been compelled to endure more if she had not insisted on having a voice in all negotiations in which her interests were involved. This is recognized by our neighbors, and they are very anxious that all outstanding differences should be taken up and settled out of hand by the two sovereign states without regard to our claims or contentions. It would be done, too, if our government were not firm in its insistence upon our rights. There is no reason to believe that we have fallen in the esteem or respect of our neighbors because of our attitude. On the contrary, a pusillanimous surrender would probably earn their just contempt. We have no desire to appear unreasonable. Any claims we have we are willing to submit to impartial arbitrators. If the American position on the Alaska boundary dispute, for instance, be as sound as it is held to be, our neighbors should not have the slightest hesitation in joining issue with us. But they won't. They say they will not yield up an inch of the territory they have taken possession of. That is the attitude of a national bully, not of a people who feel they have right on their side. There is no power on earth prepared to resort to force over such a comparatively trivial matter. But it will be a reproach to the American people as long as it remains in its present position. They are not very thin-skinned, however, and they will bear the blemish without blushing. As Canadians, we have the truest admiration for the many admirable qualities of our neighbors, their generosity, keenness in all forms of intellectual activities, progressiveness, inventiveness and ambition to rule the earth, but we shall positively refuse to follow the example of our good-natured mother in giving them their own way in everything. The United States is the spoiled baby of the great Anglo-Saxon family.

The British appear to have a fairly strong case against Dr. Krause after all the deprecatory remarks that were made at the time of his arrest. The war is undoubtedly to be deplored, but it has brought out some evidence of the "slimness," not to use too harsh a term, of the men who fight with the Bible in one hand and the sword in the other that would be convincing to any man but a British radical or a Yankee pro-Boer. A storm of protests was raised at the methods adopted by the British to bring the war to an end. The Boers led in this and were closely followed by their backers in the United States and on the European continent. A correspondent has dug up one of the proclamations of these same Boers just when they thought they were commencing the work of "driving the British into the sea." After asserting that the success of the arms of the united republics had led to the taking possession of a portion of the colony of the Cape of Good Hope, President Steyn declared the martial law of the Free State to be applicable to "every deed which may tend to endanger the safety of the burghers and men, injure them or assist the enemy." Here is a list of the offences covered by the proclamation and the manner in which offenders were to be dealt with:

"All persons who do not constitute a portion of the British army and who (a) serve the enemy as spies; (b) cause the burghers and men of the South African Republic and Orange Free State to lose their way when acting as their guides; (c) kill, murder or rob persons belonging to the men of the two republics, or form a part of their following and train; (d) destroy bridges or damage telegraph lines, heliographic apparatus or railways, or in any way cause damage to parts or portions of the same whereby the republics may be hindered or her people or property damaged, or even they who in any way endeavor to repair or improve the damage done to property or apparatus or who set fire to the ammunition, war supplies, quarters or camps of the republican forces, or in any way damage them; (e) take up arms against the forces of the said republic, shall, at the discretion of the council of war, be punished with death or imprisonment not exceeding fifteen years."

* * *

The election to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. Turner will be brought on shortly, we suppose. The opponents of the government assume that victory for them is assured. We are not so sure about it. Mr. Dunsmuir, in spite of his waning political influence as a whole, is a powerful man in Victoria. He will have no difficulty in securing a man to stand for what he represents in this city. He has abundance of the stuff that is a powerful factor in elections. There is reason to believe that a "policy" is in process of creation that will be a stunner. Our weaknesses are well-known. It is felt that we all fall down before an alluring railway "proposition." The leader of the opposition that has gone over to support the government knew this when he proposed to build a state-owned line from the Coast to Kootenay. People of less astuteness have now "caught on." The opposition may look for a strong policy, with a modified railway paragraph in it, in addition to many other features which will read beautifully on paper.

* * *

There is something deeper than "mere humor" in this "moralistic" paragraph by Mark Twain. He had received an invitation to attend a celebration at Buffalo, but felt compelled to decline because the capacity for enjoyment of functions had departed and the frailties of approaching age had taken its place. In the letter expressing his regret there are many whimsical reflections, but there is a strain of sadness, or at least of regret, at the thought that the sands of life are running low, in the following:

"The whole science of things is turned wrong end to. Life should begin with age and its privileges and accumulations, and end with youth and its capacity to splendidly enjoy such advantages. As things are now, when in youth a dollar would bring you a hundred pleasures, you can't get it; when you are old you get it and there's nothing worth buying with it then. It's an epitome of life. The first half of it consists of the capacity to enjoy without the chance, the last half consists of the chance without the capacity."

* * *

Mr. Keary, the gentleman who attacked all whom he supposed had taken a hand in the work of making the Victoria exhibition a success, must have a short memory. It is not so many years since a considerable number of those who were reluctantly forced to the conclusion that this city and surrounding country must be developed somewhat more before an agricultural show could be made a success joined with a number of Westminster gentlemen in petitioning the government to divert the grant which annually fell to Victoria for the benefit of the Royal City exhibition. That was a display of the right kind of spirit, and that spirit still exists here. It is felt that there is a field for both enterprises, and that with cordial co-operation both may be made not only financially successful, but powerful for good in the community.

THE KING'S PRECAUTIONS.

Tatler.

Among the works which are taking place at Windsor Castle is the pulling up of all the floors—which have not been touched since the beginning of the last reign; some not for a century. They are to be completely relaid on modern principles, and are to be rendered fire-proof. Since the burning of Sandringham the King has always had a great dread of fire, and he is taking advantage of the present opportunity of rendering the castle more secure against the devouring element.

THE GLORIOUS SEASON.

Frank L. Stanton in Atlanta Constitution.

Jest a breath o' winter; it ain't so fur away,
Though 'twill be a little while yit 'fore you hear the fiddles play;
Yit it's good to dream about it—the eyes that brightly glance,
An' the room a-goin' roun' you in the glory o' the dance!

Jest a breath o' winter—a whisper in the pines,
An' fewer songs o' mockin' birds—a rustle in the vines,
An' the gold leaves in the woodlands! * * * well, the summer had its joys,
But it's winter that makes music for the merry gals an' boys.

Jest a breath o' winter: Let it come an' stay awhile!
The sweet spring and the summer made all the gardens smile:
But winter has its pleasures, an' the boys'll take their chance
With the rosiest o' pardners in the bright round o' the dance!

THAT $100,000 BY-LAW.

To the Editor:—I read with much interest the letters of "Fair Play," "Citizen," and also your editorial on the above proposition, as the same appeared in last evening's issue of the Times. There is no desire to deny that there is much reason and justice contained in some parts of the letter of "Fair Play" and your own editorial, and if other conditions were equal, I do not think that the ratepayers generally would object to voting this by-law, but the conditions are not equal, but the reverse, and besides which it is most imperative to bear well in mind that we have already this year voted the very large sum of $280,000. This is a very large sum indeed for a small city like Victoria.

But while admitting that there is some amount of reason in the arguments used by "Fair Play" and yourself, I feel with many others that a decided and very emphatic objection must be taken to two aspects of the statements put forward by "Fair Play" and yourself. First, there is the attempt made in each to scare or frighten the ratepayers of this city into voting this by-law by trotting out the old scarecrow, viz., the danger of an epidemic. In opposition to this alarming statement the opponents of the present by-law are more than justified in calling attention to the fact that the death rate of this city for many years past and at present certainly compares most favorably with any city on the American continent. Then why try to alarm the public mind when there exists no reasonable cause whatever for so doing.

The second objection is to the assumption that it is a matter of very small concern and that the ratepayers are very indifferent about further increase of their taxes. In this assumption you are greatly astray, for there is an undoubted strong and very hostile feeling against any increase whatever in the already oppressive taxation of the ratepayers in this city. In confirmation of this, it is a fact well known to many that the great majority of those who own property here would be only too glad if they could sell the same at half what the city assesses it at. It is also common knowledge that seventy-five per cent. (and probably a much larger proportion) at least of all property in this city is already mortgaged. This no doubt is largely due to the eight years of very dull times which the city has passed through, but in many cases the mortgages are the direct result of excessive taxation, the owners being driven to mortgage their properties to meet the ever-increasing, extravagant and wasteful demands of our city council and school trustees. Further, it is an undoubted fact that there are in this city quite a number of citizens who, if they could only realize what fragments of interest are left them, would quit the city in disgust at the conduct of both the council and school board, who each year seem bent upon plunging the city deeper and deeper into debt, and thus aggravating the difficulties of those who have invested their money in house property in this city. These constant efforts to increase the intolerable burdens of the ratepayer is done without the government or the city authorities making any serious effort to provide means whereby an equivalent in the money earning power of the community is brought about to enable them to meet the ever increasing demands of the tax-gatherer.

In fact it is felt by many in the city that matters are rapidly approaching such a condition that only a very few, outside of government and city officials and some of the favored employees, can continue to live in any sort of decency in the place. Of course it is all right for those who have light duties, short hours, big pay and long holidays (paid for), but how about those who are being taxed out of every dollar? They have to provide these good things for the few. It is more than high time that the ratepayers put a stop to the thoughtless propositions and the wasteful actions of our city officials and teach whoever may be elected to the city council or school board that they will no longer consent to be used as a catspaw to pull the golden chestnuts out of the fire for the favored few, and I have no doubt that the result of the vote on this $100,000 by-law will fully demonstrate the determination of the ratepayers not only to reject the present proposition, but to insist upon such changes in the expenditure of the present revenue of the city as shall admit of a large reduction of our present rate of taxation.

PRO BONO PUBLICO.

THE GRANE FLAG AV OIRELAND.

To the Editor:—Success to ye, J. Mortimer Killy, whoever ye may be. The grane flag wid the harp had a roight in the dicthrations. Jist stand the wan insignidicant committeeman before me fer a minnit an' OI'll prove that the foightin' min 'af Oirelan' wur not all kilt in Africky. The harp on a grane field is as good as the yaller wid the animal standin' on its hoind legs. An' didn't owr roiflemin win the throphy from their counthrymin in New York? Whin they shut the Dublin Fusaliers to the war, shure, they picked out the good shots to stay at home an' shoot for the throphies. Whin ye say that the harp wur timed by the Droods af old ye sthruck the roight note. An' we are bether able to jidge the merits af the harp than the committeeman. Didn't we play on the jew's-harp whin we were childern, J. Mortimir? An' riferin' to the dicthrations agin. Shure, we honored iviry counthry but the wan that fotres aff crackers an' pulls down our national imblim on the fourth af July. The only fault OI found wid the whole bisniss was that the Canadins nivir objectid to havin' their flag in Chainatown. Geeves was a diplomat (if ye understan' the term, J. Mortimir). He put the grane shnakes on the poles an' the harps on a sthring. Shure the grane prudominathed. Cara put grane all over his sthore, an' the Dook had wan Oirishman on his staff. OI think, J. Mortimir, the Scotchmin had a rore roosin'. The polpes wur soilint, an' the min widout the trowsirs were in the minority this toime. They should hav' had a flag wid a polper on it. Nixt toime the committimin will kick at the grane foight in the fountane at the parliamint bildins. Shure we always will have kickers, J. Mortimir. Let thim make goo-goo eyes at us. We have Bobs an' the rist af the Ginirals, an' we feight whiriver they naad us. The cilibration is over, ould boy, an' the grane flag wid the harp took its place wid the St. Garge's Cross, the Lion, an' the Chainese lantherns. Whin another cilibration comes on we will put the grane cote af the committeeman on a pole an' hang it up on Goyirmint strate an' knock the hed aff the man that sez we are not the foighters af the nation

KILKINNEY.

FRENCH MILITARY INVENTION.

A new method of transferring infantry across a river has just been successfully tried near Dijon. It has the merit of extreme simplicity. An oilcloth sack carried by each squad serves as a float to which a cord taken to the opposite bank by an expert swimmer is fastened. The sack can hold three men's field equipment and ammunition and easily support the three men, while their comrade hauls the float to the other side. The men keep their belts and are strapped together round the floating sack, holding their rifles easily above water. As many as seven can be borne by the improvised float. Captain Meyer, of the 26th Dragoons, stationed at Dijon, is the inventor. He has been congratulated by General de Feron, commanding the 15th Division, on the success of the experiment.

Before. After.

Wood's Phosphodine,
The Great English Remedy.
Sold and recommended by all druggists in Canada. Only reliable medicine discovered. Six packages guaranteed to cure all forms of Sexual Weakness, all effects of abuse or excess, Mental Worry, Excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants. Mailed on receipt of price, one package $1, six, $5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlets free to any address.
The Wood Company, Windsor, Ont.
Wood's Phosphodine is sold in Victoria by all responsible Druggists.

VICTORIA THEATRE.
TUESDAY, OCT. 8TH,
Jacob Litt's Melodramatic Production,
In Old Kentucky
5th Winning Year. Now Better Than Ever. Elaborate Scenery.
SEE THE LEAP FOR LIFE.
SEE THE GREAT HORSE RACE.
SEE THE EXCITING DUEL.
SEE THE THRILLING FIRE SCENE.
SEE THE EVER POPULAR PICKANINNY BAND.
A Rag Time Concert every evening at 7:30 by the Original Pickaninny Band.
Prices, $1.50, $1.00, 75c. and 50c.
Seats on sale at Victoria Book & Stationery Store.

VICTORIA THEATRE.
One Joyous Night,
WEDNESDAY, OCT. 9.
First time in Victoria of the Eminent Comedian,
THOS. Q. SEABROOKE
In Sydney Rosenfeld's Comic Romantic Play,
A Modern Crusoe
Presented in a magnificent manner with an admirable Company, including Miss Isabella Evesson.
Prices $1.50, $1.00, 75c. and 50c. Seats on sale at Victoria Book & Stationery Store.

BUSINESS
Demands a large number of our graduates in March. A course takes six to seven months, so you should begin NOW, or we will be short. We are running short now! We can place between 75 and 100 boys every year. To-day we have none. No difficulty to place all the girls you send us. Remember, we keep them till they are in a situation.
THE VOGEL COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
Vancouver, B. C.

An oak tree of the average size, with 700,000 leaves, lifts from the earth into the air about 123 tons of water during the five months it is in leaf.

SPENCER'S
-MORE NEW-
GOODS TO-DAY.

French Flannels For Waists
New colors, with small silk embroidered figure. This is quite a novelty and the price is very moderate, 75c. yard.
Splendid patterns in new waist and wrapper material, 15c. and 25c. a yard.
New Persian Patterns, 20c. a yard.

Children's Cream Bearskin Coats
A splendid shipment of these useful coats for little children just opened out, 3 sizes, good variety of styles. Some all bearskins, others cream cord, cream serge and cream fancy coating trimmed with bearskin. Price $2.75 to $6.50.

Ladies' Warm Fancy Flannel and Flannelette Wrappers
Good patterns and fine assortment, price $2.00 to $4.75.

Boys' and Girls' Caps
Navy blue Sailor Tams, cream Astrachan Caps, boys' Golf Caps, Corduroy and Plush Tams, extra values 25c. and 50c.

New Dress Goods
Plain cloths, new shades, two qualities, are special value, $1.00 and $1.25 a yard.
Silk-finished Cheviots, new shades, 90c. a yard.
Camel's Hair Broadcloths, new shades, $1.25 and $1.50 a yard.

New Belts
Pleated Satin Belts, new buckles, new Leather Belts, new Velvet Belts.

An Ideal Investment.

PROPERTIES

McKitterick District, Kern County
160 acres in the famous oil belt, pronounced by experts A1 oil lands. Drilling on adjoining property.
Also 40 acres nearly adjoining the above, on which we are now operating, our well No. 1 being down over 900 feet, with indications almost identical with those of the heaviest producing wells of the district.

Midway District, Kern County
160 acres in the vicinity of the best producing oil properties.

Coalinga District, Fresno County
160 acres near the most celebrated producing wells of the district, of undoubted high value.

Glenn District, Glen County
We have just purchased 160 acres in the heart of this new district.
This property has oil seepages on the surface and promises to become immensely valuable.

Berryessa District, Napa County
We are now negotiating for 2,000 acres in this new district, which we will undoubtedly secure. The oil produced here is of exceedingly high grade and contains a large percentage of lubricating oils, which command a high price in the market.

Being Incorporated under the laws of South Dakota, this company's stock is positively non-assessable, and stockholders cannot be frozen out.

Oil Land Company
OFFICES:
465, 466 AND 467 PARROT BLDG.,
San Francisco, California
Under the able management of
COL. L. P. CRANE ..... President
L. L. STEPHENS ..... Vice-President
G. W. LYNCH ..... Secretary
JAMES BARLOW ..... Field Superintendent
HORACE A. GRANT .....
WESTERN NATIONAL BANK of San Francisco ..... Depository

Incorporated under the Laws of South Dakota, February 20th, 1901.
CAPITAL STOCK, $1,000,000.00
Fully paid up and positively non-assessable. Divided into 1,000,000 Shares.
Par Value, $1.00 each
REFERENCES:
Pacific Coast Underwriting Company.
Pacific Coast Petroleum Miners' Ass'n.

"California's Oil Fields"
Promise Greater Profits Than its "Gold Mines" Ever Made.

Special Note
We will deposit Gold Bonds guaranteeing the above proposition, with interest at 8 per cent., if buyer pays par value ($1.00) for our stock. This makes it as safe as Government Bonds. Buyer to have full benefit of all dividends and advances in price.
The organization of this Company differs radically from all others, as all of its stock belongs to the treasury—there being absolutely no promoters' stock. Every shareholder stands on the same footing as the most favored person connected with the Company, and all stock issued must show upon the books of the Company as having been paid for in full.
Profits on Oil Shares are phenomenal. Many cases can be cited where they advanced 100 for 1 inside of a year in companies whose prospects were not as bright as ours are to-day.
100,000 Shares of this Stock are now offered at
15c per Share
This extremely low price is made for the purpose of quickly developing our property and giving the first purchasers the benefit usually given to promoters.
Mail Your Orders at Once
Make all Checks, Money Orders or Bank Drafts payable to
A. R. Thomas
Broker
Molson's Bank Building, Seymour Street, Vancouver, B. C.
AGENTS WANTED

Saunders' Groceries
Are popular all over the city, because of Quality and Price. A trial order will convince you.
Huntley & Palmer's Biscuits.
MIXED, 19 kinds, per lb. ..... 25c.
ALBERTS ..... 25c.
MARIE ..... 25c.
WATER CRACKERS ..... 20c.
Telephone or letter orders will receive our prompt attention
THE SAUNDERS GROCERY CO., LD.
39 AND 41 JOHNSON STREET.

Sheffield Cutlery Store.
Table Carvers, Table Cutlery, all sizes of Scissors and Shears, Ladies' and Gents' Pocket Cutlery, 300 styles, Razors, complete Shaving Outfits; warranted best Sheffield goods, at
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THE ONLY GENUINE STANDARD BRANDS OF FLOUR
Ogilvie's Hungarian
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ALWAYS SPECIFY OGILVIE'S.

Our Guaranteed Rubber Goods

Viz.: Hotwater Bottles, Fountain Syringes, Air Cushions, etc., are the kind that every careful buyer will naturally select.
They are bought to wear.
They are sold to wear.
THEY WILL WEAR,
Or we refund the money.

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Dispenses Prescriptions.

98 Government St., Near Yates St.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, Oct. 8.—5 a. m.—The barometric pressure is high over the North Pacific slope, the centre of the area being over western Washington and Vancouver Island. East of the Rockies a low pressure area extends along the southern portion of the Territories. Showers have fallen in British Columbia, and heavy rain on the Columbia river. It is raining at Edmonton, and a heavy fall of 1.72 inches is reported from Port Arthur.

Forecasts.

For 36 hours ending 5 p.m. Wednesday.

Victoria and vicinity—Light or moderate winds from north and east, partly cloudy, not much change in temperature.

Lower Mainland—Light or moderate winds, chiefly cloudy and mild.

Reports.

Victoria—Barometer, 30.30; temperature, 50; minimum, 50; wind, calm; rain, .15; weather, fair.

New Westminster—Barometer, 30.32; temperature, 48; minimum, 46; wind, 4 miles S.; rain, .10; weather, cloudy.

Nanaimo—Wind, calm; weather, fair.

Kamloops—Barometer, 30.28; temperature, 40; minimum, 40; wind, calm; rain, .04; weather, clear.

San Francisco—Barometer, 30.08; temperature, 60; minimum, 56; wind, 4 miles N.; weather, fair.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF.

Shredded Wheat Demonstration at Erskine, Wall & Co's. Ladies specially invited.

—To-morrow evening at the city council chamber a regular session of the public school board will be held, commencing at 8 o'clock.

—Pan-American exposition, Buffalo, N. Y., May to November. Ask Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway about reduced rates. R. M. Boyd, commercial agent, Seattle, Wash. C. J. Eddy, general agent, Portland, Ore.

—The favorite route from this city to Nanaimo is now by the Victoria & Sidney railway and steamer Iroquois. Train leaves every Monday and Thursday at 7 a.m. Single fare $1.50. Return, good for ten days, $2.50.

—A report was current in the city today that Jacob Hasenfratz, who was injured by a gunshot a few days ago, had died. Inquiry at the Jubilee hospital proves the report to be incorrect. The victim is progressing favorably and may recover.

—Jesse A. Longfield has received a note from Sir Arthur Bigge stating that he has been directed by their Royal Highnesses to thank him for a copy of his composition "The Cecilian Intermezzo," which he forwarded for acceptance by their Royal Highnesses.

—The death occurred at the family residence, Metford avenue, yesterday morning, of Mrs. Catherine Agnes Wolfenston. Deceased was 75 years of age. The funeral has been arranged to take place from the residence at 2 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, and later from Christ Church cathedral.

—The farewell appearance of Stuart Robson, America's most eminent comedian in Victoria, on Tuesday, October 15th, will draw the largest and most fashionable audience ever gathered in this city. Mr. Robson, yielding to popular demand, will present "The Henrietta," he playing his world-famous role of Bertie, the Lamb.

They'll Outwear the Buyer

and you will be free from Coughs and Colds by wearing one of our Leader Chest Protectors. They are strong and durable, and the price will suit you, from 50c. to $1.00 each. Call and see them.

F. W. FAWCETT & CO.,
49 Government St.

—In the prize list of the recent exhibition mention was unintentionally omitted of the capture of the first prize for the best millinery exhibit by Spencer's Arcade. This display was a beautiful one, containing the very latest styles in hats, blouses, waists and millinery of all descriptions. In this connection it is interesting to note that the exhibit was entirely the elegant handiwork of the milliners of this establishment, and was considered by all competent authorities to equal anything imported from the latest fashion centres. This exhibit was artistically displayed in show cases in the southern wing of the main building.

—The totals for the Victoria clearing house for the week ending October 8th, are $656,484; balances, $137,074.

—The postponed regular meeting of the Victoria Trades and Labor Council will be held in Sir William Wallace hall to-morrow evening.

—The following contributions have been received at the city hall to the Extension mine fund: E. C. Johnson, $1; E. Crow Baker, $10.

—The popular steamer Rosalie sails at 9 a. m. daily, except Saturday, from Hudson's Bay Co.'s Wharf for Seattle and other Puget Sound Points. E. E. Blackwood, Agent.

—There will be a meeting of the committee of the British Columbia branch of the Navy League on Wednesday evening next, October 9th, at 8 p.m., in the office of Messrs. Bodwell & Duff.

—C. E. Hawkins, who recently resigned the general management of the White Pass & Yukon Railway, has been succeeded in that position by A. B. Newell who last year was appointed vice-president of the company.

—A public meeting of the residents of Spring Ridge will be held in the Odd Fellows hall to-morrow evening, for the purpose of discussing the sewerage by-law, which will come before the citizens for approval on Thursday.

—A meeting of the decoration and illumination committee in connection with the reception to the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York is being held this afternoon at the city hall to wind up accounts in connection with that affair.

Call at Erskine, Wall & Co., and see demonstrated the uses to which Shredded Wheat Biscuits can be made.

—The quarterly meeting of the Board of Trade will be held on Friday afternoon, when, among other subjects which will come up for discussion, the members will consider the proposal to change the name of the board to that of the Victoria (B.C) Board of Trade.

—On Monday evening next Principal Sipprell, of the Columbian College, at New Westminster, will lecture in the Centennial Methodist church on "From the Pan-American to the Pacific Coast." The proceeds of the lecture will be in aid of the Sunday School Extension fund.

—The Venerable Archdeacon Scriven will dedicate, on Thursday evening next, the new organ which recently arrived by the Red Rock from England for St. Saviour's church, Victoria West. A harvest festival will be held after the dedication, the offertory at which will go to the organ fund.

—L. McKissick, electrical engineer of the Western Union Telegraph Company, and D. R. Davies and A. D. Wright are in the city. They are here for the purpose of making some repairs to the cable connecting the Island with the Mainland. To-day they took the tug Albion for the purpose of lifting the cable.

—The funeral of the late Mrs. Elizabeth Anderson took place from the family residence, No. 30 View street, at 2:30 p.m. yesterday. Rev. W. L. Clay conducted services appropriate to the occasion at the church and grave. The pallbearers were Messrs. J. B. McKilligan, R. B. McMicking, J. B. Lovell, H. Morley, H. Moss and A. Wilson.

—The office of the secretary of the B. C. Agricultural Association will be removed from the grounds, Cadboro Bay road, to-morrow, to the city market building. Nearly all the exhibits have been cleared away from the grounds, and in a few days the premises will be locked up until next year. They will be left in excellent condition. In a day or so Secretary Boggs hopes to be able to make an interesting statement of the attendance at the exhibition, giving the total number present throughout the week, as well as the number of children and adults.

—A hearty send-off was given the R. H. A. last Saturday night on the eve of their departure for England by their comrades of the Royal Engineers and Royal Garrison Artillery. The Five's Court was tastefully decorated and a capital programme of music was given under the chairmanship of Corporal Gallagher, R.A. Speeches were made by a number of the visitors, who alluded to their pleasant stay in Victoria, and by members of the garrison, who voiced the general regret at their departure. The jolly gathering was visited during the evening by Capt. Orr, R.H.A., Capt. McDonald and Lieuts Wahl and Gregory, R.G.R., and Lieut. Blandy, R.E. The concert closed on time for the detachment to march to the Yosemite shortly after midnight.

The Mutual Life of Canada

Is noted for its favorable rates, high dividends and honorable dealing.

Profits or No Profits.

"Estimates" do not guarantee profits.
Sometimes the poorest company gives the largest "Estimate" of what the profits will be.
When you think of insuring ascertain what profits the company is making per $1,000—and how.
Then inquire who gets the profits.
Actual results of policies which have been paid are a good guide.
Allow us to show you our actual results and our present profit-earning power.

Come A' Ye Scotch Bodies

An' buy ane or twa o' oor Scottish

Teapots, Jugs, Mugs, Cups and Saucers

Just arrived frae Bonnie Scotland, wi' Scottish dialect printed on them, wi' some o' the braidest o' Scotch sayins. Also shipments of Flower Pots at very low prices.

JOHNS BROS.
261 Douglas Street.

WE WANT

To fill your prescriptions. Our dispensing department is complete, our drugs pure and fresh.

HALL & CO.,
DISPENSING CHEMISTS,
Clarence Block, Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

—The Epworth League of the Metropolitan Methodist church held their monthly consecration meeting last night, at the close of which there was a short business session.

—The benefit concert for the Extension mine sufferers, to be given by the band of the Fifth Regiment, will take place at the drill hall on Saturday next at 8.30 p. m. It will be under the patronage of His Honor the Lieut.-Governor and Lady Joly de Lotbiniere, who have signified their intention of being present.

—In the police court to-day Frederick Plowes, who has pleaded guilty to the charge of ill-treating his wife, was given his freedom on suspended sentence on bonds of $100. He must appear for sentence when called for. In the meantime an effort is being made to reconcile the two heads of the Plowes household.

—The death occurred yesterday afternoon at the Jubilee hospital of Peter B. Richards, late of Ladysmith, but formerly of this city. Deceased was well known in Victoria, and was 57 years of age. He was a native of Troy, New York. The funeral takes place to-morrow at 1.35 o'clock from the parlors of W. J. Hanna.

—An amusing incident occurred at the Dominion hotel the other morning. A dog, which had been confined for some time, was being taken out for a run, but seeing the welcome sunlight it became impatient and made use of its liberty by springing through a window, scorning to make its exit by the door. The window was broken but the canine was not hurt in the slightest.

—Constables Clayards has received a letter from Sergeant Llewellyn, with the South African constabulary, in which the writer keeps his former comrade in blue posted as to his whereabouts. He and the others are operating around Krugersdorp throwing up fortifications and protecting the line of communication. In the same company are a couple of brothers of Constable Blackstock, also of this city.

—Douglas Story, the special correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph and New York Herald with the Royal party, who was in the city recently, has contributed to the October Munsey a very interesting article anent the great educational institutions of Europe. The article, which is splendidly illustrated, deals with Oxford, Cambridge, the great educational centres of Germany and Austria and Russia, the system of each being dealt with in a manner which attests the well known correspondent's familiarity with his subject.

Personal.

H. Hansen, one of the oldest and best known mining prospectors of the province, arrived down from the Coast some days ago on business. Having transacted that he will leave by the Queen City to-night for the canal. Mr. Hansen will be best remembered as the prospector who first staked off the claims at Alberni, which have since developed into the well known and lucrative mines, namely, the Hayes and Monitor. Mr. Hansen, while in the city, is quartered at the Dawson.

* * *

Among the many tourists who are at present in Victoria from the States are D. H. Morgan and wife, of Anaconda, Mont. So far, they are pleased with their visit, and intend spending a short time here visiting the points of interest. They are at the Dominion.

* * *

Rev. A. G. Shorrock, after paying a visit to his friends, is in the city on his way back to China, where he is engaged in missionary work. The scene of his labors is Shanghai, and the Empress will take him to his destination. He is at the Dominion.

* * *

J. Loudan, a business man from The Hague, has been spending a few days in the city awaiting the Empress, on which vessel he will travel to China.

* * *

G. W. Maynard, who is connected with the Monitor mines on the West Coast, arrived in the city the other day, and is staying at the Driard hotel.

* * *

O. F. Shepherd, a miner, of Nome, is in the city, having arrived from the North to spend the winter. He is at the Dominion hotel.

* * *

Dr. A. U. Kittilsen, of Tacoma, and H. Furmann, of Seattle, who are interested in mining, are registered at the Victoria hotel.

* * *

Theo. Magnesen, of Van Anda, and P. Stoddard, of Cumberland, are among those staying at the Victoria hotel.

John Oliver, M. P. P., of Delta, is among those registered at the Dominion hotel.

J. J. Thomson, a business man of Glasgow, is staying at the Dominion.

Herbert Cuthbert has returned to the city from San Francisco.

—We have sold a large number of our Snowflake filled Comforters already; but we bought large, because the value is the best we have seen. Weiler Bros.

Practical Demonstration

"The proof of the pudding is the eating." This saying is also true respecting

Shredded Wheat Biscuits

Our young lady demonstrator will be pleased to show the methods of preparation, and give free samples.
EVERYBODY PLEASE CALL.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.
THE LEADING GROCERS.

GUNNER SWEENEY IN WITNESS BOX

GIVES PARTICULARS OF SHOOTING AFFRAY

Denies That He Threatened the Woman Charged With Shooting Him—Other Witness Examined.

The preliminary hearing of the case of Mrs. McMillan, charged with shooting E. Sweeney, a Work Point artilleryman, with intent to kill in a Johnson street shooting gallery, on Tuesday night last, commenced in the police court this morning. Chief of Police Langley conducted the prosecution, and Alexis Martin appeared for the defence. Three witnesses were examined, fellow "Tommies" of Sweeney's, whose evidence, while contradictory on a number of points, was almost identical regarding the shooting. All said positively that Sweeney did not threaten the accused, nor endeavored to get over the counter toward her.

Edward Sweeney, who was shot, was the first witness, and said that on Tuesday, October 1st, in company with Gunners Munn and Downey, he got off the car on Store street, between 9 and 9.30 o'clock in the night. They went up Johnson street and entered a shooting gallery, in which Mrs. McMillan, the accused, was behind the counter. There were quite a crowd of civilians there. Witness shot first, using a 22-calibre rifle, which he received from the accused. He fired three shots, being in competition with a civilian to see who would pay for the shots. He shot with two civilians, winning both. The first civilian refused to pay, and there was a "bit of a bother." The second man paid all right.

The trouble between him and the civilian didn't concern the woman behind the counter. They then went up to Government street, returning between 10 and 10.30, en route home. Gunner Nunn said: "Come in and we'll shoot to see who'll pay for the shots."

Witness shot with Nunn and won, his competitor paying for the shots. Accused then took the rifle and commenced cleaning it. Witness asked her for it for more shooting, and the accused refused to let him have it. Witness again asked her, and she replied: "If you don't get away from here I'll shoot you."

Witness thought she was only joking, and leaning on the counter still asked her for the rifle. He did not know it was loaded. The accused pointed the gun at witness, who turned sideways to avoid the shot which penetrated his breast.

He unbuttoned his coat and putting his left hand inside his shirt and tunic felt blood. He turned around to Gunner Nunn and said: "Now look what she has been doing." The gunner left for an officer and witness crossed the street to a drug store. Accused ran to the rear of the shop. In the drug store both the clerk and witness examined his wound. There was a hole in the tunic and two in the shirt.

Witness opened his tunic in court and showed the hole made by the bullet. The shirt was also produced, and the hole and blood stain shown.

Witness never gave the accused any provocation. He used no insulting language to her, nor jumped on top of the counter. He did not threaten to "clean out the shooting gallery."

Witness had been in the shooting gallery several time and identified the rifle produced as similar to those in use there. He had had a few drinks, but was not drunk.

Cross-examined by Mr. Martin, witness said he left the barracks about 8.30 or 9.30 on October 1st. When they got off the car on Store street they walked up the street, the shooting gallery being the first place they entered. When they left the shooting gallery the first time, they went on business to several places in town. He would have quite a job to tell every place he went to. He could not remember. He went into the Excelsior and had one or two drinks, paying for his own. He didn't go to any other public house.

The Excelsior was on Government street. He did not think he was on any other street. Gunners Nunn and Downey were with him all the time. From the time he left the gallery until he returned, nothing happened that he knew of. He had no fights during this time.

He did not know the civilian he had the fight with in the shooting gallery. They hit each other and witness was kicked in the leg. The trouble arose from an altercation as to who should pay for the shots. He didn't take very much notice, Gunners Nunn and Downey did not take a hand in it, as he was perfectly capable of taking care of himself. He did not know how many time he struck his opponent. He might have had five drinks at barracks canteen before coming to town. Up till the time of shooting Gunners Downey and Nunn were with witness.

Just after he was shot there was, he admitted, a "bit of a row" between himself and a civilian. He had only two fights that day. The civilian, a dark-looking chap, said something as he passed by and witness hit him, the latter retaliating. Witness could not recall what the man said, but only knew that he didn't like it.

Witness again related the particulars leading up to the shooting, and in reply to the question, "Did she give you any reason for not handing you the rifle?" replied: "She gave a bullet through me."

Being pressed on this point, witness said she gave no reason. He denied threatening to break up her place and doing her up. He had shot there before.

His language toward her was all right. Witness had resided in Victoria about 18 months. He had appeared in the police court one time.

Question—"What was the charge?" Answer—"That's none of your business."

Mr. Martin—"Oh yes it is."

The Court—"You will have to answer that question."

Witness then admitted having been sentenced to four months' imprisonment for the theft of a watch." This was the only time he had ever been convicted in Victoria. He had never been convicted of any charge in the Old Country.

He had preferred a charge of theft of $50 against a woman on Herald street, but the case was dismissed in the High court. On the night that money was taken he had to remain in town to attend court in the morning. He never told anyone that he had that charge so that he would not have to return to barracks that night. He forgot all about the incident.

The accused never refused to let him shoot in her gallery, as he always paid. He never went away without paying.

To the Court—He could not say how it was, but he had a fight lasting about ten minutes after receiving the wound.

To Mr. Martin—"I have never been courtmartialed."

Continuing, he said his first fight with the civilian was just outside the gallery. The sergeant of police stopped the fight.

Gunner John Nunn, of Work Point, the next witness, said that on the evening of October 1st, in company with Gunners Sweeney and Downey, he left the barracks for town about 7 o'clock, riding on the car. He thought they got off the car at the Savoy, on Government street. They took a walk around the town, having one or two drinks. From Government street they walked down Johnson, and went into the shooting gallery. Gunner Sweeney and a civilian being in competition.

The accused handed them the gun, similar to the one produced—a 22-calibre weapon. Gunner Sweeney had a row with a civilian about not paying for the shots. He saw no blows struck. They then left the shooting gallery together. They walked around the town and had a drink, after which they returned for more shooting. After shooting with Sweeney, accused commenced cleaning the weapon.

Witness then related the particulars of the shooting, his story being substantially the same as that of Sweeney on this point. After the shooting witness went for the police. He did not see Sweeney attempt to get over the counter, nor hear him use bad or threatening language.

Witness was cross-questioned at length by Mr. Martin, after which Gunner Downey was examined. The case was then adjourned until this afternoon, and is still going on.

Rain Coats

Special values in English rainproof coats. . . .

Yoke
Raglanette
Raglan Styles

$10 to $25

GEO. R. JACKSON,
MEN'S HATTERS AND HABERDASHER.

$100,000.00 To Loan

On improved real estate (first mortgage). This will be lent in large and small sums, but the security must be first-class. This is not Company money.

SWINERTON & ODDY.

Kingham & Co.

Have Removed

Their Coal Office to 34 Broad, corner Trounce Ave.

OFFICE TELEPHONE, 694.
WHARF TELEPHONE, 647.

THE WESTSIDE

VICTORIA'S POPULAR STORE. ..... TUESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1901.

New Fall Dress Goods

Our collection of New Fall Dress Goods contains almost every worthy novelty from the World of Fashion. The almost daily arrivals of high class novelties makes a visit to this department pleasurable and interesting. The latest arrivals will be displayed in the Dress Goods Department this morning.

They are Stylish Productions, the pick of the great looms of Bradford, England.

Select Dress Goods

New Ladies' Cloth, with the special Ripley finish, 50 inches wide, full range of the new Fall Shades. SPECIAL PRICE **$1.00**

All Wool Homespun, for Tailor-Made Costumes, in Grey, Fawn, Brown and all the popular colors. SPECIAL PRICE **$1.00**

Novelties in Dress Goods

French Soudan Cloth, good bright finish, for costumes, in all the newest shades, 50 inches wide. SPECIAL PRICE **$1.25**

Priestley's Cravenette Cloth, 60 inches wide, is positively waterproof and comes in all the fashionable shades. SPECIAL PRICE **$1.65**

Ladies' Wrapper Specials

Ladies' Twill Flannelette Wrappers, in neat floral designs, in colors Navy, Cardinal and Black, cut in the latest style with Dress Sleeve and Fitted Waist Lining. SPECIAL PRICE **$1.40**

Ladies' Stylish Cashmerette Wrappers, with square silk yoke, finished with fancy gimp, Fitted and Bishop Sleeves, colors, Mauve, Green and Grey. SPECIAL PRICE **$1.75**

WRITE FOR NEW FALL CATALOGUE—JUST ISSUED.

THE HUTCHESON CO., LTD., VICTORIA

McCandless Bros.

A FEW LEADERS FOR TO-MORROW

MEN'S WOOLLEN SWEATERS

75c IN BLUE ONLY 75c

BOYS' SWEATERS

75c. line, to-morrow 50c. Colors, red, white and blue.

MEN'S WATERPROOF COATS

Prices from $3.00 to $20.00. Over 150 coats to select from.

MEN'S STRIPED UNDERWEAR

Good weight, 50c. each, three sizes, excellent value.

MEN'S FLEECE LINED UNDERWEAR

At 50c., 75c., $1.00 and $1.50. We buy our Underwear in large quantities and sell on a small margin, hence our big turnover. We sell more staple Underwear than any other clothing house in the city.

OAK HALL
37 Johnson St.

Ceylon Tea

An extra quality put up in 5 lb. Original packages sold at $1.90. Samples given.

WATSON & HALL

Phone 448. 55 Yates St.

Charter Oak Ranges

THE OLD RELIABLE.

Watson & McGregor's

Telephone 745. 99 Johnson Street.

FLY FISHING

Lakeside Hotel,

Cowichan Lake.

This well known resort will open for the season on April 1st.

Stage leaves Duncans Mondays, Wednesday and Friday.

Special return tickets issued by the E. & N. Railway, good for 15 days, $5.00.

Good Warm Underwear

Time to buy warmer underwear. Cold and chills, maybe pneumonia, will catch you if you continue wearing that light summer stuff. Our stock is complete in both men's and boy's sizes in woos and fleece goods.

Men's Woollen Underwear

$1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00 the suit

Men's Fleece Underwear

$1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 and $4.00 the suit.

Boys' Woollen Underwear

$1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 the suit.

Boys' Fleece Underwear

75c., $1.00 and $1.25 the suit.

W. G. Cameron

Victoria's Cheapest Cash Clothier
55 Johnson Street

Victoria Transfer Co., Ld.

Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament, 1883.

19, 21, 23 BROUGHTON STREET, FOOT OF BROAD.

LIVERY

Finest horses, buggies, phaetons and carts.

HACKS

Latest and up-to-date hacks, all fitted with RUBBER TIRED WHEELS.

HEAVY TEAMING

Having greatly increased our stock of heavy teams, trucks and wagons, we are prepared to contract for hauling BRICKS, ROCK, GRAVEL, SAND, LUMBER, or other material, at very low rates.

Telephone Call, 129.

WILL ARRIVE MONDAY

MY NEW STOCK OF

WOOLLENS

Consisting of fine Black and Blue Serges and Worsteds, Oxfords and all the latest patterns in Tweeds, Homespuns, Harris Tweeds, Worsted and Tweed Pantings and Knickerbockers' lengths will arrive on Monday, and be displayed on Tuesday morning. Call and see the new goods and get prices. Fit and workmanship guaranteed.

Alex. Peden, Merchant Tailor

(Successor to Geo. R. Jackson),
36 FORT STREET.

NOLTE
GLASSES ADJUSTED. 37 EYES TESTED FREE.
FORT ST.

REMARKABLE SCENES AT PRAIRIE TOWNS

Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the Breeds—Melton Prior's Experience at Portage la Prairie.

The Royal train on its way to the coast to-day run into a vast billowy tract of snow, which extended north and south, east and west, as far as the eye could reach, says Frederick Yorston, writing to the Montreal Star from Regina. It had fallen in the night and when the travellers westward opened their eyes on Friday morning, there was a beautiful fleecy garment spread out all about them, with countless millions of grain stocks peering through as if in expostulation at the remarkable experience. The air had a keen biting flavor in the early morning, and the travellers, when the train had stopped for breakfast, at Sintaluta, descended to the prairie, and stamped about in the brisk morning air.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier descended with the rest and enjoyed the bracing air. He was presently surrounded by a motley group of farmers, traders, Indians, half-breeds, Mounted Police, women and children. They pressed about him and gave him a cheer. It was a picturesque sight, in the early morning, at the little station. Sir Wilfrid, in his long iron gray overcoat, and black Derby hat, stood in the midst of the throng and smiled good-humoredly at the busy photographers, who were snapping the pretty scene from every possible vantage point. The Premier shook hands with those about him and patted the little half-breed babies held up to him by smiling mothers. Small Indian boys, their tiny dusky faces lit up with curiosity, and their black hair straggling from beneath their ragged caps, stood about the Premier's knees and looked up into his face.

"Would you like to see me again, my little man?" said the Premier, as the train started, but the young Westerner merely opened his mouth and gazed with all his might at the figure retreating into the car. The crowd cheered heartily as the Royal train rolled out of the station.

The scenery to-day is very different from the enormous boulders, sudden sweeps and vast stretches of water in the Lake Superior region. Here there is nothing but a great vastness, wheat stooks by the million, and here and there big stacks showing up in black rows against the horizon. Portage la Prairie came in sight late last evening. Nearly everyone was in bed, but Mr. Melton Prior, the famous war artist, kept guard in the smoke-room. The night was black and there was a drizzling rain falling. Mr. Prior put his head out of the window, and the rain trickled in little rivulets from his bald pate.

"Your know," began Mr. Prior to the admiring crowd, "I am not the Duke"—(loud cheers)—"nor the Duchess either." (Perfect ovation.)

"You must reserve your cheers for the next section."

By this time all the other portions of the train were deserted and a thousand people or more stood in the rain before Mr. Prior's smoker, and watched the genial old gentleman placidly wipe the water from his head preparatory to continuing his remarks. Before he could make a sound, however, a stentorian voice in the crowd shouted, "Three cheers for Mr. Melton Prior." These were given with a vim and Mr. Prior, who blushed at being thus speedily identified, began again.

"Really, you know," said he, "I am delighted with this kind reception. I wish I knew what to do for you, you know."

"Give me a dollah" shouted a small sized man in the front of the crowd, mimicking Mr. Prior's pronounced English accent. There was general laughter.

"What would you do with it, my good fellow," replied Mr. Prior, nothing abashed.

"I would drink it, you know-ah!" readily replied the wag.

"No, you would not, either, my man," responded Mr. Prior, "for you know you could not drink pape-ah."

Mr. Prior pulled his head in, wiped it carefully, and the train moved on.

THE FOUNTAIN OF HEALTH FOR OLD PEOPLE IS

Paine's Celery Compound

It Gives New Vitality, Strengthens Brain Power and Maintains Perfect Digestion.

MR. G. CRAWFORD,

AN OCTOGENARIAN SPEAKS OF THE WONDERFUL MEDICINE.

Paine's Celery Compound has added years of peace, free from the infirmities of age, to thousands of lives. It stimulates the vital powers; it keeps the body free from pains; it gives perfect action to the kidneys; it keeps up nerve force; it builds strength and makes life happy and enjoyable. Multitudes of people reduced in strength, sleepless, nervous and apparently near the end of life, have joyfully testified to rapid gain in vigor with regular and refreshing sleep after a trial of Paine's Celery Compound.

Mr. Geo. Crawford, London, Ont., writes as follows:

"After using eight bottles of Paine's Celery Compound, I wish to let you know the results. I had a painful fullness and an unnatural heat in the top of my head, and it felt as if something was rolling through it. I had dizziness, I slept little and irregularly, was troubled with restlessness and uneasy dreams, and my appetite was bad. I am now vastly changed by the use of your medicine. I sleep well and relish my food, and nervous system is greatly renewed. I feel my whole system better. I cannot expect at seventy-nine years of age to be as I was at thirty, but Paine's Celery Compound has done wonders for me."

Women students at the University of Berlin are not allowed to wear their hair in braids down their back. Two girl students who persisted in doing this were expelled.

COMMUNICATIONS.

BALDERDASH.

To the Editor:—Than the above term no other is more applicable with which to characterize the leading articles lately appearing in the Colonist on the "political situation."

"Personal politics," forsooth! To which party or persons does this expression best apply? Mr. Dunsmuir was selected to lead a party returned to the legislature in opposition to the Martin government.

Did he sink personal politics when he betrayed his party and traitorously placed the control of affairs in the hands of Mr. Martin by forming a coalition with him? If such action was not the quintessence of personal politics it would be edifying if the Colonist would kindly suggest some name for that style of politics.

The public have been patiently awaiting the publication of some defence, or explanation of the extraordinary course pursued by Mr. Dunsmuir in inviting Mr. Brown, one of the leaders of the opposition, and Mr. Martin's first lieutenant, to join his cabinet. As well are they now looking for some reason why, after staking his political existence upon the result of such a course, Mr. Dunsmuir does not, having sustained defeat, do what an honorable politician should—step down and out.

Instead of an effort being made to defend the govenment, the public are treated to a lot of meaningless generalities about "personal politics," "personal ambitions" and "personal scheming," which are quite as applicable, if not more so, to the Dunsmuir-Martin party than to any other, and certainly cannot be made to apply to Mr. McBride, who resigned office rather than sacrifice principle.

Some vague suggestions are thrown out advising the support of a policy—not persons or party—which it is intimated Mr. Dunsmuir will announciate and having a mission to fulfil will remain in office to carry through.

It is thus sought to fool the people, cast a glamor over their eyes, and entrance them with the glory of a policy in the interest of which Mr. Dunsmuir will sacrifice personal comfort and all personal considerations. Surely the Colonist must have forgotten all about Mr. Dunsmuir's railway policy of last session—its absurd and inglorious ending—to suppose that this mysterious hinting about a policy will distract the attention of the public from some simple and plain information regarding the situation.

VOTER.

APPRECIATE TREATMENT.

To the Editor:—Before leaving your city I would like, on behalf of the Kent Agricultural and Horticultural Association of Agassiz, to express our appreciation of the unceasing kindness, courtesy and assistance extended to us while putting up our exhibit by Mr. Beaumont Boggs, the secretary of your exhibition, with all of his office assistants, as well as Mr. Revans, the superintendent of grounds, and the board of management. Also for the kindly and flattering notices regarding our exhibit that have appeared in the city papers, and which have been exceedingly gratifying to us. And I might say, in conclusion, that if the entering of these exhibits this year has the effect of awakening the board of management to the scope these district exhibitions are capable of, both from a spectacular as well as an advertising point of view, thereby influencing them not only to place a space more in accordance with their merits at their disposal, but also to frame rules and regulations regarding the size and quantity admissible in the different varieties of agricultural products included in the exhibits, as well as the selection of competent foreign judges some time before the date of their next exhibition, so that exhibits coming from all parts of the province will have full confidence in obtaining an impartial decision, we will feel that we have been amply rewarded for the time and trouble we have incurred in exhibiting. Congratulating you on the conclusion of a very successful exhibition, and wishing it success in the future,

L. A. AGASSIZ,
Manager.

THE SEWERAGE BY-LAW.

To the Editor:—Surely your "Citizen" of last night's edition has a small idea of the privileges and obligations that word should stand for. To save a paltry dollar or two he deliberately drives a nail into his neighbor's coffin (or his own, maybe) by refusing him the same sanitary privileges that he enjoys himself. He may find he is handling a boomerang and get it in the neck himself, for, unfortunately, there have been many instances of late to show that the unsanitary districts are just breeding grounds of disease for the whole city. He laments his $2 sewerage tax, but is not just enough to mention the $10 or so he saves in scavenger's fees. We outsiders have been helping to pay his interest all these days, and now he is too small to reciprocate. I only trust his shortsightedness will not be brought home to him in the loss of some of his dear ones and a big doctor's bill. Give our youngsters a show, and vote for the by-law.

ANOTHER CITIZEN.

FOR — 1!

To the Editor:—I am pleased that an interest is being shown in the Sewerage by-law, although it is to be regretted that some persons who are afraid to sign their names are to be found opposing it.

The non-borrowing policy has my cordial approval, but if we are to have any improvements at all the city must either borrow or submit to, for the next ten years, higher taxation. As, however, the sewerage system of Victoria is based upon the loan system, it follows that we must continue to borrow until the main sewers are constructed. Already about $560,000 has been expended by way of loans, besides large sums obtained through the general revenue, and unless the citizens are desirous of allowing the sewerage system to halt in its progress, we must vote for another loan. The original estimate for the construction of the general system was about $1,000,000, and it is therefore basely selfish for those residing in the central portion of the city, who have received the benefit of the system, to refuse to vote for the balance of the work to be completed.

As a resident of Spring Ridge, where there has been an epidemic of those ailments which naturally spring from imperfectly sewered districts, I would strongly urge the citizens to support the by-law. Health is too precious a thing to allow mere money considerations to adversely affect it. If the by-law is lost the city council of next year will be compelled to take from general revenue enough to do the work, which will probably involve the raising of the taxes an additional five mills.

W. MARCHANT.

Seal Brand Coffee

(1 lb. and 2 lb. cans.)

Its Purity is its Strength

Flavor and Fragrance its natural attributes.

Imitations are numerous. Avoid them.

CHASE & SANBORN,

MONTREAL AND BOSTON.

ARTIFICIAL EYES.

They Were in Use at Least 500 Years Before Christ.

Chambers's Journal contains an article dealing with artificial eyes. A writer points out that it is not known precisely when or where they originated; but the annals plainly show that in ancient times the priests in Egypt and Rome, who practiced as physicians and surgeons, made artificial eyes, hands, arms, and legs—the Egyptians as early as 500 B.C.

Their method of eye-making is thus described: On the centre of a piece of flesh-colored prepared linen, two and a quarter inches by one and a quarter, the flat side of a piece of earthenware, modelled life-size and painted to represent the human eye and eyelids, was cemented; and this linen, coated on the other side with an adhesive substance, was placed over the eye and pressed down.

These artificial eyes were therefore worn outside the cavity, and, though not strictly artistic in design or detail, were no doubt fully appreciated and worn with pride by the monocular Egyptian and Roman "toffs." It is chronicled that one of these artificial eyes was picked up in the ruins of Pompeii, which was destroyed in 79 A. D.

The earliest known mention of modern artificial eyes—that is, eyes worn inside the orbit—occurs in an exceedingly rare illustrated work on surgery, written by a French surgeon named Ambrose Pare, and published in Paris in 1561.

Pare invented three artificial eyes. The first was a wonderful contrivance. It consisted of a thin metal spring band, which passed half way round the wearer's head, having on one end a small oval plate, which covered the orbit of the eye, and the other end pressed against the back of the head.

The oval plate was covered with smooth soft leather, on which an eye was painted! It would, perhaps, be difficult to devise anything more inelegant or uncomfortable.

The second device was a hollow globe of gold, eye-shaped and enamelled, which was worn inside the socket—the first recorded artificial eye thus worn.

The third contrivance was simply a "shell-pattern" eye, exactly similar in shape to those now used, but made of gold and enamelled. Except that they were made of gold and enamelled, the two latter were practically of the same design as the "globe" and "shell" glass eyes of the present day.

Pare's clumsy, truss-like appliance and his two gold eyes, which were used only by the wealthy, were succeeded by eyes made of painted porcelain and colored pearl white, which immediately became immensely popular.

Next came the invention of glass eyes, which instantly superseded all others, and still command the public favor. Glass eyes, which were invented in 1579, were well known in Shakespeare's time.

In "King Lear," written in 1605, and first published in 1608, Lear, with crushing derision, thus advises the blinded traitor Gloucester: "Get thee glass eyes; and . . . seem to see." As a strict necessity, Gloucester would have required globe-pattern eyes.

In Shakespeare's day glass eyes were literally the finest productions of very inferior workmanship, the iris and the pupil being hand-painted in the best style of that rough and ready period. However, as Father Time marched along, glass eyes progressed and improved in make and finish, especially within the last half century; and now they have reached a high standard of excellence as works of art.

When once you have won a bird's confidence and feel on intimate terms with him, it will surprise you to find what a wonderfully interesting little chap he is. The plainest and commonest kind has a multitude of strange and interesting habits you have never dreamed of, and even the despised English sparrow will exhibit traits of intelligence and affection which will at once win for him a warm corner in your heart. Bird life is not all pleasure and sunshine, by any means. Tragedy and drama there is in plenty, and many a wee bird finds life just as serious a problem as we humans. Comedy and humor there is too, and some species seem actually to appreciate a joke. On one occasion, while watching a busy downy woodpecker industriously boring for grubs, a sharp-shinned hawk dashed by my face straight for the little drummer. Even quicker was the woodpecker as he slipped behind the protecting limb, while the bold marauder, baffled, veered off, perched on a neighboring birch, and after staring with savage hauteur for a moment, disappeared among the trees. No sooner was his enemy out of sight than Mr. Woodpecker bobbed out from his shelter and, perking his head on one side, appeared to wink in such a knowing manner that I half expected to hear him exclaim: "Didn't I fool him neatly?"—A. H. Verill, in Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly.

EXPERIMENTS WITH INSECTS.

M. Devaux, a French physiologist, recently made experiments with insects, his object being to ascertain how long they would be able to resist asphyxiation after they had been submerged in water.

An ant, he says, after being submerged, doubles its body up three or four times and then becomes absolutely inert. Though apparently drowned, it soon begins to move after it is taken out of the water, and at the end of five or ten minutes it walks about as well as ever. If they remain submerged for several hours, say from six to eight, ants require a longer period, at least half an hour, to recover themselves. The direct heat of the sun seems to benefit them greatly. Even if the submersion lasts for twenty-four hours most of the drowned ants come back to life. They do not begin to move for half or three-quarters of an hour and their first tokens of life are so slight that they can only be seen through a microscope. If an ant is lightly touched while it is making these weak movements it becomes more brisk and acts as though it had just been aroused from sleep.

According to M. Devaux, some ants can even be restored to life after they have been in the water for sixty hours. Others, on the contrary, though they manifest a few signs of life, die at the end of one or two days.

"I have," he says, "seen an ant manifest a momentary return to life after it had been submerged for 110 hours. I left three ants lying inert at the bottom of a vessel of water from six o'clock in the evening of May 9th to eight o'clock in the morning of May 14th, and when I took them out one became quite lively after at had passed a few hours in the open air. This insect, therefore, recovered completely after it had been five days under water. I do not believe that there is on record any example on an insect being resuscitated in this wonderful manner."

One would naturally think that insects which generally live in the water and which only occasionally come to the surface for the purpose of breathing, would be able to resist asphyxiation longer than ants and other land insects, but such is not the case. The experiments made by M. Devaux show that aquatic insects are more easily asphyxiated than ants. He placed for ten hours in a running stream several of the former in such a manner that they could not come to the surface, and when he took them out they made only a few weak movements and died soon afterward.

HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

Too many times the origin of a headache is miscalculated, and one begins dosing the stomach for it, when an application of Griffiths' Menthol Liniment would draw out the pain and give immediate relief. It will cure any ache, no matter how severe. All druggists, 25 cents.

A COSTLY PLEASURE.

The ascent of Mont Blanc is a costly pleasure, says a Geneva correspondent. It is necessary to engage two guides at £5 a head, in addition to a porter at £2. This is for a single tourist, one extra guide being required for each other person. In addition to these expenses, it is necessary to feed the guides, and also to give them a handsome tip when the trip, which usually takes two or three days, is finished. The whole cost of the ascent for one climber can be put down at about £15.

Oculists say that the period during which people have the most trouble with their eyes is between 20 and 30 years of age.

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For San Francisco.

LEAVE VICTORIA, 8 P.M.

Steamships City of Puebla, Walla Walla or Umatilla, carrying H. B. M. mails. Sept. 6, 12, 16, 21, 26, Oct. 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31, Nov. 5, and every fifth day thereafter.

FOR SOUTH-EASTERN ALASKA

LEAVE VICTORIA, 6 A.M.

Steamship Cottage City, Sept. 4, 13, 23, Oct. 3, 13, 23, Nov. 2, and every tenth day thereafter.

LEAVE SEATTLE 9 P.M.

Steamships Cottage City, City of Seattle or City of Topeka, Sept. 3, 5, 8, 12, 17, 20, 22, 27, Oct. 2, 5, 7, 12, 17, 20, 22, 27, Nov. 1.

For further information obtain Company's folder. The Company reserves the right to change steamers, sailing dates and hours of sailing, without previous notice.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents, 61 Wharf St., Victoria, B. C.

TICKET OFFICE, 618 First Ave., Seattle, M. TALBOT, Compl. Agent.

O. W. MILLER, Asst. Gen. Agent, Ocean Dock, Seattle.

GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., Gen. Agts., San Francisco.

Spokane Falls & Northern R'y Co.

Nelson & Ft. Sheppard R'y Co.

Red Mountain R'y Co.

The only all rail route between all points east, west and south to Rossland, Nelson and intermediate points; connecting at Spokane with the Great Northern, Northern Pacific and O. R. & N. Co.

Connects at Rossland with the Canadian Pacific Ry. for Boundary Creek points.

Connects at Meyers Falls with stage daily for Republic.

Buffet service on trains between Spokane and Northport.

EFFECTIVE MAY 5th, 1901.

Leave.	Day Train.	Arrive.
9:00 a.m.	Spokane	7:35 p.m.
12:50 p.m.	Rossland	4:10 p.m.
9:15 a.m.	Nelson	7:15 p.m.

H. A. JACKSON, General Passenger Agent.

"The Milwaukee"

A familiar name for the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, known all over the Union as the Great Railway running the "Pioneer Limited" trains every day and night between St. Paul and Chicago, and Omaha and Chicago. "The only perfect trains in the world." Understand: Connections are made with All Transcontinental Lines, assuring to passengers the best service known. Luxurious coaches, electric lights, steam heat, of a verity equalled by no other line.

See that your ticket reads via "The Milwaukee" when going to any point in the United States or Canada. All ticket agents sell them.

For rates, pamphlets, or other information, address,

J. W. CASEY, Trav. Pass. Agt., Seattle, Wash.

C. J. EDDY, General Agent, Portland, Ore.

THE NORTH-WESTERN'S Fast Mail

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE

Have added two more trains (the Fast Mail) to their St. Paul-Chicago service, making eight trains daily

BETWEEN

Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago.

This assures passengers from the West making connections.

The 20th Century train, "the finest train in the world," leaves St. Paul every day in the year at 8:10 p. m.

F. W. PARKER, General Agent, 151 Yesler Way, Seattle, Wash.

Sealed Tenders

Will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday, the 21st day of October, at 3 p. m.,

For furnishing the material necessary for, and constructing, a steel bridge over Victoria Arm, at Point Ellice, in this city.

Total length, 600 feet.

Width of roadway, 24 feet, the bridge to be suitable for highway and heavy tramway traffic.

Full information can be obtained after September 23rd inst. at the office of C. H. Topp, city engineer.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Sept. 18th, 1901.

WALTHAM WATCH CO.'S, ELGIN WATCH CO.'S, DUEBER WATCH CO.'S

CELEBRATED WATCHES

Will be sold by us until further notice at prices 10 per cent. lower than departmental stores, either in Montreal or Toronto, and will duplicate any invoice of theirs at above reduction. WATCH JOBBING DEPARTMENT will be conducted strictly on Toronto prices. The best of material only used, and a full staff of first-class workmen employed. All work guaranteed twelve months.

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TO ATLIN, HOOTALINQUA, BIG SALMON, WHITE HORSE, STEWART RIVER KLONDIKE AND ALL YUKON MINING DISTRICTS.

THROUGH LINE SKAGWAY TO DAWSON, 559 MILES.

TIME TABLE OF RAIL DIVISION.

NORTH BOUND.			SOUTH BOUND.		
Lv. 8.30 p.m.	Lv. 9:00 a.m.	Skaguay	Ar. 4:00 p.m.	Ar. 4:15 a.m.	
Lv. 10:30 p.m.	Lv. 10:30 a.m.	White Pass	Ar. 2:35 p.m.	Ar. 2:10 a.m.	
Lv. 11:40 p.m.	Lv. 11:15 a.m.	Log Cabin	Ar. 1:40 p.m.	Ar. 1:00 a.m.	
Lv. 12:20 a.m.	Lv. 12:05 p.m.	Ben nett	Ar. 1:05 p.m.	Ar. 12:20 a.m.	
Lv. 2:45 a.m.	Lv. 1:40 p.m.	Cariboo	Ar. 11:20 p.m.	Ar. 10:20 a.m.	
Ar. 6:40 a.m.	Ar. 4:00 p.m.	White Horse	Lv. 9:00 a.m.	De. 7.00 p.m.	

Connections made at Cariboo with lake steamers for Atlin.

At White Horse the British Yukon Navigation Co.'s fleet of fine river steamers connect with the trains and afford direct and daily service to all River points.

Special steamer from White Horse for Hootalinuua and Big Salmon districts

Connections made at Dawson for all Lower Yukon River points.

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J. FRANCIS LEE, Traffic Manager,

J. H. GREER, Commercial Agent, Victoria.

Canadian Pacific NAVIGATION CO., LD.

Excursion Rates FOR NEW WESTMINSTER EXHIBITION

Single fare to Vancouver and return, $2.50

Good by Charmer leaving 1.00 a. m., Oct. 1st, and 3rd. Final limit, Oct. 5th.

Single fare to New Westminster and return, $2.50

By steamer Rithet 4.00 a. m., Sept. 30th, and Oct. 3rd. Final limit, Oct. 5th.

Steamer Rithet is leaving 4:00 a. m., Sept. 30th, instead of 7:00 a. m., Oct. 1st, for the purpose of picking up stock and other exhibits at Pender Island, Ganges Harbor, Fulford Harbor, Galiano and Mayne Island.

For tickets and full particulars apply to B. W. GREER, General Agent, cor. Fort and Government Sts., Victoria.

J. W. TROUP, Manager, Victoria.

E. J. COYLE, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., Vancouver.

FAST MAIL.

Str. Majestic

(Speed 16 Knots).

NORTH BOUND.

Leave Seattle ..... 9:30 a.m.
Leave Port Townsend ..... 12:30 p.m.
Arrive Victoria ..... 3:30 p.m.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

SOUTH BOUND.

Leave Victoria ..... 8:00 p.m.
Arrive Port Townsend ..... 11:00 p.m.
Arrive Seattle ..... 2:00 a.m.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents, 64 Government Street. Phone 580.

Atlantic Steamship Sailings.

Fr. Montreal.
Parisian—Allan Line ..... Oct. 19
Australasian—Allan Line ..... Oct. 25
Pretorian—Allan Line ..... Nov. 2
Wassau—Franco-Canadian Line ..... Oct. 17
Lake Ontario—Beaver Line ..... Oct. 18
Lake Champlain—Beaver Line ..... Oct. 25
Fr. Portland.
Dominion—Dominion Line ..... Oct. 19
Fr. Boston.
Commonwealth—Dominion Line ..... Oct. 23
New England—Dominion Line ..... Nov. 6
Ivernia—Cunard Line ..... Oct. 19
Saxonia—Cunard Line ..... Nov. 2
Fr. New York.
Lucania—Cunard Line ..... Oct. 19
Etruria—Cunard Line ..... Oct. 26
State of Nebraska—Allan-State Line. Oct. 16
Celtic—White Star Line ..... Oct. 22
Teutonic—White Star Line ..... Oct. 23
Germanic—White Star Line ..... Oct. 30
Keolgin Luise—North German Lloyd. Oct. 24
Kronprinz Wilhelm—N. G. Lloyd. Oct. 29
Astoria—Anchor Line ..... Oct. 19
Anchoria—Anchor Line ..... Oct. 26
St. Louis—American Line ..... Oct. 16
Philadelphia—American Line ..... Oct. 23
Furst Bismarck—Ham.-Amer. Line. Oct. 24
Deutschland—Ham.-Amer. Line ..... Oct. 21

For rates and all information apply to B. W. GREER, Agent for All Lines, Fort and Government St., Victoria, B.C.

W. P. F. CLEMMINGS, General S. S. Agent, Winnipeg, Man.

Victoria & Sidney RAILWAY.

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney as follows:

DAILY:

Leave Victoria at.....7:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m.
Leave Sidney at.....8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

SATURDAY:

Leave Victoria at.....7:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m.
Leave Sidney at.....8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

SUNDAY:

Leave Victoria at.....9:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m.
Leave Sidney at.....10.15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

Steamer Iroquois

Connecting with the Victoria & Sidney Railway, on and after May 20th, 1901, will sail (weather permitting) as follows:

Mondays.—Leave Sidney for Nanaimo at 8 a. m., calling at Fulford, Ganges, Mayne, Fernwood and Gabriola.

Tuesdays.—Leave Nanaimo for Sidney at 7 a. m., calling at Gabriola, Kuper, Chemainus, Vesuvius, Maple Bay, Burgoyne, Genoa, Cowichan and Mill Bay.

Wednesdays.—Leave Sidney at 8 a. m., calling at Fulford, Beaver Point, Ganges, Galiano, Mayne, Pender and Saturna.

Thursdays.—Leave Sidney for Nanaimo at 8 a. m., calling at Mill Bay, Cowichan, Genoa, Burgoyne, Maple Bay, Vesuvius, Chemainus, Kuper and Gabriola.

Fridays.—Leave Nanaimo for Sidney at 7 a. m., calling at Gabriola, Fernwood, Ganges, Mayne and Fulford.

Saturdays.—Leave Sidney at 8 a. m., calling at Saturna, Pender, Mayne, Galiano, Ganges, Beaver Point and Fulford.

Close connection made at Sidney with evening train for Victoria on Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday.

T. W. PATERSON.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Pan American Exposition Buffalo

Return Rate, $86

GOOD FOR SIXTY DAYS.

Rates to all other Eastern points correspondingly low.

Tickets to Europe by all lines.

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TICKET OFFICE, Cor. Government and Yates Streets, VICTORIA, B. C.

CHEAP RATES

—TO—

PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION, Buffalo, N. Y., and Return.... $86.00

Tickets on sale 1st and 3rd Tuesday of each month.

Tickets sold on Aug. 6th and Sept. 3rd will be limited to sixty days.

Tickets will be limited 60 days from Chicago west, east of Chicago 30 days.

For further information apply to

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THE GREAT NORTHERN

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Passengers can leave and arrive daily by steamers Rosalie or Majestic, connecting at Seattle with overland flyer.

JAPAN-AMERICAN LINE.

Fortnightly Sailings.

"KAGA MARU" will leave Victoria, October 15th, for China, Japan, and all Asiatic ports.

C. WURTELE, General Agent.

OCEANIC Steamship Company

FOR Hawaii, Samoa, New Zealand and Australia.

S.S. ALAMEDA, to sail Saturday, Oct. 12, at 2 p. m.

S.S. AUSTRALIA, to sail for Tahiti, Oct. 24, at 10 a. m.

S.S. SONOMA, to sail Thursday, Oct. 24, at 10 a. m.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., Agents, 643 Market street. Freight office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

E. & N. RAILWAY

Victoria-Nanaimo Steamship Schedule.

Effective Monday, September 30th.

STEAMER THISTLE

Sails From

Victoria, Mondays, 6:00 a. m., for Nanaimo, calling at North Saanich, Fulford, Ganges, Fernwood and Gabriola.

Nanaimo, Tuesdays, 6:00 a. m., for Victoria, calling at Gabriola, Thetis, Kuper, Chemainus, Vesuvius, Maple Bay, Burgoyne, Musgraves, Cowichan and North Saanich.

Victoria, Wednesdays, 6:00 a. m., for Nanaimo, calling at North Saanich, Cowichan, Musgraves, Burgoyne, Maple Bay, Vesuvius, Chemainus, Kuper, Thetis and Gabriola.

Nanaimo, Saturdays, 6:00 a. m., for Victoria, calling at Gabriola, Kuper, Vesuvius, Burgoyne and North Saanich.

Passengers travelling on steamer "Thistle" may take steamer night before sailing, berths free to all ports between Victoria and Nanaimo.

S. S. CITY OF NANAIMO

Sails From

Victoria, Tuesdays, 7:00 a. m., for Nanaimo, calling at North Saanich, Cowichan, Musgraves, Burgoyne, Maple Bay, Vesuvius, Chemainus, Kuper, Thetis and Gabriola.

Nanaimo, Fridays, 7:00 a. m., for Victoria, calling at Gabriola, Fernwood, Ganges Harbor, Fulford and North Saanich.

Passenger fares between Victoria and North Saanich, 15c. single, 25c. return. To Salt Spring and other Island ports, 50c. single, 75c. return.

From Nanaimo to all Island ports and North Saanich, 50c. single, 75c. return.

Freight rates between Victoria and North Saanich, 25c. per ton. Between Victoria and all Island ports, 50c. per ton, ship's option. The above rates include wharfage at Victoria.

Reduced rates for passengers and freight to all other ports of call may be obtained on application to Pursers, Agents or at General Office.

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Traffic Manager.

Provincial News

NANAIMO.

The funeral of the late Mrs. C. Bryant took place on Sunday from the residence of her son, W. R. Bryant. It was largely attended and a wreath of floral offerings attested the respect in which she was held.

REVELSTOKE.

Last Monday night the postal equipment was transferred under Inspector Dorman's supervision from Bourne Bros'. establishment to the new office to be conducted by A. McRae at the Oddfellows hall. The change was affected without any delay in the arrangement of the mails, which were available in the boxes as usual on Tuesday morning.

VANCOUVER.

Brown's salmon canning machine is striking terror into the hearts of the Chinamen. At Boutelier's cannery a number of Chinamen were engaged to finish up the tail end of the pack. They were arranged around the canning machine to help in soldering and other details. As soon as it was understood that most of the work was to be done by the machine, and they were simply to help the machine along, their boss said a few words to them, and without a sound they picked up their belongings and filed out of the cannery. The boss Chinaman was remonstrated with, but he said he would not undertake to supply any boys for those machines.

Word has been received here that the Chinamen in the north had refused to contract with the canners for next year's pack. They give as their excuse that they have advanced money so often to the men they engaged for the work and lost it by the men smuggling themselves over the line without paying, that there was no money in it for them. It is claimed that the real reason is the advent of the canning machine, which is to be put in all the canneries up north.

The Ministerial Association met yesterday and discussed the advisability of urging the city council to ring a curfew bell for children.

Presbyterian, Methodist, Baptist and Congregational ministers will exchange pulpits on December 8th.

Rev. W. C. King, pastor of the First Baptist church in Meadville, Pa., has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Jackson avenue Baptist church in this city. He resigns his present charge in the east at once and will be in Vancouver to begin his pastorate here in about three weeks.

The annual session of the grand lodge of the Independent Order of Good Templars is being held in the Haddon hall, Hastings street, Free Library building, this afternoon. Several important questions will be brought up at the session, which will last for three days.

BOARD OF TRADE.

The Council Held a Meeting This Forenoon—C. P. N. Company's Action Discussed.

A meeting of the council of the board of trade was held this morning, President McQuade presiding, and the following members being present: Messrs. Earle, Todd, Seabrook, Kirk, Cox, Mara, McCandless, Leiser and Moss.

The secretary received a letter he had addressed to the manager of the C. P. N. Company, protesting against the holding of the Hating at Vancouver and the injury thus done to Victoria trade. No reply had been received, but Mr. Vincent said he had wired in regard to the matter to Capt Troup.

A considerable amount of discussion ensued, the members of the board holding that some explanation should be forthcoming for the holding of the boat and passengers at Vancouver.

One of the members suggested that a telegram be sent to Capt. Troup urging a modern boat for the ferry service between Vancouver and Victoria. This was ordered to be done. It was stated that a twenty-knot side wheel boat was contemplated, which would make the trip in four hours.

The failure of the company to even acknowledge the receipt of the letter excited a considerable amount of resentment, and the secretary was instructed to send a copy of the letter to Montreal asking a reply.

A. C. McCandless also referred to the fact that on one or two occasions when the Hating did come down she left the mail at Vancouver to be brought down twelve hours later.

A letter was received from Pittsburg asking the co-operation of the board in having anti-anarchy laws enacted. Received and filed.

A complaint was also lodged through a legal member of the board from C. Dubois Mason of hardships being worked in Atlin because of the failure to appoint a County court judge or deputy sheriff. The same matter has previously occupied the attention of the board. Although the population is sparse, in the opinion of Mr. McCandless, the presence of such a judge during the summer would remedy the matter. The letter was sent on to the attorney-general for consideration.

Capt. Cox brought the attention of the board to the fact that the captain of the dredge had received instructions to remove the dredge to Fulford harbor. Four days would complete the work sufficiently to make good wharfage at Point Ellice. A telegram was ordered sent to Ottawa asking that the dredge remain here until the work is completed.

The meeting then adjourned.

DON'T THROW THEM AWAY

It is just like throwing away money, when you throw away the SNOW SHOE TAGS which are on every plug of PAY ROLL and CURRENCY CHEWING TOBACCO. Save them and you can have your choice of 150 handsome presents.

Ask your dealer for a catalogue.

CATARRHAL HEADACHES.—That dull, wretched pain in the head just over the eyes is one of the surest signs that the seeds of catarrh have been sown, and it's your warning to administer the quickest and surest treatment to prevent the seeting of this dreaded malady. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder will stop all pain in ten minutes, and cure. 50 cents. Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—121.

No Failures or Disappointments When Diamond Dyes Are Used.

A Word About Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns.

Do you make up mats, rugs or carpets in your home? If so, you will readily admit that your success is largely due to the lovely and brilliant colors given to your materials by the use of Diamond Dyes. Users of Diamond Dyes know that they never suffer failures or disappointments in their work; they quickly and easily get the exact color they require, and never waste time or money. If you are interested in the popular work of rug making, and cannot procure the "Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns" from your local dealer, send your address at once to the Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, Montreal, and you will receive free of cost sheets of designs to select from.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

THEIR FIRST PRACTICE.

The first practice of the Collegiate school Rugby team this season was held yesterday afternoon.

ATHLETICS.

GYMNASIUM TO RE-OPEN.

The Victoria Athletic Club held a meeting last evening in the Philharmonic hall, when it was decided to open the gymnasium immediately. Practices will commence to-night.

WILL GO EAST.

(Associated Press.)

Berkeley, Cal., Oct. 8.—California's crack team will go East next spring to meet the teams of the big universities in athletic contests, and to enter the inter-collegiate games at Mott Haven. In every event, with the possible exception of two, the pole vault and the two mile run, California will have a man whose records have already proved him able to compete with the best.

CRICKET.

PHILADELPHIANS WON.

Philadelphia, Oct. 7.—The final cricket match between the English eleven, captained by B. J. L. Bosanquet, and the All-Philadelphia team was continued on the grounds of the Germantown Cricket Club at Manheim to-day.

When the stumps were drawn on Saturday the Philadelphians led the visitors by 189 runs, and it seemed as though the Englishmen were facing almost certain defeat.

The weather was dreadfully cold, but the wicket was in excellent condition. The Philadelphians were all out in their second innings for a total of 186 runs, a total for two innings of 450. The Englishmen then needed 333 runs to avert defeat. The Englishmen were all out in their second innings for 104 runs. The Philadelphians thus won the match by 229 runs.

YACHTING.

TO REMAIN IN STATES.

New York, Oct. 7.—From present indications it is highly probable there will be some very interesting racing among the yachts next season. Sir Thomas Lipton has decided to keep Shamrock II. in the United States this winter with a view of racing her next summer against Constitution and Columbia.

Shamrock is to be dismantled at once. Her mast will be taken off so that she can pass under the Brooklyn bridge, and she is to be towed, after being stripped, to New London, Conn., there to be laid up for the winter with the Constitution, which will also be laid up at the same place.

Sir Thomas Lipton is confined to his yacht, the Erin, which is lying off West 26th street, in the North river. His right leg was hurt while he was boarding the tender a few weeks ago. The tremendous strain it was subjected to during the recent races is beginning to tell, and his doctor has ordered absolute rest for it under the penalty of his being laid in bed, and the possible cancellation of all engagements.

Elaborate preparations are being made at the New York Yacht Club to finally receive Sir Thomas at the club to-morrow night. The affair is to be in the nature of a reception to be followed probably by a few toasts and informal speeches.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

JUNIOR SCHEDULE ARRANGED.

In the Sir William Wallace hall last evening the Victoria District Association Football League held a most enthusiastic meeting, there being a large attendance. The league clubs were represented as follows: Victoria seniors, J. W. Lorimer; Columbia seniors, A. Netherby; Columbia intermediates, B. Wilson and T. Hiscocks; Fernwoods, A. Jones and G. Gallop; Boys' Brigade intermediates, A. Belyea; Boys' Brigade juniors, W. Lorimer; South Park juniors, W. Winsby and F. Cullin; High school juniors, L. Netherby and C. Patterson; Northwest juniors, Mr. Tait.

The High and Central schools and the Victoria West and North Ward schools have both combined. The team formed from players from Victoria West and North Ward schools call themselves the Northwesters.

W. Winsby was elected to the post of vice-president, in place of Stanley Smith, who has resigned.

The junior league this year promises to be very interesting. The boys have become quite enthusiastic over the prospect, and the games are expected to be more evenly contested than ever before. This is predicted on account of the added strength attained by the Boys' Brigade and the Northwest teams. In former years there was no Northwest aggregation, that end of the town having two teams to represent it, and consequently neither were strong enough to stand a chance of winning the cup. This year, however, they having combined, they will make a hard fight for the championship. The High and Central schools are also expected to put up a splendid team, while the Brigade will play with their usual energy and determination to do their best to win the cup, which two years' possession has made them consider their own. Of the South Park team it is sufficient to say that now they have the coveted trophy they will put up a team which will do all in its power towards keeping the championship.

In the intermediate league, prospects from all accounts are not as bright as they should be. It is said that the intermediate league will again this year have only two teams entered, namely the Boys' Brigade and the Columbias. Mr. Tait said last evening, however, that it was the intention of the Victoria West to enter a team in the intermediate league, and on this account the entries were extended. It is to be hoped that some club, such as the Fernwood Young Men's Association or any other organization, will enter a team in this league, so as to make the competition more keen. A trophy will be presented the winning team, and the league established on as firm a basis as the junior or senior leagues.

Last evening an attempt was made to draw up a schedule of games for the different leagues. It was found, however, that it was only possible to arrange the junior games, the entries for the intermediate teams not being all in, and the arrangements for the senior league not having been completed. The junior games were arranged, and will be submitted to the general meeting, to be held on Monday evening, for approval.

It was decided that the first junior game of the season should be played on the 19th of this month between the High school and South Park. The next contest to take place will be between the Northwesters and the Brigade.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Yosemite from Vancouver—A D Dods, Mrs McKenzie, J McKenzie, J Elser, Mr Swanson, C Arthur, J Sehl, C M Christanson, S McClure, G H Moore, H Keightly, J Koremga, T Oswald, W Sinclair, W A Anderson, W G Armstrong, L Williams, D E Mameck, E W Keenlight, Miss J Hall, Miss Temple, J Mackinnon, D R Irvine, T Bolton, W B Steele, C L Jones, Rev R B Blyth, R H Hall, Jno Oliver, M Clemens, Mrs and Miss Reese, Mr and Mrs Tytter, J Stephenson.

Per steamer Majestic from the Sound—G Addison, J A Henderson, Mrs Price, Mrs Berry, D Dalnporli, J J Dinnis, F S McDonald, A S Sheppard, G A Brown, G N Myers and wife, E M Clough, J K Roberts, A L Morrison, A S Sheppard, M McDougall, Mrs Rutlage, Miss White, Capt John Rex Thompson, F Smith, C F Thompson, J Henderson and wife, J Tendor, D H Morgan and wife, S Trueman, Mrs Whittaker, Mrs Ines, W Innis, T N Davis, H G Platt, Mrs Giddings, Mrs McMillan, A Legalled and wife, Mrs Colman, Mrs Hensen, R White and wife, J Henderson, J H Robinson, C J Sheppard, Miss Moore, Mrs Moore, Miss Ross, Miss Dall, Miss Harlon, Mrs Hess, Miss Hess, J McLeod, H J McLeod, J H Brady.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—G H Sweitzer, Miss Friend, Miss Degginger, Sam Polatchek, H Tuoman, A N Kettleson, Miss Henderson, Capt Megneson, Geo Ulrich, Miss Hannstein, G Chippenfield, T S Emerson, J Byrne, J J Thompson, J A Shakleford, O Winstanley, N D Sherley, Alex John, F Montrose, N Davis, A J Mellet, Miss Laird, W H Hawkes, J M Gibson, G B Fonda.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Majestic from the Sound—R H Johnson, L Goodacre, R Porter & Son, S J Pitts, D Leeming.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—E G Prior & Co, Hutcheson Co, J P Geddy, Erskine, W & Co, R Baker & Son, C H Haynes.

THE WAR DOGS.

In the course of a chat about "Training the Army War-Dog," which is recorded in "Chums," Major Richardson says: "Such dogs must be tame and tractable. A savage, biting dog, indeed, is of no use here, for this is the work to be done: The dog's duty is to act as spy, on ahead of a moving patrol; to guard detached posts and sniff out the enemy while he is yet hundreds of yards away; to find missing and wounded men and do ambulance work; to carry ammunition, and, as shown, acts as a dispatch runner. For such duties your dog must be most carefully chosen. Some breeds of dogs are too small, and some too large. Some dogs tire too soon, others have sight not strong enough, cannot scent well, lack intelligence, or are given to hunting any chance rabbit or any other animal or bird that they come across. And when one wants to find a wounded man it will never do for our dog to be worrying about a weasel.

"The breed that I find best for training as a 'war-dog' is, what do you think? Why, our old friend the Scotch collie; and, though in such connection it may sound strange to say so, for preference one that comes from a stock which has had plenty of work at the prosaic occupation of minding sheep or cattle. The collie, you see, is one of the smartest of dogs, has a good nose, splendid vision, a coat that keeps him warm and dry, and he is not of a disposition that prompts him to make friends with anybody. 'Hail fellow, well met,' is not the motto for a military dog. If the collie has been brought up to work hard—and dogs I take in hand all have come from that stock—he will be hardy and alert and on his guard. We have then only to train him in order to develop these qualities. Mind you, the dog must like the tasks set him. Often, as you will perceive, he will be working quite alone, and then, of course, a dog on an uncongenial job will be inclined, as one may say, to stick his paws in his pockets and simply loaf. Once, however, a good, well-trained dog understands what is required of him he will take to his duties positively with zest, and thoroughly enjoy the hunts he is sent upon."

FIRE ALARM SYSTEM

3—Birdcage Walk & Superior St., James B.
4—Carr and Simcoe streets, James Bay.
5—Michigan and Menzies Sts., James Bay.
6—Menzies and Niagara Sts., James Bay.
7—Montreal and Kingston Sts., James Bay.
8—Montreal and Simcoe Sts., James Bay.
9—Dallas Rd. and Simcoe St., James Bay.
14—Vancouver and Burdette streets.
15—Douglas and Humboldt streets.
16—Humboldt and Rupert streets.
21—Yates and Broad streets.
23—Fort and Government streets.
24—Yates and Wharf streets.
25—Johnson and Government streets.
26—Douglas street, between Fort & View.
27—Headquarters Fire Dept., Cormorant St.
31—View and Blanchard streets.
32—Fort and Quadra streets.
34—Yates and Cook streets.
35—Yates and Stanley avenue.
36—Junction Oak Bay and Cadboro roads.
37—Cadboro and Richmond roads.
41—Quadra and Pandora streets.
42—Chatham and Blanchard streets.
43—Caledonia and Cook streets.
45—Spring Ridge.
51—Douglas and Discovery streets.
52—Government and Princess streets.
53—King's road and Second street.
54—Fountain, Douglas St. and Hillside Ave
56—Oaklands Fire Hall.
61—Cormorant and Store streets.
62—Discovery and Store streets.
63—John and Bridge streets.
64—Catherine street, Victoria West
65—Springfield Ave., and Esquimalt road.

ANTS MUCH LIKE MEN.

Some Interesting Facts About Their Domestic Economy.

"There is a lot that is human about these little ants. They like to play and cut up; they make believe to fight and when they wrestle in fun they roll all around like schoolboys. They wash and brush each other and stretch out under the process as much as to say, 'My, that feels good!' When they sleep they often lie on their sides, and sometimes squat down on their abdomen, and the last pair of legs for all the world like a man taking a nap. When they wake up they gape and stretch themselves, and all but say, 'Ho hum!' They always wash themselves and comb their hair as soon as they get up, and that without having to be told like some little persons I know, but will not name here.

"They are like us in keeping pets about the house. Andre counted 584 species of insects, nearly all of them beetles, that are habitually to be found in ants' nests. They must be there with their consent, for any interloper is instantly killed. Some of them are milch-cattle, like the aphides such as caterpillars that give syrup and the little blind beetle claviger, which secretes honey from a tuft at the base of its wings. If one of these clavigers is put into the nest of strange ants they fall upon it and

Slaughter It at Once.

Some kinds of wood lice are kept as scavengers, and the silverfish or bristle-tail and the larva of the elater beetle are handy to have around to do the heavy digging under the supervision of the workers. Many of these domesticated animals are unable to feed themselves. Lespes saw some ants eating sugar. A Lomechusa of their nest came up and nuzzled them till they fed it. Afterward it climbed up on the lump of sugar, but did not seem to know how to get the good of it for itself. But also there are pets about which are as useless as a pug-dog, if another such a thing in the universe can be imagined. The little Stenamma Westmoodii pranks about in the hills of Formica rufa and F. pratensis. It runs along with them, jumps on their backs and takes a ride, and, if for any reason the nest is removed, they go along.

"Then there is another little ant in these nests that is by no means a pet. It digs its galleries in the partitions so small that the big ants cannot get in to kill them. Every once in a while a Salenopasis fugax darts out, snatches up a baby and runs with it into its den, where it eats it up. It is as if we had

Cannibal Dwarfs

lurking in the walls and now and then carrying off one of the children to be devoured at horrid banquets behind the plastering.

"But if we begin calling hard names we might as well keep it up and admit first as last that all ants are cannibals and feed not only on other kinds of ants, but even upon their own species, when they are not of the same household. They capture and carry of the eggs, larvae and pupae of other nests, and what they do not have for dinner to-day they fatten for to-morrow. It is supposed that in this way they got into the habit of keeping slaves. The young captive ants came out of their cocoons, and, being naturally industrious they bustled about and gave the babies their nimmy-nimmy when they cried for it, swept the floor and carried in the coal till the approving workers of the captors began to talk to each other like this: 'That fusca is a handy little thing about the house. Seems a kind of a pity to kill her when we got so much fresh meat on hand, and right in the busy season when help is hard to get. She's so good to the children, too. Let's keep her a while. What do you say?' And then when it was decided to put off butchering day they went to fusca and said, 'Fusca, we've concluded not to kill you for a spell yet. You can stay around and do the work, but mind, if there are any complaints about you, or the children are neglected, or you give any of your back talk— Well, there'll be fresh meat for supper, do you understand?'

"And fusca dropped a courtsey and made answer: 'Yaiss, missy. T'ank yo', missy. Ah'll do de bes' Ah kin.' (It is almost needless to say that F. fusca is a black ant.)

"F. sanguinea can do their own work, and often do not keep slaves at all, but they are little thought of in ant circles. The

Real Nobility and Gentry

are Polyergus rufescens and Polyergus lucidus. Work? They work? No, indeed! You don't see them demeaning themselves building and minding the children, collecting food, or even feeding themselves, if you please. When the nest is changed they do not set a foot to the ground; they are carried by slaves. They have always been accustomed to having help about the house. But they can fight. Their mandibles are fit only to crush other ants' heads. Huber put thirty of them in a box with honey and a lot of their larvae and pupae. What followed reminds one of the stories of the South in the Reconstruction period. They walked around, picked up the children in an awkward way as if they knew something ought to be done, they couldn't just remember what, and laid them down again. There was honey over there that ought to be served. You, Pomp! Where is that black rascal at? But there was no Pompey and they fell to pining for the days befo' the waw. They made them no dwelling. Half of them died of starvation. Then Huber put in a single black ant, Dinah, I think her name was, or Aunt Debby, I won't be sure which; and she began to do about. She built a house and attended to the children, helped the young ants out of their cocoons and fed and groomed the old ones till they were once more able to go about discoursing on the 'scentellaictual-scenfe'io'ity of the niggro, sah!'

"Ants have cemeteries, and it is characteristic of them that the slaves are not buried with their masters, but in another place, over by the back fence among the ragweeds and burdocks."—Harvey Sutherland in Ainslee's.

There is no form of kidney trouble, from a backache down to Bright's disease, that DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS will not relieve or cure.

The Chinese detective force is a secret body, and the best organized in the world. They have an eye upon every man, woman or child, foreign or native, in China, and, in addition, watch over each other.

AN AFRICAN COIFFURE.

The Mashikolumwe are as savage a tribe and as far removed from any form of civilization as can be found in Central Africa. Probably justly, they have a reputation for treachery.

Though the women wear as much clothing as is customary in Central Africa, the men in nearly all cases go absolutely naked. Every man carries a bundle of long-handled barbed assegais. Nearly every man has dressed, or, to describe it more accurately, forced his hair and scalp into a knob or spike which is peculiar to this tribe. Many wear the full headdress, which looks like a long, straight, flexible wand starting from the back of the head. One of these headdresses I measured from the skin of the head upwards. The headdress is made of hair and grease, with a finely shaved piece of antelope's horn inside to stiffen it. In making it the skin of the head is drawn back until a mass of flesh and skin protrudes two or three inches from the back of the head. This causes great pain at first; one whom we asked replied: "We bear the pain because of the beautiful result." On this artificially made base of soft flesh is built an upright cone, gradually tapering to less than one inch in diameter, and prolonged to at least three feet in height. The straight upright piece is quite flexible, and waves in the wind. The completed headdress takes about three years to make, and the happy possessor of a 45-inch spike attached to his scalp takes great care of it. When he sleeps in a hut the flexible end is tied by a string to the roof; when sleeping in the open, a long-handled assegai is stuck firmly in the ground at the man's feet, and the end of the headdress is tied by a long string to the shaft of the assegai, to keep it off the ground. In spite of the time and trouble taken to make these headdresses, some of the men offered to cut them off and sell them for a few yards of calico. I had hoped to buy some on our return journey, but unfortunately passed south, just west of the Mashikolumwe country, and saw no more of this peculiar headdress. Though not tall the Mashikolumwe are well made and active, and, judging by some who followed me when hunting on horseback, good runners.—Geographical Magazine.

THE SPIRIT OF JAPAN.

In the October Century, Mary Cary Humphreys speaks with admiration of the men who made "New Japan."

"Yamato Damashii." In Japan the ear soon catches this constantly recurrent phrase, "The Spirit of Japan." To the native this phrase seems to account for everything we find so incomprehensible in the Japanese character.

A nation that places so little emphasis on personality would not be likely to create any such genial, beneficent characterization of the national traits as we find in Brother Jonathan and Uncle Sam.

The spirit of Japan is the soul of the far East. Of this the samurai in the older days were the guardians. To us, with our less subtle ideas, they seem its embodiment. It is perhaps vain repetition to add that under the feudal system, overthrown only so short a time as thirty-three years ago, the samurai were the soldiers, the scholars, the priests of the great lords whose dismantled castles still perch on the crags of Japan. They received their pensions, greater or less, from their daimios. In return their services were his.

Thus there existed a large body of men who spent their days in adventure, travel, and study, accomplished in the arts of peace as in those of war, receiving all those advantages that come from contact with the world—their little world—and cherishing with passionate devotion the honor and glory of their lord and their country.

These were the men who accomplished the fall of the shogunate, and the restoration of the emperor from the shadow to the substance of power. Although in the new peerage they may be marquis, count, and baron, it is the samurai who are in power to-day, from the premier down to the dignified little policeman in his immaculate white duck, who stands on the corner.

The stories of our bobbin boys our rail-splitters, our tanner boys, our mill-boys of the Slashes are peaceful pastorals compared with the stories of the men of the Restoration, as it is called. These are as full of hair-breadth escapes, swords, and knives as dime novels. It is interesting to add that these personal narrations invariably begin, "When Commodore Perry first sailed up Yedo Bay," spoken as one might speak of a new birth. The other men Saigo, Kido, Okubo—are gone, but their succession remains. Their lieutenants are still in charge.

HALF WAY TO THE POLE.

"We're just half way to the north pole," remarked Mr. Arthur B. Wister of North Perry, Me. "The village of North Perry and its half a thousand inhabitants are on the forty-fifth degree parallel, which makes it the half-way station between the equator and the imaginary pole which the explorers are seeking. The fact is not stated in the geographies, but Uncle Sam's surveyors recently made measurements and observations which led to the official recording of the distinction. The villagers are already boasting of their new geographical importance. The discovery was made a year ago by a corps of government surveyors of the geological survey, who were at work near Calais, on the St. Croix river.

"No announcement was made of the fact until recently, after the calculations of the surveyors has been certified. When these were found to be correct, the government gave orders that a substantial shaft, suitably inscribed, be erected at North Perry to mark the spot. The monolith was quarrried near the village, and is six feet high, exclusive of the pedestal. It isn't every town that is situated just half way between the equatorial line and the northern end of the earth's axis."—The Washington Post.

The tallest chimney in the world is that of a chemical manufactory in Glasgow, 474 feet.

NOTICE.

All mineral rights are reserved by the Esquimalt & Nanimo Railway Company within that tract of land bounded on the south by the south boundary of Comox District, on the East by the Straits of Georgia, on the north by the 50th parallel, and on the west by the boundary of the E. & N. Railway Land Grant.

LEONARD R. SOLLY,
Land Commissioner.

A BY-LAW

TO ENABLE THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA TO RAISE THE SUM OF $100,000 FOR SEWERAGE PURPOSES:

Whereas certain extensive areas within the city limits hereinafter referred to, containing large numbers of private residences and buildings, remain at the present time unsewered, and by the completion of the existing sewerage scheme many of such private residences and buildings will be supplied with sewer conveniences, and other private residences and buildings, for the drainage and sewerage of which the present scheme is inapplicable, can be dealt with by inaugurating a system of Septic Tank treatment;

And whereas it is intended to apply such Septic Tank System to all that area of the city lying to the east of Cook street and also to that portion of James Bay district west of Menzies street, and to the Rock Bay district and to Victoria West, with the necessary main sewers, according to the plans and specifications hereinafter referred to;

And whereas, for the purpose of completing the said sewerage system and providing the means of dealing with the sewerage so at present unprovided for within the city by such Septic Tank system and the necessary main sewers, it is intended to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the corporation of the city of Victoria at large the sum of $100,000;

And whereas it will require the sum of $4,886 to be raised annually by special rate for paying the debt intended to be hereby created and the interest thereon;

And whereas the valuation of the whole of the ratable property of the said corporation, according to the last revised Assessment Roll, is $14,006,325;

And whereas, for paying the interest and creating an equal yearly sinking fund for paying the principal of the said debt intended to be hereby created, an annual special rate of one-third of a mill in the dollar will be required;

And whereas this By-Law may not be altered or repealed except with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council,

Therefore the Municipal Council of the city of Victoria enacts as follows:

1. The sewerage works for completing the system of sewerage, as shown on the proposed plans and outlined specifications prepared by the City Engineer (such plans being numbered 79, 80, 81, 82 and 83, and such outlined specifications being respectively dated the 23rd day of September, 1901, and signed by the City Engineer), subject to all necessary alterations, modifications, or additional works to be determined from time to time by the Council on the advice of the City Engineer, shall, so soon as the moneys intended to be raised in pursuance of this By-Law have been obtained, or the necessary portion thereof, forthwith be carried into execution.

2. The sewerage works intended to be carried out by means of the said Septic Tank system, as shown in the said proposed plans and outlined specifications, and the main and branch sewers incidental thereto, subject to all necessary alterations, modifications, or additional works to be determined from time to time by the Council on the advice of the City Engineer, shall, after the necessary moneys have been obtained as aforesaid, be carried into execution.

3. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the corporation of the city of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said corporation at large, by way of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $100,000 currency or sterling money at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinbefore referred to.

5. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed and issued for such sums as may be required, not exceeding, however, the sum of $100,000 either in currency or sterling money (at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling), each of the said Debentures being of the amount of $1,000, or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid, and all such Debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof.

6. The said Debentures shall bear date the 2nd day of December, 1901, and shall be payable in fifty years from the said date at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated thereon, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest; and the signature to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

7. The said Debentures shall bear interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the Debenture and coupon.

8. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said Debentures and the interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or in the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

9. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said corporation to dispose of the said Debentures at a rate below par, and to authorize the Treasurer to pay out of the sums so raised by the sale of the said Debentures all expenses connected with the preparation and lithographing of the Debentures and coupons, or any discount or commission or other charges incidental to the sale of the said Debentures.

10. If deemed advisable by the Mayor, there shall, in the said Debentures, be reserved to the corporation the right upon any future consolidation of the Debenture indebtedness of the city to substitute Debentures of such consolidation secured upon the credit of the city at large. Such consolidated Debentures shall contain the like covenants, conditions and restrictions as are contained in the Debentures issued in pursuance of this By-Law, and in each Debenture issued hereunder a clause conditioned for such substitution may be inserted.

11. That it shall be lawful for the Council of the corporation from time to time to purchase any of the said Debentures, and such Debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of the said Debentures.

12. For the purpose of raising annually the sum required for the payment of the interest on the said Debentures during their currency, there shall be raised annually the sum of $4,000, and for the purpose of creating the sinking fund aforesaid for the payment of the debt at maturity there shall be raised annually the sum of $886.

13. For the purpose of the payment of the said sums in the next preceding paragraph mentioned, there shall be raised and levied in each year a rate of one-third of a mill in the dollar on all the ratable land and improvements in the city of Victoria during the continuance of the said Debentures or any of them.

14. This By-Law shall, before the final passing thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said corporation in the manner provided for in the "Municipal Clauses Act," and shall take effect on the 15th day of October, 1901.

15. This By-Law may be cited as the "Sewerage Loan By-Law, 1901."

Passed the Municipal Council on the 23rd day of September, 1901.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, for the North, Central and South Wards, on Thursday, the 10th day of October next, that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a. m. and 4 p. m., and that William W. Northcott has been appointed the Returning Officer of the said vote.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.
City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., 24th Sept., 1901.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE

Sewerage Loan By-Law, 1901

I hereby give notice that such of the Electors of the Municipality of the City of Victoria as are entitled to vote on a By-law for raising money upon the credit of the Municipality are requested to attend at the polling place, or places, of the Ward, or Wards, of the said Municipality, at which they are so entitled to vote, on Thursday, the 10th day of October, 1901, from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m., and to record their votes for or against the passage of the "Sewerage Loan By-law, 1901," a copy of which By-law is published in the "Victoria Daily Times" and copies whereof are posted up at the City Hall, at each of the polling places, and in each ward.

And take notice that the said By-law will not be valid or of any effect unless the vote polled in favor thereof be at least three-fifths of the votes polled.

The polling places are as under:

For the North, Central and South Wards, at the Public Market Building, facing Cormorant street.

Given under my hand at Victoria, British Columbia, this 27th day of September, 1901.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
Returning Officer.

Royal Floral Nursery

FINE HOT HOUSE GRAPES

WM. DODDS, 207 Fort St.

NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF JAMES PEARSON, DECEASED.

All persons having claims against the estate of the deceased are requested to send particulars thereof, duly verified, on or before the 14th day of October, 1901, and all persons indebted to the estate are requested to pay such indebtedness forthwith, to Edward Pearson, No. 17 Yates street, Victoria, B. C.

Dated the 14th day of September, 1901.

EDWARD PEARSON,
Executor.

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The Institute is free for the use of Sailors and shipping generally. Is well supplied with papers and a temperance bar. Letters may be sent here to await ships. A parcel of literature can be had for outgoing ships on application to manager. All are heartily welcome.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria for a transfer to Alfred P. Briggs and Seth L. Chamberlin of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Grotto saloon, Trounce Alley, in the city of Victoria.

Dated the 26th day of September, 1901.

S. O'BRIEN.

THAT COUGH
Will Yield to
London Hospital Cough Cure
Try it. 50 cents per bottle.
Manufactured only by
John Cochrane, Chemist
N.W. Cor. Yates & Douglas Sts.

SEALERS HEADING UP THE STRAITS

TWO WERE PASSED BY THE TUGBOAT LORNE

All Are Believed to Be Now Returning—Sugar Steamer Crusader Completes a Long Voyage.

Again yesterday sealers were sighted in the Straits. The tug Lorne, which returned last evening from having towed the lumber laden ship Fort George to sea from Chemainus, reported passing two schooners heading up the Straits, which were at once identified as sealers but were not seen at sufficiently close range for further recognition. The whole fleet have probably left Behring Sea ere this. They are being anxiously looked for, little being known as to what luck they have had during the season. Last year and the year before the first schooner to reach port from the Sea arrived on the 9th of October, and only a few had remained late in the Sea. Therefore it is thought that the first favorable weather now will bring a good fleet into port. Those now, with one exception, come from the Copper island coast, and brought no news of the fleet in the Sea. In fact, beyond a few meagre reports no information whatever has been received from the fleet from the time they sailed from the West Coast. The vessels in the Straits yesterday afternoon were probably carried back to San Juan by the southeasterly wind prevailing.

NO SEALERS IN SIGHT.

Some little disappointment was felt yesterday afternoon when the steamer Queen City came in from the West Coast reporting no sealers down the Straits, for it was supposed that on her arrival the name of the schooner mentioned in the message from Carmanah on Sunday as being then bound in would be learned. At no points along the coast as far down as Ahousett, the most remote point of call, was any of the sealing fleet sighted. From Alberni news is brought by the Queen City that the Monitor mine has been closed down temporarily. The Huff sawmill, however, is now in operation, and has a contract ahead for 300,000 feet of lumber for the Hayes mine. The passengers brought by the steamer were as follows: W. T. Horn, T. V. Hobbs, Rev. Ellison, H. E. Newton, G. M. Maynard, J. E. Sutton, J. H. Bird, Mrs. King and child, James Beek, A. Norris, W. and J. Pascoe, W. D. Sinclair Snider, J. F. Boggs, E. Lee, T. Wilson, W. J. Ledingham, wife and family, J. Packer and J. Sunderland. The steamer sails again for the Coast tonight.

KVARVEN'S COASTWISE TRIPS.

The steamer Kvarven, of the California & Oriental line, after having gone from Puget Sound to Portland to load freight for the Orient, returned to British Columbia to take on coal, having found no cargo at Portland, says the San Francisco Chronicle. Besides this retracing of her steps along the northern coast, the Kvarven is to call at this port and at San Diego before starting across the Pacific. It is reported that the steamer was crowded out at Portland by the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company, which had taken all the business in sight for its line of freighters across the Pacific. At San Diego the Kvarven will take on considerable freight.

ON A SPEED TRIAL.

The new cruiser built by the Victoria Machinery Depot for the fishery protective service of this province had another trial-trip this morning, Capt. Gaudin, of the marine and fisheries department, and his assistant, A. J. Dallain, being on board. The former was in charge. The vessel was taken out for a speed demonstration and was run over a measured mile between the entrance to the harbor and Peddar bay. It was found that she attained a speed of eight miles an hour. Sixteen miles were covered in a little over one hour and 57 minutes. The trip was made when the tide offered the influence to the performance of the craft.

FOUR-MASTED BARKENTINE.

Koko Head will be the name of a big four-masted barkentine soon to be launched at Boole & Son's shipyard in Oakland for Hind, Rolph & Co., of San Francisco. The vessel is named after a well known rock on the eastern shore of the island of Oahu, which is generally the first part of Oahu to be sighted from steamers running to Honolulu. The barkentine will have a length of 240 feet, beam of 41 feet and depth of 17 feet, tonnage of 1,200, and is to have bilge keels—an innovation in the construction of sailing vessels on this coast.

WORK OF THE DREDGE.

The captain of the Dominion government dredge Mud Lark has received instructions to dismantle the craft to-morrow, preparatory to leaving this port. It is understood that her destination is Fulford harbor, Salt Spring Island, where some dredging is required. Telegraphic communication has been instituted with the department of public works, Ottawa, with a view to having the dredge remain here until the work in the upper harbor has been further advanced. It is claimed by sealing men that unless this is done the upper harbor from their standpoint will be worse than before, as the bar has been removed without sufficient depth being obtained for mooring the vessels. Some reply will in all probability be forthcoming from Ottawa to-night.

Since the return of Ralph Smith, M.P., from Ottawa, says the Nanaimo Herald, he has received a telegram assuring him that certain dredging work off Pender Island will be proceeded with at once and that as soon as that is done the dredger will begin work in Nanaimo harbor. While at Ottawa Mr. Smith made representations in the matter of the necessity of blasting out the falls at Courtenay so as to allow the fish to ascend the river. This will be done immediately, $300 having been appropriated for that purpose.

CRUSADER ARRIVES.

The sugar ship Crusader, whose long voyage from Labuan was beginning to cause some uneasiness, has at last arrived. She got into William Head yesterday evening, and after undergoing quarantine inspection passed on to Vancouver. The Crusader is a brand new ship. Her registered tonnage is 2,744 tons. She left Labuan on August 29th, and called at Moji as usual for coal. Her passage was uneventful and not tempestuous, as was supposed, the vessel making the entire passage under slow speed.

MARINE NOTES.

Six weeks have now elapsed since the ship Senator returned to port in distress. In the meanwhile a small portion of her cargo has been discharged, a second survey has been held on her, but of the next procedure nothing is known. The second survey is said to have confirmed the convictions that the ship took in water below the sea line and that before the vessel can resume her voyage to Liverpool, on which she started several months ago, she will have to be thoroughly repaired.

Steamer Capilano came in from the Skeena this morning with 6,000 cases of salmon for transhipment to England on the ship Chas. Cotesworth, now receiving cargo at the outer wharf. After discharging the steamer returns to Vancouver to enter upon an engagement for the New England Fishing Company, which has chartered her.

H. M. S. Amphion will, it is stated, go south on the 15th. It is also reported that the Condor will leave some time this month for Pitcairn island, and that the Phaeton, which is now in dry dock, being cleaned and painted, will remain at Esquimalt. H. M. S. Warspite is out to-day on torpedo practice.

Dodwell & Company's steamer Duke of Fife reached the outer wharf yesterday afternoon, and before proceeding to the Sound landed 50 tons of cargo and 40 out of the 120 steerage passengers aboard. There was but one saloon passenger, he being a Bostonian returning from a visit to Japan.

The ship City of Hankow has completed loading lumber at Barnet and is expected to sail to-day for Sydney. She has between 950,000 and 1,000,000 feet aboard her.

R. M. S. Empress of India was detained at Vancouver through the late arrival of the English mail. She sailed from the outer wharf at noon to-day.

Steamer Charmer left Vancouver at 1:35. She did not connect with the train.

Steamer Danube is due to-morrow from Skagway.

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

(Furnished by the B. C. Stock Exchange, Limited.)

Chicago, Oct. 8.—The following quotations ruled on the Produce Exchange to-day:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
December	69½	70⅜	69¼	70⅜
Corn—				
December	57⅛	57½	56⅞	56⅞

New York, Oct. 8.—The following quotations ruled on the Produce Exchange to-day:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
December	75⅝	76¼	75½	76
Liverpool Wheat—				
December	5s. 7⅛d.	..	..	5s. 7d.

New York, Oct. 8.—The following quotations ruled on the Stock Exchange to-day:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Sugar	114½	116⅛	113¼	115
C. M. & St. P.	156	157⅞	155¼	156⅞
People's Gas	103¾	104¼	102½	103½
Manhattan	118¼	119⅝	117⅞	118½
B. R. T.	56⅜	58⅜	56⅜	57⅞
Union Pacific	95⅞	97	95⅝	96
Atchison	76⅞	77¼	76	76
Atchison pfd.	94⅝	95⅝	94¾	95⅝
U. S. Steel	42	42¼	42	42½
Louis. & Nash.	101⅛	102⅜	101⅛	102⅜
Southern Pacific	55⅝	56⅜	55⅜	55⅝
Wabash pfd.	37⅛	37⅜	37⅛	37⅜
Missouri Pacific	95	95⅝	94	94
Amal. Copper	85¼	87⅛	85½	86⅞

Money loaning at 3½ per cent.

A GRIM WEDDING.

A singular, and perhaps unprecedented event recently occurred in one of the principal London hospitals. A young lady, the fiancee of one of the hospital doctors, was seized with a serious illness, which necessitated a difficult and dangerous operation if her life was to be spared. She chose that her affianced husband should perform the operation himself. He agreed, but wished her to become his wife before she lost her consciousness through the indispensable chloroform, not knowing whether she should ever awake. So, in the operating room surrounded by the grim instruments of surgery, they were made one; and thereafter the newly-made wife was put under the influence of the soporific, the operation was performed, and was successful.

—Weiler Bros. are manufacturers of all kinds of Office, Bank and Saloon fixtures. Estimates given and work guaranteed. Our prices are as low as Eastern manufacturers. *

A painful sensation was caused in St. Chad's church, Stafford, Eng. During the sermon a local publican's wife jumped from her seat and shouted that she was a prophet and that the world was coming to an end next Saturday. She was removed from the church, but clung to the church gates for twenty minutes. The vicar then came to her, when she pleaded to be taken to the altar, so that she might cling to the cross and be saved. The woman was eventually removed by the police and taken to the asylum.

LADIES' OUTFITTING WAREHOUSE
31 FORT STREET.

CORSETS
Get a Corset that fits you!
Be comfortable and look graceful!
We stock all the Standard Children's Waists and Corsets, also the Celebrated C. B. a la Spirite Corset, straight fronts. Every pair fitted. Special fitting rooms.
Campbell's.

ICEBERG PERILS.

One Piece of Ice That Is Ten Times as Large as England.

The wreck of the steamer Islander by collision calls renewed attention to the helplessness of ships that go into oceans where ice is adrift. No doubt it will set inventors to work puzzling out the problem of locating these huge frozen masses, which are as dangerous to the navigator as rocks, or rather more so, because rocks are on charts and icebergs are not.

Mariners report an immense quantity of ice in the North Atlantic this summer. Many rather amusing remarks have been made about icebergs by English writers. The two funniest that I have read this season as to ice are that the abundance of bergs in the Atlantic shows that last winter was a very hard one up North.

The icebergs that float in the Atlantic to-day are made of ice that was frozen years and years ago, and that was brought into the water by the slow, beautiful process by which the glacier flows downhill. After being "calved" from the glacier, the berg leads a most leisurely existence. Often it stays on a mudbank for a few years until it reduces its draught enough for it to float freely and drift down south to get in the ocean track and turn the hair of Transatlantic captains prematurely grey.

A Queer Report.

The Atlantic iceberg is the product of Greenland—almost the only product that is exported from the Danish colony. Many of the big bergs come from territory far north of the domain of the white man. They are turned out in myriads in Melville bay. They are never submerged, as one eloquent London writer had it, because about ninenths of their bulk must be out of the water.

The presence of the icebergs is not due to the severity of last winter. The chances are that it may be in some way attributable to the warmth of the summer. Perhaps the heat has melted the floe ice, which hampers and imprisons the bergs, leaving them free to come south with the current.

But the fact that the Strait of Belle Isle, the channel which separates the north corner of Newfoundland from Labrador, has been blocked with field ice very late this year, suggests that there has been an unusual melting of the inland ice of North Greenland, and that the consequent stream has brought down the ice and the bergs, and everything else.

But the moment you begin to speculate about the ice country you come upon very puzzling conditions. The less you know about it the easier is it to find a working explanation of anything Arctic. I have seen in Melville bay, North Greenland, in a region some sixteen hundred miles north of London, the wind going in one direction, the ice-pack in another, and the icebergs in a third. The reason for this was that the current which bore the field ice was a little stronger than the wind, and that the sub-currents which pressed against the deep icebergs were greater in volume than those on the surface.

Breaking Bergs.

The largest icebergs which I have seen in the Atlantic were mere chips of ice compared with those that exist in North Greenland, where, theoretically, an iceberg many miles long is possible, but where, of course, in actual practice the bergs break up for various reasons.

One iceberg expert who writes for newspapers announces that the bergs are larger than usual, "being practically of longer growth." That is, they were not freed from the Arctic seas last year owing to local conditions, and, therefore, have had a chance to fatten up.

This is funny. An iceberg is not made at sea, although it is not an iceberg until it reaches the sea. It is a piece of a glacier that has pushed out into the sea, and for various reasons has broken off. I have seen a glacier in Greenland with a frontage of fifteen miles, and extending many miles into the bay. It was an arm of the huge ice sea that covers the whole of Greenland, and that, therefore, has an area equal to more than ten times that of England.

It may therefore be safely said that Greenland is crowned by an iceberg that has an area ten times as great as that of this country.

If the water around Greenland suddenly rose 10,000 feet there would float upon its surface an iceberg with an area of more than 200,000 square miles.

I learned a few things about ice when I accompanied Lieut. Robert E. Peary, U.S.N., to the Arctic regions in 1892, but I know very little about it comparatively speaking.—Alex. Keneaiy in the London Express.

SUICIDES IN GERMANY.

Last year 5,010 men and 1,349 women committed suicide in Germany. Year by year the proportion of suicides to the population rises slightly. Out of every 100,000 of the male population 32 persons annually commit suicide. Only nine women out of every 100,000 seek death at their own hands. Nearly one-fifth of the aggregate consists of cases for which no explanation can be offered. Among women the prevailing motives are mental aberration, bodily suffering and misdirected passion; among men, life weariness, vice, and trouble. Six times as many men as women laid hands on themselves as the result of a vicious life.

MEETING.
Sewerage By-Law.
A meeting of the ratepayers of Victoria West will be held at
SEMPLE'S HALL
This (Tuesday) Evening
At 8 o'clock sharp, to discuss the proposed by-law.
EVERYBODY COME.

THE WOMEN'S CLUBS.

The Work They Are Doing, and What They Mean to Do.

Helen Churchill Candee discusses in the October Century the characteristics of the presidents of women's clubs, and comments upon the field filled by these organizations in the West.

If any one should doubt the desire of the small remote town to make itself intellectually worthy, let him read the programme prepared for the winter work of a club which occupied a prominent social position on the prairies of the middle West. Here are some of the topics for papers, all to be prepared without the advantages of a library, either public or private, and with no educational advantages beyond a local newspaper: "Was the Victory of Wellington at Waterloo a Triumph of Medievalism or of Democracy?" "Is the French Republic of Ours the Best Illustration of the Political Ideas of Rousseau?" "The Race Problem of Southeastern Europe," "The Pessimism of the Russian Novel," "Will the Common Hatred of the Japanese and Chinese for the European Form a Bond Strong Enough to Hold China for the Yellow Man?" "Will Christian Ethical Ideas be More Easily Grafted on the Cold Selfishness of Confucianism or on the Self-Respecting Ideals of Buddhism?"

Does not this illustrate the idea that when an American woman determines to do a thing she does it, without stopping to inquire if it is among the possibilities? How well she does it is another matter. My recollection suggests that in this case she laughingly evaded most of the questions, and made up by general cordiality and light refreshments by no means a poor substitute in a border town barren of social life.

Of two hundred clubs in New York state, half are literary. This spark from the log of statistics shows the popularity of the self-culture club. There undoubtedly is something in it which appeals to the vanity which shapes our ends. It is gratifying to be considered erudite, to know a little more than your neighbors know. It is like a more sumptuous edition of the teacher's mandate in baby days: "You may step up to the head of the class."

And yet, notwithstanding it popularity, an unquiet longing possesses, to some extent, the club which hangs out its banner for self-culture bearing the name of literature, art, music, or current topics. And this longing illustrates the trend of the day in women's clubs: it is a longing toward practicality. Altruism being the watchword of the day, and brotherly love an increasing passion, women are not long content to serve only themselves. And so the clubs for self-culture are feeling restless stirrings of wishing to do something for the community. Fortunately, there are appropriate objects for them all, and perhaps they will advance toward these.

THE SPONGE FISHER.

Arriving at what he fancies may prove a profitable ground, the captain of a sponging schooner sends out a boat to investigate, meantime standing off and on until a discovery is reported. Then all hands, save only the cook—or, if she is a large vessel, the captain and cook—tumble into the small boats, and the fishing—if fishing it can be called—is begun.

The vessel has towed astern just half as many boats as she has men in the crew, and now two men are assigned to each boat. One of them stands well aft and sculls with a long oar, while the other bends low over one of the gunwales in a most constrained position, and, with head buried in a water-glass, eagerly scans the bottom as he is moved over it. The water-glass is simply a wooden bucket, having no bottom, that is held an inch or so below the ruffled surface, and these clear waters plainly reveal all submerged objects to a depth of forty to fifty feet. As a further aid in overcoming ripples or moderate waves, each small boat is provided with a bottle of oil so hung over the bow as to slowly drip its contents into the water.

Through this magic glass the observer sees darting fish, richly-tinted sea-fans and feathers, branching coral, gorgeous anemones, bristling sea-porcupines, and the myraid of other curious tenants of these tropical waters. While seeing these he makes no sign, until a small, dark object that to the untrained eye differs in no respect from the seaweed surrounding it comes within his range of vision. Then, without removing his gaze, he reaches for the log-handled sponge-hook or rake, lying behind him, and, using it with one hand, quickly tears from the bottom a black, slimy mass that he triumphantly pronounces to be a sheep's-wool or grass sponge of the first quality.

KILMARNOCK
THE DEMAND FOR THIS
FAVORITE SCOTCH WHISKY
Is constantly on the increase. It is always the same in quality; never changes, as some whiskies do. All Clubs, Hotels and First-class Bars are supplied with KILMARNOCK. Ask for it; take no other. If your grocer does not keep it, come to us, we will see that you are supplied. Accept no substitute.
PITHER & LEISER,
Sole Agents. VICTORIA, B. C.

JONES, CRANE & CO.
We are instructed to sell without reserve at our Mart, 58 Broad street,
2 p. m. Thursday, Oct. 10
A Large and Varied Assortment of
Crockery and Furniture
TWO CRATES, comprising: Plates; Covered Dishes; Soup Tureens; Salads; Pickles; Bakers; Scollops; Jugs; Tea Pots; Cups and Saucers; Creams; Sugars; Fruits; Muffins; Sauce Tureens and Stands; Casseroles; Covered Chambers; Soaps; Vases, etc., etc.; also 10 doz. Pocket Knives; 1½ doz. Razors; Alarm Clocks; Purses, etc.
Tel. 294. Terms cash.
JONES, CRANE & CO.,
Dominion Government Auctioneers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Young lady, with experience, to work in fancy goods store. Write P. O. Box 654, Victoria.

WANTED—A boy, to learn the tailoring trade. Apply to John McCurrach, 22 Trounce Ave.

WANTED—Girl, for general house work, in family of three; good home to right party. Apply at Post Office Box 146, city.

MUST BE SOLD AT ONCE—Small good paying business; net profits, two hundred per month; capital required, five hundred; will stand the closest investigation. Box 28, The Times, Victoria, B. C.

FOR SALE—Horse, harness and express wagon for sale. Particulars apply T. Whitwell, expressman.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE for any debts contracted in my name after this date. George Brook, Linwood avenue.

LOST—Sorrel horse, near Colwood, on Sept. 15th. Return to Russ Humber, Gorge road.

LOST—A pair of gold eyeglasses. Finder please leave at this office.

LOST—At noon to-day, in Government street, between Yates and Fort streets, a sum of money. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to Times Office.

FOUND—A lady's pocket book. The owner can have same by proving property and paying for this advertisement. Apply at Times Office.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria for a transfer to George G. Meldram and Harry Malony of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors on the premises known as the "Brown Jug Saloon," southeast corner of Government and Fort streets, Victoria, B. C.

Dated this October 4th, 1901.

STEVE O'BRIEN.

BIRTHS.

TREZISE—At Nelson, on Oct. 3rd, the wife of W. J. Trezise, of a son.

CLAYTON—On the 8th inst., at 5 Whittaker street, the wife of John Clayton, of Bella Coola, of a daughter.

MARRIED.

SWEENEY—At Revelstoke, on Sept. 30th, the wife of T. Sweeney, of a son.

PEEL-NEVINS—At Revelstoke, on Oct. 2nd, by Rev. W. C. Calder, Robert Ernest Peel, of Alamo, B. C., and Mable May Nevins, of Rosedale, Chilliwack.

DIED.

WOLLASTON—At the family residence, McGregor avenue, this morning, Catherine, aged 75 years, the beloved wife of Percy Wollaston, late of Fairment, Minn.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday from the residence at 2, and from Christ Church Cathedral at 2:30.

Friends of the family are respectfully asked not to send flowers.

RICHARDS—At the Royal Jubilee hospital on the 7th inst., Peter B. Richards, aged 57 years, a native of Troy, New York.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday at 1:45 p. m., from the parlors of W. J. Hanna, and 2 o'clock at the Roman Catholic church.

Friends will please accept this intimation.

A sad sequel to the Sultan's recent trade prohibiting Turkish ladies from having foreign governesses is just announced from Constantinople. A young Turkish lady, seventeen years of age, daughter of the president of the municipality of Beshiklash, had a Greek governess from whom she was very grieved to part. The unhappy girl has been found dead in bed, having apparently poisoned herself.

—Art Serges, Oriental Cloths, Damasks, Repps, etc., are materials for Fall and Winter Hangings. Weiler Bros.' stock this year is larger and better than ever. *

THE BEST OF THE BEST
Mackilligin's O. V. Scotch Whisky.
W. A. WARD
Sole Agent. Bank of Montreal Bldg., Victoria, B. C.

USE
WHITE SWAN SOAP

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ALL CLAIMS.

BR. SHIP
"Red Rock"
All claims against the above vessel must be forwarded to the office of the undersigned on or before noon on Wednesday, October 9th, 1901.
R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd., Agents.

VICTORIA THEATRE.
ONE NIGHT,
Friday, Oct. 11
THE WELCOME FAVORITE
Yon Yonson
Presented by a Perfect Company of Players. Complete Scenic Environments. Bewildering Mechanical Effects. A laugh in every line and the lines are close together.
Prices, $1.00, 75c., 50c. and 25c.

Spring Ridge Meeting.
A meeting to discuss the Sewerage By-Law will be held at the
Odd Fellows' Hall
Fernwood Road
—ON—
WEDNESDAY EVENING
The 9th instant, at 8 o'clock.
EVERYBODY COME.

Your Hand
What the Lines Indicate.

Much interest is being manifested in the study of the hand occasioned by the present visit of Rheo, the celebrated authority on Palmistry. The truths she tells are the result of years of serious study, and her character delineations are profitable as well as entertaining. Parlors at Vernon hotel. Hours, 10 a. m. to 9 p. m. Fee, $1.00. No readings on Sunday.

THE ANGELUS
The original Piano Player can be seen at our space at the Exhibition.
This must not be confused with other similar instruments, which cost more and do less.
There is only one original Piano Player, and that is the Angelus, for which we are sole agents.
M. W. WAITT & CO.
44 Government St.

HYACINTHS
Large Bulbs for forcing. Named varieties.
LAWN GRASS and WHITE CLOVER.
Johnston's Seed Store
CITY MARKET.

"All is not gold that glitters."
Shoe finish covers up shoe value, and throws you back upon shoe record.
The Makers' price on the sole, seals his responsibility for what is under the finish in—
"The Slater Shoe"
"Goodyear Welted"
J. Fullerton and J. H. Baker,
SOLE LOCAL AGENTS.

MONUMENTS
BE SURE TO
Get STEWART'S Prices
on Monuments, Cemetery Coping, Imported Scotch Granite Monuments, etc., before purchasing elsewhere. Nothing but first-class stock and workmanship.
Corner Yates and Blanchard Sts.